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PPTO-1390 US DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER (11-98)											
			TO THE UNITED STATES	BIRKELUND=1							
			ED OFFICE (DO/EO/US) NG UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371	US APPLICATION NO. (If known, see 37 CFR 1 5)							
	INTERNA	TIONAL APPLICATION NO. K98/00266	INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE 19 June 1998	PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED 23 June 1997							
		F INVENTION	DEL 2								
I	APPLICA	CE EXPOSED PRÒTEINS FRONT(S) FOR DO/EO/US	WIENT & TRADE								
ł		Svend BIRKELUND et al. Applicant herewith submits to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items and other information:									
	1.	This is a FIRST submission of item	owing terms and other intormation.								
	2.	This is a SECOND or SUBSEQUENT submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.									
	3.	3. This express request to begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371(f)) at any time rather than delay									
	4. 🛛	examination until the expiration of the applicable time limit set in 35 U.S.C. 371(b) and PCT Articles 22 and 39(1). 4. A proper Demand for International Preliminary Examination was made by the 19th month from the earliest claimed priority date.									
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		a. is transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).									
		b. And has been transmitted by the International Bureau. c. is not required, as the application was filed in the United States Receiving Office (RO/US)									
,	6.	c. is not required, as the application was filed in the United States Receiving Office (RO/US). A translation of the International Application into English (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)).									
,	7. 🛛	Amendments to the claims of the International Application under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3))									
		a. are transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).									
Ž.		b. have been transmitted by the International Bureau.									
	:	c. La have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendments has NOT expired.									
		d. A translation of the amondments to the claims under DCT Article 10 (25 U.S.C. 271(a)(2))									
	8.	A translation of the amendments to the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)). An oath or declaration of the inventor(s) (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(4)).									
	10.										
	10.	A translation of the annexes to the International Preliminary Examination Report under PCT Article 36 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(5)).									
	Items 11. to 16. below concern document(s) or information included:										
	11.	11. An Information Disclosure Statement under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98.									
	12.	An assignment document for recording. A separate cover sheet in compliance with 37 CFR 3.28 and 3.31 is included.									
1	13.	13. A FIRST preliminary amendment.									
		A SECOND or SUBSEQUENT preliminary amendment.									
	14. A substitute specification.										
	15.	15. A change of power of attorney and/or address letter.									
	16. 🛚	16. Other items or information:									
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	/58953).										
	4.	A courtesy copy of the Interna A courtesy copy of the Interna									
	5. Formal drawings, 21 sheets, figures 1-12.										

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17. The fol	The following fees are submitted:					CULATIONS	
BASIC NATION	AL FEE (37 CFR	1.492 (a)	(1) - (5)):				
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and all claims	satisfied provision	\$96.00					
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NOTE: Where an appropriate time limit under 37 CFR 1.494 or 1.495 has not been met, a petition to revive (37 CFR 1.137(a) or (b)) must be filed and granted to restore the application to pendin g status.							
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BROWDY AND NEIMARK, P.L			Iver P. Cooper				
624 Ninth Street N.W., Suite 300 Washington, D.C. 20001			NAME 28,005			·_	
							
REGISTRATION NUMBER Date of this submission: December 23, 1999							

09/446677 416 Rec'd PCT/PTO 23 DEC 1999

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of:) Art Unit:
Svend BIRKELUND et al.)
IA No.: PCT/DK98/00266)) Nambénahan D. C
IA Filed: 19 June 1998) Washington, D.C.
U.S. App. No.: (Not Yet Assigned)))) December 23, 1999
National Filing Date: (Not Yet Received))))
For: SURFACE EXPOSED PROTEINS.) Docket No.: BIRKELUND=1

PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Honorable Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Washington, D.C. 20231

Sir:

Prior to action on the merits, please amend the IPER claims as follows:

IN THE CLAIMS

In claim 1, replace "diagnostic test" (line 1) and "test" (line 2) with --method--, and delete ", such as a human,".

In claims 2 and 3, replace "Diagnostic test" with --Method--.

In claims 11-12, insert, at the beginning of the claim, --Method of claim 1, comprising--, and delete ", such as a human,".

Rewrite claim 13 as follows:

13 (amended). A method of immunizing a mammal against Chlamydia pneumoniae which comprises [Use] use of an immunologically effective amount of a protein with the sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:2, SEQ ID NO:4, SEQ ID NO:6, SEQ ID NOL:8, SEQ

ID NO:10, SEQ ID NO:12, SEQ ID NO:14, SEQ ID NO:16, SEQ ID NO:18, SEQ ID NO:20, SEQ ID NO:22, or SEQ ID NO:24, or a variant or subsequence thereof, for immunising a mammal[, such as a human,] against Chlamydia pneumoniae.

Cancel claims 14 and add claim 16:

--16. The method of claim 13 wherein the protein is in undenatured form.--

Rewrite claim 15 as follows:

Chlamydia pneumoniae which comprises [Use] use of an immunologically effective amount of a nucleic acid fragment with the nucleotide sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:1, SEQ ID NO:3, SEQ ID NO:5, SEQ ID NO:7, SEQ ID NO:9, SEQ ID NO:11, SEQ ID NO:13, SEQ ID NO:15, SEQ ID NO:17, SEQ ID NO:19, SEQ ID NO:21, or SEQ ID NO:23, or a variant or subsequence of said nucleotide sequence which has a sequence homology of at least 50% and wherein a subsequence of 100 nucleic acids or lower shows a homology of at least 80% with any of the mentioned nucleotide sequences encoding a protein used for effecting in vivo expression of antigens against Chlamydia pneumoniae, to immunize a mammal, by administering said nucleic acid fragment under conditions conducive to expression of said protein and subsequent immunization of said mammal by said protein [in a mammal such as a human].

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REMARKS

Claims have been amended to bring them into better accord with U.S. practice.

Respectfully submitted, BROWDY AND NEIMARK, P.L.L.C.

Attorneys for Applicant

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NOVEL SURFACE EXPOSED PROTEINS FROM CHLAMYDIA PNEUMONIAE

The present invention relates to the identification of members of a gene family from the human respiratory pathogen Chlamydia pneumoniae, encoding surface exposed membrane proteins of a size of approximately 89-101 kDa and of 56-57 kDa, preferably about 89.6-100.3 kDa and about 56.1 kDa. The invention relates to the novel DNA sequences, the deduced amino acid sequences of the corresponding proteins and the use of the DNA sequences and the proteins in diagnosis of infections caused by C. pneumoniae, in pathology, in epidemiology, and as vaccine components.

GENERAL BACKGROUND

C. pneumoniae is an obligate intracellular bacteria (Christiansen and Birkelund (1992); Grayston et al. (1986)). It has a cell wall structure as Gram negative bacteria with an outer membrane, a periplasmic space, and a cytoplasmic membrane. It is possible to purify the outer membrane from Gram negative bacteria with the detergent sarkosyl. This fraction is named the 'outer membrane complex (OMC)' (Caldwell et al. (1981)). The COMC (Chlamydia outer membrane complex) of C. pneumoniae contains four groups of proteins: A high molecular weight protein 98 kDa as determined by SDS-PAGE, a double band of the cysteine rich outer membrane protein 2 (Omp2) protein of 62/60 kDa, the major outer membrane protein (MOMP) of 38 kDa, and the low-molecular weight lipo-protein Omp3 of 12 kDa. The Omp2/Omp3 and MOMP proteins are present in COMC from all Chlamydia species, and these genes have been cloned from both C. trachomatis, C. psittaci and C. pneumoniae. However, the gene encoding 98 kDa protein from C. pneumoniae COMC have not been characterized or cloned.

The current state of C. pneumoniae serology and detection

C. pneumoniae is an obligate intra-cellular bacteria belonging to the genus Chlamydia which can be divided into

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four species: C. trachomatis, C. pneumoniae, C. psittaci and C.pecorum. Common for the four species is their obliqute intra cellular growth, and that they have a biphasic life cycle, with an extracellular infectious particle (the elementary body, EB), and an intercellular replicating form (the reticulate body, RB). In addition the Chlamydia species are characterized by a common lipopolysaccharide (LPS) epitope that is highly immunogenic in human infection. C. trachomatis is causing the human ocular infection (trachoma) and genital infections. C. psittaci is a variable group of animal pathogens where the avian strains can occasionally infect humans and give rise to a severe pneumonia (ornithosis). The first C. pneumoniae isolate was obtained from an eye infection, but it was classified as a non-typable Chlamydia. Under an epidemic outbreak of pneumonia in Finland it was realized that the patients had a positive reaction in the Chlamydia genus specific test, (the lygranum test), and the patients showed a titre increase to the untyped Chlamydia isolates. Similar isolates were obtained in an outbreak of upper respiratory tract infections in Seattle, and the Chlamydia isolates were classified as a new species, Chlamydia pneumoniae (Grayston et al. (1989)). In addition, C. pneumoniae is suggested to be involved in the development of atherosclerotic lesions and for initiating bronchial asthma (Kuo et al. (1995)). These two conditions are thought to be caused by either chronic infections, by a hypersensitivity reaction, or both.

Diagnosis of Chlamydia pneumoniae infections

Diagnosis of acute respiratory tract infection with C.

pneumoniae is difficult. Cultivation of C. pneumoniae from patient samples is insensitive, even when proper tissue culture cells are selected for the isolation. A C. pneumoniae specific polymerase chain reaction (PCR) has been developed by Campbell et al.(1992).

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Even though Chlamydia pneumoniae has in several studies been detected by this PCR it is debated whether this method is suitable for detection under all clinical situations. The reason for this is, that the cells carrying Chlamydia pneumoniae in acute respiratory infections have not been determined, and that a chronic carrier state is expected but it is unknown in which organs and cells they are present. Furthermore, the PCR test is difficult to perform due to the low yield of these bacteria and due to the presence of inhibitory substances in the patient samples. Therefore, it will be of great value to develop sensitive and specific sero-diagnostics for detecting both acute and chronic infections. Sero-diagnosis of Chlamydia infections is currently based on either genus specific tests as the Lygranum test and ELISA, measuring the antibodies to LPS, or the more species specific tests where antibodies to purified EBs are measured by microimmuno fluorescence (Micro-IF) (Wang et al. (1970)). However, the micro-IF method is read by microscopy, and in order to ensure correct readings the result must be compared to the results with C. trachomatis used as antigen due to the cross-reacting antibodies to the common LPS epitope. Thus, there exists in the art an urgent need for development of reliable methods for species specific diagnosis of Chlamydia pneumoniae, as has been expressed in Kuo et al. (1995); "..a rapid reliable laboratory test of infection for the clinical laboratory is a major need in the field". Furthermore, the possible involvement of C. pneumoniae in atherosclerosis and bronchial asthma clearly warrants the development of an effective vaccine.

30 DETAILED DISCLOSURE OF THE INVENTION

The present invention aims at providing means for efficient diagnosis of infections with *Chlamydia pneumoniae* as well as the development of effective vaccines against infection with this microorganism. The invention thus relates to species specific diagnostic tests for infection in a mammal, such as a human, with *Chlamydia pneumoniae*, said tests being based on

the detection of antibodies against surface exposed membrane proteins of a size of approximately 89-101 kDa and of 56-57 kDa, preferably of about 89.6-100.3 kDa and about 56.1 kDa (the range in size of the deduced amino acid sequences was from 100.3 to 89.6 except for Omp13 with the size of 56.1 kDa), or the detection of nucleic acid fragments encoding such proteins or variants or subsequences thereof. The invention further relates to the amino acid sequences of proteins according to the invention, to variants and subsequences thereof, and to nucleic acid fragments encoding these proteins or variants or subsequences thereof. The present invention further relates to antibodies against proteins according to the invention. The invention also relates to the use of nucleic acid fragments and proteins according to the invention in diagnosis of Chlamydia pneumoniae and vaccines against Chlamydia pneumoniae.

Prior to the disclosure of the present invention only a very limited number of genes from C. pneumoniae had been sequenced. These were primarily the genes encoding known C. trachomatis homologues: MOMP, Omp2, Omp3, Kdo-transferase, 20 the heat shock protein genes GroEl/Es and DnaK, a ribonuclease P homologue and a gene encoding a 76 kDa protein of unknown function. The reason why so few genes have been cloned to date is the very low yield of C. pneumoniae which can be obtained after purification from the host cells. After 25 such purification the DNA must be purified from the EBs, and at this step the C. pneumoniae DNA can easily be contaminated with host cell DNA. In addition to these inherent difficulties, it is exceedingly difficult to cultivate C. pneumoniae and use DNA technology to produce expression libraries with very low amounts (few $\mu\gamma$) of DNA. It has been known since 1993 (Melgosa et al., 1993, that a 98 kDa protein is present in OMC from C. pneumoniae. Even though the protein bands of 98 kDa was mentioned to be part of the OMC of C. pneumoniae by Melgosa, the gene sequences and thus the 35

deduced amino acid sequences have not been determined. Only

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bands originating from Chlamydia pneumoniae proteins in general separated by SDS-PAGE are describe therein.

However, the gene encoding this protein has not been determined before the present invention. Only a very weak or no reaction with patient sera can be observed to the 98 kDa 5 protein (Campbell et al. 1990) and prior to the work of the present inventors it has not been recognized that the 89-101 kDa proteins are surface exposed or that they in fact is immunogenic (see below). In this report it is described that a number of human serum samples reacts with a C. pneumoniae protein that in SDS-PAGE migrate as 98 kDa. The protein was not further characterized and it is therefore not in conflict with the present

10 application.

Campbell et al. (1990) described that sera from four patients from which Chlamydia pneumonia was isolated reacted with bands of 98 kDa in immunoblotting using whole-cell lysates. They also showed that no proteins with similar molecular weights were recognised by serum samples in either Chlamydia trachomatis or Chlamydia psittaci and they therefore suggest that the protein present in the 98 kDa band could be used as a potential diagnostic tool for the recognition of Chlamydia pneumoniae infection. The protein content within the 98 kDa region was not further characterised and its localisation within the Chlamydia was not shown.

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Halme et al. (1997) described the presence of human T-cell epitopes in C. pneumoniae proteins of 92-98 kDa. The proteins were eluted from SDS-PAGE of total chlamydia proteins but the identity of the proteins were not determined.

- Use of antibodies to screen expression libraries is a well known method to clone fragments of genes encoding antigenic parts of proteins. However, since patient sera do not show a significant reaction with the 98 kDa protein it has not been possible to use patient serum to clone the proteins.
- 30 It was known that monoclonal antibodies generated by the inventors reacted with conformational epitopes on the surface of C. pneumoniae and that they also reacted with C. pneumoniae OMC by immuno-electron microscopy (Christiansen et al. 1994).

 Furthermore, the 98 kDa protein is the only unknown protein from the C. pneumoniae OMC (Melgosa et al. 1993). The present inventors chose to take an unconventional step in order

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to clone the gene encoding the hitherto unknown 98 kDa protein: C. pneumoniae OMC was purified and the highly immunogenic conformational epitopes were destroyed by SDStreatment of the antigen before immunization. Thereby an antibody (PAB 150) to less immunogenic linear epitopes was obtained. This provided the possibility to obtain an

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antiserum which could detect the protein, and it was shown that a gene family encoding the 89-101 kDa and 56 proteins according to the invention could be detected in colony blotting of recombinant *E. coli*.

Mice infected with *C. pneumoniae* generate antibodies to the proteins identified by the inventors and named Omp4-15, but do not recognize the SDS treated heat denatured antigens normally used for SDS-PAGE and immunoblotting. However, a strong reaction was seen if the antigen was not heat denatured. It is therefore highly likely that if a similar reaction is seen in connection with human infections the antigens of the present invention will be of invaluable use in sero-diagnostic tests and may very likely be used as a vaccine for the prevention of infections.

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By generating antibodies against COMC from C. pneumoniae a polyclonal antibody (PAB 150) was obtained which reacted with all the proteins. This antibody was used to identify the genes encoding the 89.6-101.3 kDa and 56.1 kDa proteins in an expression library of C. pneumoniae DNA. A problem in connection with the present invention was that a family comprising a number of similar genes were found in C. pneumoniae. Therefore, a large number of different clones were required to identify clusters of fragments. Only because the rabbit antibody generated by the use of SDS-denatured antigens contained antibodies to a high number of different epitopes positioned on different members of the protein family did the inventors succeed in cloning and sequencing four of the genes. One gene was fully sequenced, a second was sequenced except for the distal part and shorter fragments of two additional genes were obtained by this procedure. To obtain the DNA sequence of the additi- al genes and to sear for more members of the gene family long range PCR with primers derived from the sequenced genes, and primers from the genes already published in the database were used. This approach gave rise to the detection of additional eight genes belonging to this family. The genes were situated in two gene

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clusters: Omp12,11,10,5,4,13 and 14 in one cluster and Omp6,7,8,9 and 15 in the second. Full sequence was obtained from Omp4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11 and 13, and partial sequence of Omp12,14. Omp13 was a truncated gene of 1545 nucleotides. The rest of the full length genes were from 2526 (Omp7) to 2838 (Omp15) nucleotides. The deduced amino acid sequences revealed putative polypeptides of 89.6 to 100.3 kDa, except for Omp13 of 56.1 kDa. Alignment of the deduced amino acid sequences showed a maximum identity of 49% (Omp5/Omp9) when all the sequences were compared. Except for Omp13, the lowest homology was to Omp7 with no more than 34% identity to any of the other amino acid sequences. The scores for Omp13 was from 29-32% to all the other sequences.

In the present context SEQ ID Nos. 1 and 2 correspond to Omp4, SEQ ID Nos 3 and 4 correspond to Omp5, SEQ ID Nos 5 and 6 correspond to Omp6, SEQ ID Nos 7 and 8 correspond to Omp7, SEQ ID Nos 9 and 10 correspond to Omp8, SEQ ID Nos 11 and 12 correspond to Omp9, SEQ ID Nos 13 and 14 corresponds to Omp10, SEQ ID Nos 15 and 16 corresponds to Omp11, SEQ ID Nos 17 and 18 corresponds to Omp12, SEQ ID Nos 19 and 20 corresponds to Omp13, SEQ ID Nos 21 and 22 corresponds to Omp14, and SEQ ID Nos 23 and 24 corresponds to Omp15.

The estimated size of the Omp proteins of the of the present invention are listed in the following. Omp 4 has a size of 98.9 kDa, Omp5 has an estimated size of 97.2 kDa, Omp6 has an estimated size of 100.3 kDa, Omp7 has an estimated size of 89.7 kDa, Omp8 has an estimated size of 90.0 kDa, Omp9 has an estimated size of 96.7 kDa, Omp10 has an estimated size of 98.4 kDa, Omp11 has an estimated size of 97.6 kDa, Omp13 has an estimated size of 56.1 kDa, Omp 12 and 14 being partial.

Furthermore, SEQ ID No 25 is a subsequence of SEQ ID No 3, SEQ ID No 26 is a subsequence of SEQ ID No 4, SEQ ID No 27 is a subsequence of SEQ ID No 5, SEQ ID No 28 is a subsequence of SEQ ID No 6, SEQ ID No 29 is a subsequence of SEQ ID No 7, and SEQ ID No 30 is a subsequence of SEQ ID No 8.

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Part of the omp proteins were expressed as fusion proteins, and mice polyclonal monospecific antibodies against the proteins were produced. The antibodies reacted with the surface of C. pneumoniae in both immunofluorescence and immunoelectron microscopy. This shows for the first time that the 89-101 kDa and 56-57 kDa protein family in C. pneumoniae comprises surface exposed outer membrane proteins. This important finding leads to the realization that members of the 89-101 kDa and 56-57 kDa C. pneumoniae protein family are good candidates for the development of a sero diagnostic test for C. pneumoniae, as well as the development of a vaccine against infections with C. pneumoniae based on using these proteins. Furthermore, the proteins may be used as epidemiological markers, and polyclonal monospecific sera against the proteins can be used to detect C. pneumoniae in human tissue or detect C. pneumoniae isolates in tissue culture. Also, the genes encoding the 89-101 kDa and 56-57 kDa such as the 89.6-100.3 kDa and 56.1 protein family may be used for the development of a species specific diagnostic test based on nucleic acid detection/amplification.

The full length Omp4 was cloned into an expression vector system that allowed expression of the Omp4 polypeptide. This polypeptide was used as antigen for immunization of a rabbit. Since the protein was purified under denaturing condition the antibody did not react with the native surface of C. pneumoniae, but it reacted with a 98 kDa protein in immunoblotting where purified C. pneumoniae EB was used as antigen. Furthermore, the antibody reacted in paraffin embedded sections of lung tissue from experimentally infected mice.

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A broad aspect of the present invention relates to a species specific diagnostic test for infection of a mammal, such as a human, with *Chlamydia pneumoniae*, said test comprising detecting in a patient or preferable in a patient sample the presence of antibodies against proteins from the outer membrane of *Chlamydia pneumoniae*, said proteins being of a

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molecular weight of 89-101 kDa or 56-57 kDa, or detecting the presence of nucleic acid fragments encoding said outer membrane proteins or fragments thereof.

In the context of the present application, the term "patient sample" should be taken to mean an amount of serum from a patient, such as a human patient, or an amount of plasma from said patient, or an amount of mucosa from said patient, or an amount of tissue from said patient, or an amount of 10 expectorate, forced sputum or a bronchial aspirate, an amount of urine from said patient, or an amount of cerebrospinal fluid from said patient, or an amount of atherosclerotic lesion from said patient, or an amount of mucosal swaps from said patient, or an amount of cells from a tissue culture originating from said patient, or an amount of material which 15 in any way originates from said patient. The in vivo test in a human according to the present invention includes a skin test known in the art such as an intradermal test, e.g similar to a Mantaux test. In certain patients being very 20 sensitive to the test, such as is often the case with children, he test could be non-invasive, such as a superficial test on the skin, e.g. by use of a plaster

In the present context, the term 89-101 kDa protein means proteins normally present in the outer membrane of Chlamydia pneumoniae, which in SDS-PAGE can be observed as one or more bands with an apparent molecular weight substantially in the range of 89-101 kDa. From the deduced amino acid sequences the molecular size varies from 89.6 to 100.3 kDa.

Within the scope of the present invention are species

30 specific sero-diagnostic tests based on the usage of the
genes belonging to the gene family disclosed in the present
application.

Preferred embodiments of the present invention relate to species specific diagnostic tests according to the invention, wherein the outer membrane proteins have sequences selected

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from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 18, SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 22, and SEQ ID NO: 24.

When used in connection with proteins according to the present invention the term "variant" should be understood as a sequence of amino acids which shows a sequence similarity of less than 100% to one of the proteins of the invention. A variant sequence can be of the same size or it can be of a different size as the sequence it is compared to. A variant will typically show a sequence similarity of preferably at least 50%, preferably at least 60%, more preferably at least 70%, such as at least 80%, e.g. at least 90%, 95% or 98%.

The term "sequence similarity" in connection with sequences of proteins of the invention means the percentage of identical and conservatively changed amino acid residues (with respect to both position and type) in the proteins of the invention and an aligned protein of equal of different length. The term "sequence identity" in connection with sequences of proteins of the invention means the percentage of identical amino acid with respect to both position and type in the proteins of the invention and an aligned protein of equal of different length.

Within the scope of the present invention are subsequences of one of the proteins of the invention, meaning a consecutive stretch of amino acid residues taken from SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 18, SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 22, or SEQ ID NO: 24. A subsequence will typically comprise at least 100 amino acids, preferably at least 80 amino acids, more preferably at least 70 amino acids, such as 50 amino acids. It might even be as small as 10-50 amino acids, such as 20-40 amino acids, e.g. about 30 amino acids. A subsequence will typically show a sequence homology of at least 50%, preferably at least 60%, more

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preferably at least 70%, such as at least 80%, e.g. at least 90%, 95% or 98%.

Diagnostic tests according to the invention include immunoassays selected from the group consisting of a direct or indirect EIA such as an ELISA, an immunoblot technique such as a Western blot, a radio immuno assay, and any other non-enzyme linked antibody binding assay or procedure such as a fluorescence, agglutination or precipitation reaction, and nephelometry.

- 10 A preferred embodiment of the present invention relates to species specific diagnostic tests according to the invention, said test comprising an ELISA, wherein antibodies against the proteins of the invention or fragments thereof are detected in samples.
- A preferred embodiment of the invention, is an ELISA based on 15 detection in samples of antibodies against proteins of the invention. The ELISA may use proteins of the invention, or variants thereof, i.e. the antigen, as coating agent. An ELISA will typically be developed according to standard methods well known in the art, such as methods described in 20 "Antibodies; a laboratory manual", Ed. David Lane Harlow, Cold Spring Habor laboratories (1988), which is hereby incorporated by reference.

Recombinant proteins will be produced using DNA sequences obtained essentially using methods described in the examples below. Such DNA sequences, comprising the entire coding region of each gene in the gene family of the invention, will be cloned into an expression vector from which the deduced protein sequence can be purified. The purified proteins will be analyzed for reactivity in ELISA using both monoclonal and 30 polyclonal antibodies as well as sera from experimentally infected mice and human patient sera.

From the experimentally infected mice sera it is known that non-linear epitopes are recognized predominantly. Thus, it is contemplated that different forms of purification schemes known in the art will be used to analyze for the presence of discontinuous epitopes, and to analyze whether the human immune response is also directed against such epitopes.

Preferred embodiments of the present invention relate to species specific diagnostic tests according to the invention. wherein the nucleic acid fragments have sequences selected 10 from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 1, SEQ ID NO: 3, SEO ID NO: 5, SEQ ID NO: 7, SEQ ID NO: 9, SEQ ID NO: 11, SEQ ID NO: 13, SEQ ID NO: 15, SEQ ID NO: 17, SEQ ID NO: 19, SEQ ID NO: 21, and SEQ ID NO: 23.

In connection with nucleic acid fragments according to the 15 present invention the term "variant" should be understood as a sequence of nucleic acids which shows a sequence homology of less than 100%. A variant sequence can be of the same size or it can be of a different size as the sequence it is compared to. A variant will typically show a sequence 20 homology of at least 50%, preferably at least 60%, more preferably at least 70%, such as at least 80%, e.g. at least 90%, 95% or 98%.

The term "sequence homology" in connection with nucleic acid fragments of the invention means the percentage of matching 25 nucleic acids (with respect to both position and type) in the nucleic acid fragments of the invention and an aligned nucleic acid fragment of equal or different length.

In order to obtain information concerning the general distribution of each of the genes at ording to the present invention, PCR will be performed for each gene on all available C. pneumoniae isolates. This will provide information on the general variability of the genes or nucleic acid fragments of the invention. Variable regions will be sequenced. From patient samples PCR will be used to amplify variable parts of the genes for epidemiology. Non-variable parts will be used for amplification by PCR and analyzed for possible use as a diagnostic test. It is contemplated that if variability is discovered, PCR of variable regions can be used for epidemiology. PCR of non-variable regions can be used as a species specific diagnostic test. Using genes encoding proteins known to be invariable in all known isolates prepared as targets for PCR to genes encoding proteins with unknown function.

- Particularly preferred embodiments of the present invention, relate to diagnostic tests according to the invention, wherein detection of nucleic acid fragments is obtained by using nucleic acid amplification, preferably polymerase chain reaction (PCR).
- Within the scope of the present invention is a PCR based test directed at detecting nucleic acid fragments of the invention or variants thereof. A PCR test will typically be developed according to methods well known in the art and will typically comprise a PCR test capable of detecting and differentiating between nucleic acid fragments of the invention. Preferred are quantitative competitive PCR tests or nested PCR tests. The PCR test according to the invention will typically be developed according to methods described in detail in EP B 540 588, EP A 586 112, EP A 643 140 OR EP A 669 401, which are hereby incorporated by reference.

Within the scope of the present invention are variants and subsequences of one of the nucleic acid fragments of the invention, meaning a consecutive stretch of nucleic acids taken from SEQ ID NO: 1, SEQ ID NO: 3, SEQ ID NO: 5, SEQ ID NO: 7, SEQ ID NO: 9, SEQ ID NO: 11, SEQ ID NO: 13, SEQ ID NO: 15, SEQ ID NO: 19, SEQ ID NO: 21, or SEQ ID NO: 23. A variant or subsequence will preferably comprise at least 100 nucleic acids, preferably at least 80 nucleic acids, more preferably at least 70 nucleic acids, such as at least 50 nucleic acids.

35 It might even be as small as 10-50 nucleic acids, such as

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20-40 nucleic acids, e.g. about 30 nucleic acids. A subsequence will typically show a sequence homology of at least 30%, preferably at least 60%, more preferably at least 70%, such as at least 80%, e.g. at least 90%, 95% or 98%. The shorter the subsequence, the higher the required homology. Accordingly, a subsequence of 100 nucleic acids or lower must show a homology of at least 80%.

A very important aspect of the present invention relates to proteins of the invention derived from Chlamydia pneumoniae having amino acid sequences selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 18, SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 22, and SEQ ID NO: 24 having a sequence similarity of at least 50%, preferably at least 60%, more preferably at least 70%, such as at least 80%, e.g. at least 90%, 95% or 98% and a similar biological function.

By the term "similar biological function" is meant that the protein shows characteristics similar with the proteins derivable from the membrane proteins of Chlamydia pneumoniae. Such proteins comprise repeated motifs of GGAI (at least 2, preferable at least 3 repeats) and/or conserved positions of tryptophan, (w).

Comparison of the DNA sequences from genes encoding Omp4-15 shows that the overall similarity between the individual genes ranges between 43-55%. Comparison of the amino acid sequences of Omp4-15 shows 34-49% identity and 53-64% similarity. The homology is generally scattered along the entire length of the deduced amino acids. However, as seen from figure 8 A - J there are some regions in which the homology is more pronounced. This is seen in the repeated sequence where the sequence GGAI is repeated 4-7 times in the genes. It is interesting that the DNA homology is not conserved for the sequences encoding the four amino acids GGAI. This may indicate a functional role of this part of the

protein and indicates that the repeated structure did not occur by a duplication of the gene. In addition to the four amino acid repeats GGAI a region from amino acid 400 to 490 has a higher degree of homology than the rest of the protein, with the conserved sequence FYDPI occurring in all sequences. As further indication of similarity in function the amino acid tryptophan (W) is perfectly conserved at 4-6 localizations in the C-terminal part of the protein.

Since none of the genes and deduced amino acid sequences of the invention are identical the following is within the scope of the present invention; production of monospecific antibodies, the use of said antibodies for characterizing which C. pneumoniae proteins are expressed, the use of said antibodies for characterizing at which time during developmental life cycle said C. pneumoniae proteins are 15 expressed, and the use of said antibodies for characterizing the precise cellular localization of said C. pneumoniae proteins. Also within the scope of the present invention is the use of monospecific antibodies against proteins of the invention for determining which part of said proteins is surface exposed and how proteins in the C. pneumoniae COMC interact with each other. 101 188 3 1 3 3

Preferred embodiments of the present invention relate to
polypeptides which comprise subsequences of the proteins of
the invention, said subsequences comprising the sequence
GGAI. Further preferred embodiments of the present invention
relate to polypeptides which comprise subsequences of the
proteins of the invention, said subsequences comprising the
sequence FSGE.

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Polypeptides according to the invention will typically be of a length of at least 6 amino acids, preferably at least 15 amino acids, preferably at least 20 amino acids, preferably at least 25 amino acids, preferably at least 30 amino acids, preferably at least 35 amino acids, preferably at least 40 amino acids, preferably at least 45 amino acids, preferably

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at least 50 amino acids, preferably at least 55 amino acids, preferably at least 100 amino acids.

A very important aspect of the present invention relates to nucleic acid fragments of the invention derived from Chlamydia pneumoniae, variants and subsequences thereof.

Another important aspect of the present invention relates to antibodies against the proteins according to the invention, such antibodies including polyclonal monospecific antibodies and monoclonal antibodies against proteins with sequences selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: -10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 18, SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 22, and SEQ ID NO: 24.

A very important aspect of the present invention relates to diagnostic kits for the diagnosis of infection of a mammal, such as a human, with *Chlamydia pneumoniae*, said kits comprising one or more proteins with amino acid sequences selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 18, SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 22, and SEQ ID NO: 24.

Another very important aspect of the present invention relates to diagnostic kits for the diagnosis of infection of a mammal, such as a human, with Chlamydia pneumoniae, said kits comprising antibodies against a protein with an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 18, SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 22, and SEQ ID NO: 24. Antibodies included in a diagnostic kit according to the

invention can be polyclonal or monoclonal or a mixture hereof.

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Still another very important aspect of the present invention relates to diagnostic kits for the diagnosis of infection of a mammal, such as a human, with *Chlamydia pneumoniae*, said kits comprising one or more nucleic acid fragments with sequences selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 1, SEQ ID NO: 3, SEQ ID NO: 5, SEQ ID NO: 7, SEQ ID NO: 9, SEQ ID NO: 11, SEQ ID NO: 13, SEQ ID NO: 15, SEQ ID NO: 17, SEQ ID NO: 19, SEQ ID NO: 21, and SEQ ID NO: 23.

An aspect of the present invention relates to a composition for immunizing a mammal, such as a human, against Chlamydia pneumoniae, said composition comprising one or more proteins with amino acid sequences selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 18, SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 22, and SEQ ID NO: 24.

An important role for the proteins of the invention in prevention of infection of a mammal, such as a human, with C. pneumoniae is expected. Thus proteins of the invention, including variants and subsequences will be produced, typically by using recombinant techniques, and will then be used as an antigen in immunization of mammals, such as rabbits. Subsequently, the hyper immune sera obtained by the immunization will be analyzed for protection against C. pneumoniae infection using a tissue culture assay. In addition it is contemplated that monoclonal antibodies will be produced, typically using standard hybridoma techniques, and analyzed for protection against infection with C. pneumoniae.

It is envisioned that particularly interesting and immunogenic epitopes will be found in connection with the proteins of the invention, which will comprise subsequences of said proteins. It is preferred to use polypeptides comprising such subsequences of the proteins of the invention

in immunizing a mammal, such as a human, against Chlamydia pneumoniae.

An important aspect of the present invention relates to the use of proteins with sequences selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 18, SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 22, and SEO ID NO: 24 in diagnosis of infection of a mammal, such as a human, with Chlamydia pneumoniae.

A preferred embodiment of the present invention relates to 10 the use of proteins according to the invention in an undenatured form, in diagnosis of infection of a mammal, such as a human, with Chlamydia pneumoniae.

A very important aspect of the present invention relates to the use of proteins with sequences selected from the group 15 consisting of SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 18, SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 22, and SEQ ID NO: 24, for immunizing a mammal, such as a human, against 20 Chlamydia pneumoniae.

A preferred embodiment of the present invention relates to the use of proteins according to the invention in an undenatured form, for immunizing a mammal, such as a human, against Chlamydia pneumoniae.

- A very important aspect of the present invention relates to 25 the use of nucleic acid fragments with nucleotide sequences selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 1, SEQ ID NO: 3, SEQ ID NO: 5, SEQ ID NO: 7, SEQ ID NO: 9, SEQ ID NO: 11, SEQ ID NO: 13, SEQ ID NO: 15, SEQ ID NO: 17, SEQ ID NO: 19. SEO ID NO: 21, and SEO ID NO: 23 for immunizing a mammal, 30
- such as a human, against Chlamydia pneumoniae.

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It is envisioned that one type of vaccine against C.

pneumoniae will be developed by using gene-gun vaccination of mice. Typically, different genetic constructs containing nucleic acid fragments, combinations of nucleic acid fragments according to the invention will be used in the gene-gun approach. The mice will then subsequently be analyzed for production of both humoral and cellular immune response and for protection against infection with C.

pneumoniae after challenge herewith.

In line with this, the invention also relates to the uses of the proteins of the invention as a pharmaceutical (a vaccine) as well as to the uses thereof for the preparation of a vaccine against infections with Chlamydia pneumoniae.

Preparation of vaccines which contain protein sequences as active ingredients is generally well understood in the art, as exemplified by U.S. Patents 4,608,251; 4,601,903; 4,599,231; 4,599,230; 4,596,792; and 4,578,770, all incorporated herein by reference. Typically, such vaccines are prepared as injectables either as liquid solutions or suspensions; solid forms suitable for solution in, or suspension in, liquid prior to injection may also be prepared. The preparation may also be emulsified. The active immunogenic ingredient is often mixed with excipients which are pharmaceutically acceptable and compatible with the active ingredient. Suitable excipients are, for example, water, saline, dextrose, glycerol, ethanol, or the like; and combinations thereof. In addition, if desired, the vaccine may contain minor amounts of auxiliary substances such as wetting or emulsifying agents, pH buffering agents, or adjuvants which enhance the effectiveness of the vaccines.

The vaccines are conventionally administered parenterally, by injection, for example, either subcutaneously or intramuscularly. Additional formulations which are suitable for other modes of administration include suppositories and, in some cases, oral formulations. These compositions take the form of

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solutions, suspensions, tablets, pills, capsules, sustained release formulations or powders and contain 10-95% of active ingredient, preferably 25-70%, and optionally a suitable carrier.

5 The protein sequences may be formulated into the vaccine as neutral or salt forms known in the art. The vaccines are administered in a manner compatible with the dosage formulation, and in such amount as will be therapeutically effective and immunogenic. The quantity to be administered depends on the subject to be treated. Suitable dosage ranges are of the order of several hundred micrograms active ingredient per vaccination with a preferred range from about 0.1 μg to 1000 μg. The immune response may be enhanced if the vaccine further comprises an adjuvant substance as known in the art. Other possibilities involve the use of immunomodulating substances such as lymphokines (e.g. IFN-γ, IL-2 and IL-12) or synthetic IFN-γ inducers such as poly I:C in combination with the above-mentioned adjuvants.

It is also possible to produce a living vaccine by introducing, into a non-pathogenic microorganism, at least one nucleic acid fragment encoding a protein fragment or protein of the invention, and effecting expression of the protein fragment or the protein on the surface of the microorganism (e.g. in the form of a fusion protein including a membrane anchoring part or in the form of a slightly modified protein or protein fragment carrying a lipidation signal which allows anchoring in the membrane). The skilled person will know how to adapt relevant expression systems for this purpose.

Another part of the invention is based on the fact that

recent research have revealed that a DNA fragment cloned in a
vector which is non-replicative in eukaryotic cells may be
introduced into an animal (including a human being) by e.g.
intramuscular injection or percutaneous administration (the
so-called "gene gun" approach). The DNA is taken up by e.g.

muscle cells and the gene of interest is expressed by a

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promoter which is functioning in eukaryotes, e.g. a viral promoter, and the gene product thereafter stimulates the immune system. These newly discovered methods are reviewed in Ulmer et al., 1993, which hereby is included by reference.

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Thus, a nucleic acid fragment encoding a protein or protein 5 of the invention may be used for effecting in vivo expression of antigens, i.e. the nucleic acid fragments may be used in so-called DNA vaccines. Hence, the invention also relates to a vaccine comprising a nucleic acid fragment encoding a protein fragment or a protein of the invention, the vaccine effecting in vivo expression of antigen by an mammal, such as a human, to whom the vaccine has been administered, the amount of expressed antiqen being effective to confer substantially increased resistance to infections with Chlamydia pneumoniae in an mammal, such as a human. 15

The efficacy of such a "DNA vaccine" can possibly be enhanced by administering the gene encoding the expression product together with a DNA fragment encoding a protein which has the capability of modulating an immune response. For instance, a 20 gene encoding lymphokine precursors or lymphokines (e.g. IFNγ, IL-2, or IL-12) could be administered together with the gene encoding the immunogenic protein fragment or protein, either by administering two separate DNA fragments or $\hat{\mathbf{b}}\hat{\mathbf{y}}^{T}$ administering both DNA fragments included in the same vector. It is also a possibility to administer DNA fragments comprising a multitude of nucleotide sequences which each encode relevant epitopes of the protein fragments and proteins disclosed herein so as to effect a continuous sensitization of the immune system with a broad spectrum of these epitopes.

The following experimental non-limiting examples are intended 30 to illustrate certain features and embodiments of the invention.

LEGENDS TO FIGURES

- Figure 1. The figure shows electron microscopy of negative stained purified *C. pneumoniae* EB (A) and purified OMC (B).
- Figure 2. The figure shows silver stained 15% SDS-PAGE of purified EB and OMC. Lane 1, purified C. pneumoniae EB; lane 2, C. pneumoniae OMC; lane 3, purified C. trachomatis EB; and lane 4 C. trachomatis OMC.
 - Figure 3. The figure shows immunoblotting of *C. pneumoniae* EB separated by 10% SDS-PAGE, transferred to nitrocellulose and reacted with rabbit anti *C. pneumoniae* OMC.
 - Figure 4. The figure shows coomassie blue stained 7.5% SDS-PAGE of recombinant pEX that were detected by the rabbit anti *C. pneumoniae* serum. Arrow indicated the localization of the 117 kDa b-galactosidase protein.
- 15 Figure 5. The figure shows immunoblotting of recombinant pEX colones detected by colony blotting separated by 7.5% SDS-PAGE and transferred to nitrocellulose and reacted with rabbit anti C. pneumoniae OMC. Lane 1, seablue molecular weight standard. Lane 2-6 pEX clones cultivated at 42°C to induce the production of the b-galactosidase fusion proteins.
 - Figure 6. The figure shows sequence strategy for Omp4 and Omp5. Arrows indicates primers used for sequencing.
- Figure 7. *C pneumoniae* omp genes. The genes are arranged in two clusters. In cluster 1 Omp12, 11, 10, 5, 4, 13, and 14 are found. In cluster 2 are found Omp6, 7, 8, 9, and 15.
 - Figure 8 A J. The figure shows alignment of *C. pneumoniae* Omp4-15, using the program pileup in the GCG package.
 - Figure 9. The figure shows immunofluorescence of *C*. pneumoniae infected HeLa, 72 hrs. after infection, reacted

with mouse monospecific anti-serum against pEX3-36 fusion protein. pEX3-36 is a part of the Omp5 gene.

Figure 10. The figure shows immunoblotting of *C. pneumoniae* EB, lane 1-3 heated to 100°C in SDS-sample buffer, lane 4-6 unheated. Lane 1 reacted with rabbit anti *C. pneumoniae* OMC; lane 2 and 4 pre-serum; lane 3 and 5 polyclonal rabbit anti pEX1-1 fusion protein; lane 6 MAb 26.1.

Figure 11. The figure shows immunoblotting of *C. pneumoniae* EB, lane 1-4 heated to 100oC in SDS-sample buffer, lane 5-6 unheated. Reacted with serum from C57-black mice 14 days after infection with 10⁷ CFU of *C. pneumoniae*. Lane 1 and 5 mouse 1; lane 2 and 6 mouse 2; lane 3 and 5 mouse 3; and lane 4 and 8 mouse 4.

Figure 12. The figure shows immunohistochemistry analysis of mouse lung tissue with *C. pneumoniae* inclusions present both in the bronchial epithelium and in the lung parenchyma (arrows).

EXAMPLE 1

Cloning of the genes encoding the 98/95 kDa C. pneumoniae COMC proteins

Purification of C. pneumonia EBs and COMC

C. pneumoniae was cultivated in HeLa cells. Cultivation was done according to the specifications of Miyashita and Matsumoto (1992), with the modification that centrifugation of supernatant and of the later precipitate and turbid bottom layer was carried out at 100,000 X g. The microorganism attached to the HeLa cells by 30 minutes of centrifugation at 1000 x g, after which the cells were incubated in RPMI 1640 medium (Gibco BRL, Germany cat No. 51800-27), containing 5% foetal calf serum (FCS, Gibco BRL, Germany Cat No. 10106.169) gentamicin for two hours at 37°C in 5% CO2 atmosphere. The medium was changed to medium that in addition contained 1 mg per ml of cycloheximide. After 48 hours of incubation a coverslip was removed from the cultures and the inclusion was tested with an antibody specific for C. pneumoniae (MAb 26.1) (Christiansen et al. 1994) and a monoclonal antibody specific for the species C. trachomatis (MAb 32.3, Loke diagnostics, 20 Arhus Denmark) to ensure that no contamination with C. trachomatis had occurred. The HeLa cells were tested by Hoechst stain for Mycoplasma contamination as well as by culture in BEa and BEg medium (Freund et al., 1979). Also the C. pneumoniae stocks were also tested for Mycoplasma 25 contamination by cultivation in BEa and BEg medium. No contamination with C. trachomatis, Mycoplasmas or bacteria were detected in cultures or cells. 72 hours post-infection the monolayer was washed in PBS, the cells were loosened in PBS with a rubber policeman, and the Chlamydia were liberated from the host cell by sonication. The C. pneumoniae EBs and RBs were purified on discontinuous density gradients (Miyashita et al. (1992)). The purity of the Chlamydia EBs were verified by negative staining and electronmicroscopy (Figure 1), only particles of a size of 0.3 to 0.5 mm were 35

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detected in agreement with the structure of *C. pneumonia* EBs. The purified Chlamydia EBs were subjected to sarkosyl extraction as described by Caldwell et al (1981) with the modification that a brief sonication was used to suspend the COMC. The purified COMC was tested by electronmicroscopy and negative staining (Figure 1), where a folded outer membrane complex was seen.

SDS-PAGE analysis of purified EBs and COMC

The proteins from purified EBs and C. pneumoniae OMC were separated on 15% SDS-polyacrylamide gel, and the gel was silver stained (Figure 2), in lane 1 it is seen that the purified EBs contain major proteins of 100/95 kDa and a protein of 38 kDa, in the purified COMC (lane 2) these two protein groups are also dominant. In addition, proteins with a molecular weight of 62/60 kDa, 55 kDa, and 12 kDa have been enriched in the COMC preparation. When the purified C. pneumoniae EBs are compared to purified C. trachomatis EB (lane 3) it is seen that predominant protein in the C. trachomatis EB is the major outer membrane protein (MOMP), and it is also the dominant band in the COMC preparation of C. trachomatis (lane 4), and Omp2 of 60/62 kDa as well as Omp3 at 12 kDa are seen in the preparation. However, no major bands with a size of 100/95 kDa are detected as in the C: pneumoniae COMC preparation.

25 Production of rabbit polyclonal antibodies against C. pneumoniae COMC

To ensure production of rabbit antibodies that would recognize all the C. pneumoniae proteins in immuno-blotting and colony-blotting 10 μg of COMC antigen was dissolved in 20 μl of SDS sample buffer and thereafter divided into 5 vials. The dissolved antigen was further diluted in one ml of PBS and one ml of Freund incomplete adjuvant (Difco laboratories, USA cat. No. 0639-60-6) and injected into the quadriceps muscle of a New Zealand white rabbit. The rabbit was given

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three times intramuscular injections at an interval of one week, and after further three weeks the dissolved COMC protein, diluted in one ml PBS was injected intravenously, and the procedure was repeated two weeks later. Eleven weeks after the beginning of the immunization, the serum was obtained from the rabbit. Purified C. pneumoniae EBs were separated by SDS-PAGE, and the proteins were electrotransferred to nitrocellulose membrane. The membrane was blocked and immunostained with the polyclonal COMC antibody (Figure 3). The serum recognized proteins with a size of 100/95, 60 and 38 kDa in the EB preparation. This is in agreement with the sizes of the outer membrane proteins.

Cloning of the COMC proteins

Due to the cultivation of C. pneumoniae in HeLa cells, contaminating host cell DNA could be present in the EB preparations. Therefore, the purified EB preparations were treated with DNAse to remove contaminating DNA. The C. pneumoniae DNA was then purified by CsCl gradient centrifugation. The C. pneumoniae DNA was partially digested with Sau3A and the fractions containing DNA fragments with a size of approx. 0.5 to 4.0 kb were cloned into the expression vector system pEX (Boehringer, Germany cat. No. 1034 766, 1034 774, 1034 782). The pEX vector system has a β -galactosidase gene with multiple cloning sites in the 3'end of the β -galactosidase gene. Expression of the gene is regulated by the PR promoter, so the protein expression can be induced by elevating the temperature from 32 to 42°C. The colonies of recombinant bacteria were transferred to nitrocellulose membranes, and the temperature was increased to 42°C for two hours. The bacteria were lysed by placing the nitrocellulose membranes on filters soaked in 5% SDS. The colonies expressing outer membrane proteins were detected with the polyclonal antibody raised against C. pneumoniae COMC. The positive clones were cultivated in suspension and induced at 42°C for two hours. The protein profile of the clones were analysed by SDS-PAGE, and increases in the size

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of the induced b-galactosidase were observed (Figure 4). In addition, the proteins were electrotransferred to nitrocellulose membranes, and the reaction with the polyclonal serum against COMC was confirmed (Figure 5).

5 Sequencing of positive COMC clones

To characterize the pEX clones, the inserted C. pneumoniae DNA was sequenced. The resulting DNA sequences were searched against the prokaryotic sequences in the GenEmbl database. The search identified 6 clones as part of the Omp2 gene, and 2 clones as part of the Omp3 gene, and 2 clones as part of the MOMP gene, indicating that COMC proteins had been successfully cloned. Furthermore, 32 clones were obtained, containing DNA sequences not found in the GenEmbl database. These sequences could, however, be clustered in two contics of 6 and 4 clones, and three clones were identical. In addition 19 clones were found with no overlap to the contics (Figure 7). To obtain more sequence data for the genes, C. pneumoniae DNA was totally digested with BamHI restriction enzyme, and the fragments were cloned into the vector pBluescript. The ligated DNA was electrotransformed into E. coli XL1-Blue and selected on plates containing Ampicillin. The recombinant bacterial colonies were transferred to a nitrocellulose membrane, and colony hybridisation was performed using the inserts of pEX 1-1 clone as a probe. A clone containing a single BamHI fragment of 4.5 kb was found, and the hybridisation to the probe was confirmed by Southern blotting. The insert of the clone was sequenced bi-directionally using synthetic primers for approx. each 300 bp. The sequence of the BamHI fragment made it possible to join the two contics of pEX clones. Totally, together with the pEX clones it was possible to assemble 6.5 kb DNA sequence, encoding two new COMC proteins. (Figure 6)

Additional sequences were obtained by PCR performed on purified *C. pneumoniae* DNA with primers both from the known Omp genes and from other known genes. The obtained PCR

products were sequenced, The sequence organisation is shown in Fig. 7. Additional 8 Omp genes were detected. The alignment of the deduced amino acid sequences are shown in Fig. 8 A and B.

Analysis of DNA sequence

The DNA sequence encoding the Omp4-15 proteins with a size of 89.6-100.3 kDa (and for Omp13: 56.1 kDa). Omp4 and Omp5 were transcribed in opposite directions. Downstream Omp4 a possible termination structure was located. The 3'end of the 10 Omp5 gene was not cloned due to the presence of the BamHI restriction enzyme site positioned within the-gene. The translated DNA sequence of Omp4 and Omp5 was compared by use of the gap programme in the GCG package (Wisconsin package, version 8.1-UNIX, August 1995, sequence analysis software 15 package). The two genes had an amino acid identity of 41% (similarity 61%), and a possible cleavage site for signal peptidase 1 was present at amino acid 17 in Omp4 and amino acid 25 in Omp5. When the amino acid sequence encoded by two other pEX clones were compared to the sequence of Omp4 and 20 Omp5 they also had amino acid homology to the genes. It is seen that the two clones have homology to the same area in the Omp4 and Omp5 proteins. Consequently, the pEX clones must have originated from two additional genes. Therefore these genes were named Omp6 and Omp7. Similar analyses were performed with the other genes. In contrast to what was seen for Omp4 and 5 none of the other putative omp proteins had a cleavage site for signal peptides.

EXAMPLE 2

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Polyclonal monospecific antibodies against pEX fusion proteins and full length recombination + Omp4

To investigate the topology of the Omp4-7 proteins, representative pEX clones, were selected from each gene. The fusion proteins of β -galactosidase/omp were induced, and the

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proteins were partially purified as inclusion bodies. Balb/c mice were immunized three times intramuscular with the antigens at an interval of one week, and after six weeks the serum was obtained from the mice. HeLa cells were infected with the C. pneumoniae. 72 hours after the infection the mono-layers were fixed with 3.7% formaldehyde. This treatment makes the outer membrane of the Chlamydia impermeable for antibodies due to the extensive cross-linking of the outer membrane proteins by the formaldehyde. The HeLa cells were permeabilized with 0.2% Triton X100, the monolayers were washed in PBS, then incubated with 20% (v/v) FCS to inactivate free radicals of the formaldehyde. The mice sera were diluted 1:100 PBS with 20% (v/v) FCS and incubated with the monolayers for half an hour. The monolayers were washed in PBS and secondary FITCH conjugated rabbit anti mouse serum was added for half an hour, and the monolayers were washed and mounted. Several of the antibodies reacted strongly with the EBs in the inclusions (Figure 9). In spite of the formaldehyde fixation it could not be excluded that the surface of the EB was changed by the treatments, so that the antibodies could get access to the Omp4-7. Therefore, the reaction was confirmed by immuno-electron microscopy with the antibody raised against clone pEX3-36. Purified EB of C. pneumoniae were absorbed to carbon coated nickel grids. After the absorption the grids were washed with PBS and blocked in 0.5% Ovalbumin dissolved in PBS. The antibodies were diluted 1:100 in the same buffer and incubated for 30 minutes. The grids were washed in PBS. Rabbit anti mouse Ig conjugated with 10nm colloidal gold diluted in PBS containing 1% gelatin was added to the grids for half an hour. The grids were washed in 3 x PBS with 1% gelatin and 3 times in PBS, the grids were contrastained with 0.7% phospho tungstic acid. The grids were analysed in a Jeol 1010 electron microscope at 40 kV. It was seen that the gold particles were covering the surface of the purified EB. Because the C. pneumoniae EBs were not exposed to any detergent or fixation under either the purification or the reaction with antibodies, these

results show that the cloned proteins have surface exposed epitopes.

Polyclonal monospecific antibodies against Omp4

The Omp4 gene was amplified by PCR with primers that contained LIC-sites, and the PCR product was cloned into the pET-30 LIC vector (Novagen). The histidine tagged fusion protein was expressed by induction of the synthesis by IPTG and purified over a nickel column. The purified Omp4 protein was used for immunization of a rabbit (six times, 8 μ g each time).

Use of rabbit polyclonal antibodies to recombinant Omp4 for detection of *Chlamydia pneumoniae* in paraffin embedded sections

The lungs of *C. pneumoniae* infected mice were obtained three days after intranasal infection. The tissue samples were fixed in 4% formaldehyde, paraffin embedded, sectioned and deparaffinized prior to staining. The sections were incubated with the rabbit serum diluted 1:200 in TBS (150 mM NaCl, 20mM Tris pH 7.5) for 30 min at room temperature. After wash two times in TBS the sections were incubated with the secondary antibody (biotinylated goat anti-rabbit antibodies) diluted 1:300 in TBS, followed by two times wash in TBS. The sections were stained with streptavidin-biotin complex (streptABComplex/AP, Dako) for 30 min washed and developed under microscopic inspection with chromagen + new fuchsin (Vector laboratories). The sections were counter stained with Hematoxylin and analyzed ny microscopy.

Immuno blotting analysis with hyperimmune monospecific rabbit anti-serum

The insert of pEX1-1 clone was amplified by PCR using primers containing LIC sites. The PCR product could therefore be inserted in the pET-32 LIC vector (Novagen, UK cat No. 69076-

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immunoblotting.

1). Thereby the insert sequence of the pEX1-1 clone was expressed in the new vector as a fusion protein, the part of the fusion protein encoded by the pET-32 LIC vector had 6 histidine residues in a row. The expression of the fusion protein was induced in this vector, and the fusion protein could be purified under denaturing condition on a Ni2+ column due to the high affinity of the histidine residues to divalent cations. The purified protein was used for immunization of a New Zealand white rabbit. After 6 times intramuscular and 2 times intravenous immunization the serum 10 was obtained from the rabbit. Purified C. pneumoniae EB was dissolved in SDS-sample buffer. Half of the sample was heated to 100°C in the sample buffer, whereas the other half of the sample was not heated. The samples were separated by SDS-PAGE, and the proteins were transferred to 15 nitrocellulose, the serum was reacted with the strips. With the samples heated to 100°C the serum recognized a high molecular weight band of approximately 98 kDa. This is in agreement with the predicted size of Omp5, of which the pEX1-1 clone is a part, however, when the antibody was 20 reacted to the strip with unheated EB, the pattern was different. Now a band was seen with a size of 75 kDa, in addition weaker bands were observed above the band (Figure , 10). These data demonstrate that Omp5 needs boiling in SDS-sample buffer to be fully denatured and migrate with a 25 size as predicted from the gene product. When the samples were not boiled, the protein was not fully denatured and less SDS binds to the protein and it has a more globular structure that will migrate faster in the acrylamide gel. The band pattern looked identical to what was obtained with a 30 monoclonal antibody (MAb 26.1) (lane 6), we earlier have described (Christiansen et al., 1994), reacting with the surface of C. pneumoniae EB, but the antibody do not react with the fully SDS denatured C. pneumoniae EB in

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Experimental infection of C57 black mice

Due to the realization of the altered migration of the Omp4-7 proteins without boiling, we chose to analyse antibodies against C. pneumoniae EBs after an experimental infection of mice. To obtain antibodies from an infection caused by C. pneumoniae, C57 black mice were inoculated intranasally with 107 CFI of C. pneumoniae under a light ether anaesthesia. After 14 days of infection the serum samples were obtained and the lungs were analysed for pathological changes. In two of the mice a severe pneumonia was observed in the lung sections, and in the third mouse only minor changes were observed. The serum from the mice was diluted-1:100 and reacted with purified EBs dissolved in sample buffer with and without boiling. In the preparations that had been heated to 100°C the sera from two of the mice reacted strongly with bands of 60/62 kDa and weaker bands of 55 kDa, but no reaction was observed with proteins of the size of Omp4-7 (Figure 11). However, when the sera were reacted with the preparation that had not been heated they all had a strong reaction with a broad band of an approximate size of 75 kDa. This is in agreement with the size of the Omp4-7 proteins in the unheated preparation. Therefore, it could be concluded that the epitopes of the Omp4-7 proteins recognized by the antibodies after a C. pneumoniae infection were discontinuous epitopes because the full denaturation of the antigen completely destroyed the epitopes. The 75 kDa protein observed in unheated samples is not Omp2 (Shown in immunoblotting with an Omp2 specific antibody)

EXAMPLE 3

30 Comparison of Omp4-7 of *C. pneumoniae* with putative outer membrane proteins (POMP) of *C. psittaci*

Longbottom et al. (1996) have published partial sequence from 98 to 90 kDa proteins from *C. psittaci*. They have entered the full sequence of 5 genes in this family in the EMBL database.

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They have named the genes "putative outer membrane proteins" (POMP) since their precise location was not determined. The family is composed of two genes that are completely identical, and two genes with high homology to these genes. They calculated a molecular size of 90 and 91 kDa. The 5th encode a protein of 98 kDa. The sequence of the Omp4-7 proteins of C. pneumoniae were compared to the sequences of the C. Psittaci POMP proteins with the programme pileup in the GCG package. The amino acid homologies were in the range of 51-63%. It is seen that the C. pneumoniae Omp4-5 proteins are most related to the 98 kDa POMP protein of C. psittaci. Interestingly, the 98 kDa C. psittaci POMP protein is more related to the C. pneumoniae genes than to the other C. psittaci genes. The repeated sequences of GGAI were conserved 15 in the 98 kDa POMP protein, but only three GGAI repeats were present in the 90 and 91 kDa C. psittaci POMP proteins. For C.psittaci it has been shown that antibodies to these

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Claims (Amended)

1. Species specific diagnostic test for identifying infection of a mammal, such as a human, with Chlamydia pneumoniae, said test comprising detecting in a patient or in a patient sample the presence of antibodies against one or more proteins from the outer membrane of Chlamydia pneumoniae, said proteins being outer membrane proteins selected from proteins having the sequence as shown in SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 18, SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 22, or in SEQ ID NO: 24, or a variant or subsequence thereof or

being said proteins encoded by the nucleic acid fragments selected from nucleotide sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 1, SEQ ID NO: 3, SEQ ID NO: 5, SEQ ID NO: 7, SEQ ID NO: 9, SEQ ID NO: 11, SEQ ID NO: 13, SEQ ID NO: 15, SEQ ID NO: 17, SEQ ID NO: 19, SEQ ID NO: 21, or in SEQ ID NO: 23, or a variant or subsequence thereof and wherein a subsequence of 100 nucleic acids or lower shows a homology of at least 80%.

- 2. Diagnostic test according to claim 1 wherein detection of nucleic acid fragments is obtained by using nucleic acid amplification.
- 3. Diagnostic test according to claim 2, wherein detection of nucleic acid fragments is obtained by using polymerase chain reaction.
- 4. A nucleic acid fragment derived from Chlamydia pneumoniae comprising the nucleotide sequence SEQ ID NO: 1, SEQ ID NO: 3, SEQ ID NO: 5, SEQ ID NO: 7, SEQ ID NO: 9, SEQ ID NO: 11, SEQ ID NO: 13, SEQ ID NO: 15, SEQ ID NO: 17, SEQ ID NO: 19, SEQ ID NO: 21, or SEQ ID NO: 23, or a variant or subsequence of said nucleotide sequence which has a sequence homology of at least 50% with any of the sequences mentioned and wherein a subsequence of 100 nucleic acids or lower shows a homology of at least 80%.
- 5. A protein derived from Chlamydia pneumoniae having the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 18, SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 22, or SEQ ID NO: 24, or a variant or subsequence thereof having a sequence similarity of at least 50% and a similar biological function.
- 6. Polyclonal monospecific antibody against the protein with the sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12,

SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 18, SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 22, or SEQ ID NO: 24, or a variant or subsequence thereof.

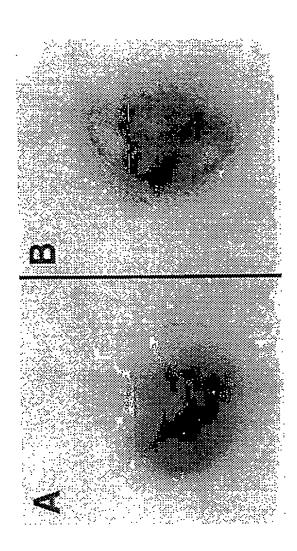
- 7. A diagnostic kit for the diagnosis of infection of a mammal, such as a human, with Chlamydia pneumoniae, said kit comprising a protein with the amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 18, SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 22, or SEQ ID NO: 24, or a variant or subsequence thereof.
- 8. A diagnostic kit for the diagnosis of infection of a mammal, such as a human, with Chlamydia pneumoniae, said kit comprising antibodies against a protein with the amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 18, SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 22, or SEQ ID NO: 24, or a variant or subsequence thereof.
- 9. A diagnostic kit for the diagnosis of infection of a mammal, such as a human, with Chlamydia pneumoniae, said kit comprising a nucleic acid fragment with the sequence SEQ ID NO: 1, SEQ ID NO: 3, SEQ ID NO: 5, SEQ ID NO: 7, SEQ ID NO: 9, SEQ ID NO: 11, SEQ ID NO: 13, SEQ ID NO: 15, SEQ ID NO: 17, SEQ ID NO: 19, SEQ ID NO: 21, or SEQ ID NO: 23, or a variant or subsequence thereof and wherein a subsequence of 100 nucleic acids or lower shows a homology of at least 80%.
- 10. A composition for immunising a mammal, such as a human, against Chlamydia pneumoniae, said composition comprising a protein with the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 18, SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 22, or SEQ ID NO: 24, or a variant or subsequence thereof.
- 11. Use of a protein with the sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 18, SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 22, or SEQ ID NO: 24, or a variant or subsequence thereof in diagnosis of infection of a mammal, such as a human, with Chlamydia pneumoniae.
- 12. Use of the protein with the sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 18, SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 22, or SEQ ID NO: 24 or a variant or

subsequence thereof in an undenatured form, in diagnosis of infection of a mammal, such as a human, with Chlamydia pneumoniae.

- 13. Use of a protein with the sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 18, SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 22, or SEQ ID NO: 24, or a variant or subsequence thereof, for immunising a mammal, such as a human, against Chlamydia pneumoniae.
- 14. Use of the protein with the sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 16. SEQ ID NO: 18, SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 22, or SEQ ID NO: 24, or a variant or subsequence thereof in an undenatured form, for immunising a mammal, such as a human, against Chlamydia pneumoniae.
- 15. Use of a nucleic acid fragment with the nucleotide sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 1 SEQ ID NO: 3, SEQ ID NO: 5, SEQ ID NO: 7, SEQ ID NO: 9, SEQ ID NO: 11, SEQ ID NO: 13, SEQ ID NO: 15, SEQ ID NO: 17, SEQ ID NO: 19, SEQ ID NO: 21, or SEQ ID NO: 23, or a variant or subsequence of said nucleotide sequence which has a sequence homology of at least 50% and wherein a subsequence of 100 nucleic acids or lower shows a homology of at least 80% with any of the mentioned nucleotide sequences encoding a protein used for effecting *in vivo* expression of antigens against Chlamydia pneumoniae, in a mammal such as a human.

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

The invention relates to the identification of members of a gene family from the human respiratory pathogen Chlamydia pneumoniae, encoding surface exposed membrane proteins of a size of approximately 89-101 kDa, preferably about 89.6-100.3 kDa and about 56.1 kDa. The invention relates to the novel DNA sequences, the deduced amino acid sequences of the corresponding proteins and the use of the DNA sequences and the proteins in diagnosis of infections caused by C. pneumoniae, in pathology, in epidemiology, and as vaccine components.



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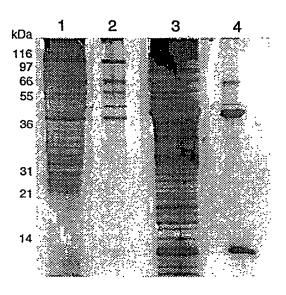
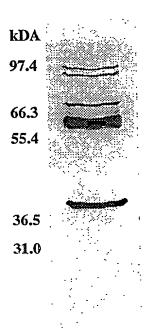


Fig. 2



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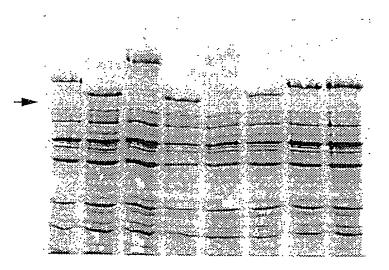


Fig. 4

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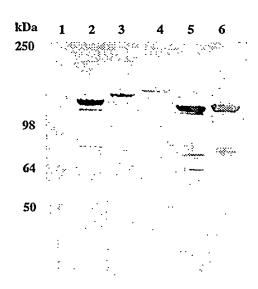


Fig. 5

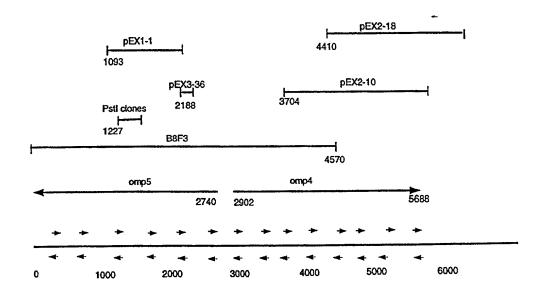
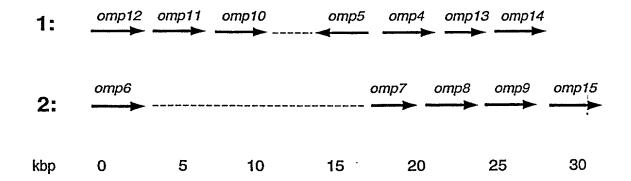


Fig. 6

C. pneumoniae omp4-15 gene clusters



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Fig. 8A

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Fig. 8B

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Fig. 8C

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Fig. 8D

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Fig. 8E

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Fig. 8F

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Fig. 8G

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Fig. 8H

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Fig. 8

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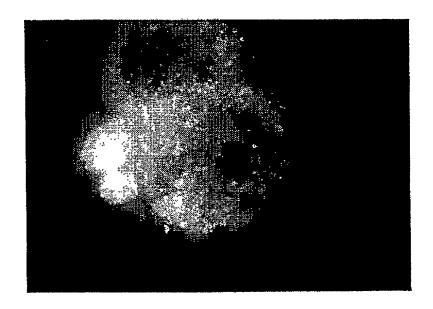
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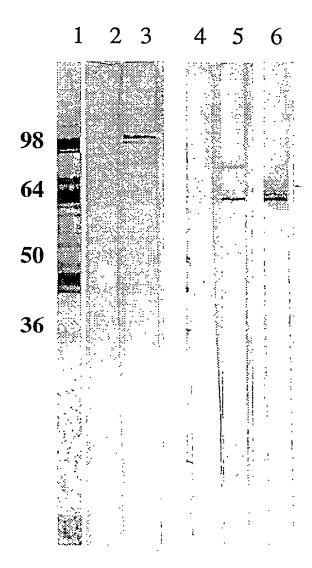
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Fig. 9



Immunoblotting of *C. pneumoniae* EB, lane 1-3 heated to 100°C in SDS-sample buffer, lane 4-6 unheated. Lane 1 reacted with rabbit anti *C. pneumoniae* OMC; lane 2 and 4 pre-serum; lane 3 and 5 polyclonal rabbit anti pEX1-1 fusion protein; lane 6 MAb 26.1.

Fig. 10



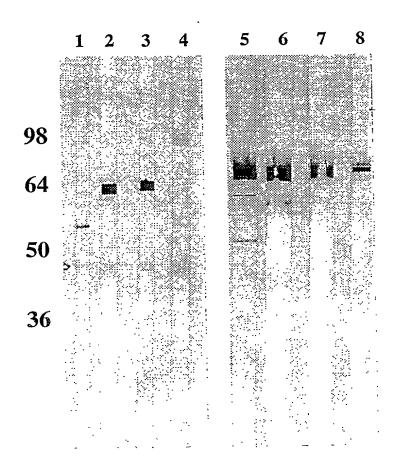


Fig. 11

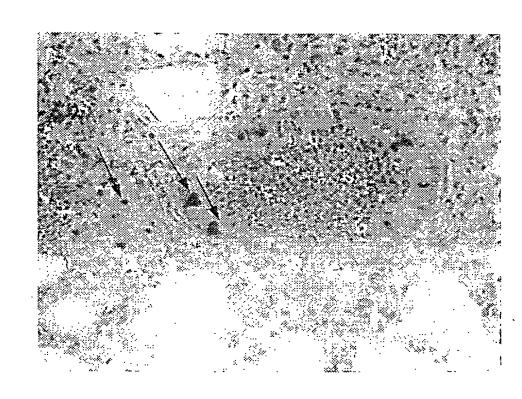


Fig. 12

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Atty.Docket: BIRKELUND=1

Combined Declaration for Patent Application and Power of Attorney

As a below named inventor, I	hereby	declare that	:
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My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name; and that I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plutal names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled

which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention	entitled
Surface exposed proteins from Chlamyd	<u>ia Pneumoniae</u>
the specification of which (check one)	
[] is attached hereto;	
[] was filed in the United States under 35 U.S.C. §	111 on, as
USSN*; or	
[X] was/will be filed in the U.S. under 35 U.S.C. §3	371 by entry into the U.S. national stage of
an international (PCT) application, PCT/DK98	
entry requested on*; na USSN*; §371/§102(e) date _	* (*if known).
and was amended on	(if applicable).
(include dates of amendments under PCT Art. 19 and 34 if PC	(II)
I have reviewed and understand the contents of the abclaims, as amended by any amendment referred to above; the Patent and Trademark Office (PTO) all information patentability as defined in 37 C.F.R. § 1.56. I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under 35 U.S. application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate, or country other than the U.S., listed below with the "Ye below any such application having a filing date before	and I acknowledge the duty to disclose to on known by me to be material to C. §§ 119, 365 of any prior foreign prior PCT application(s) designating a self box checked and have also identified
is claimed:	
	June 1997 [y] [] Day Month Year Filed) YES NO
(Number) (Country) (I	Day Month Year Filed) YÊS NO
(Number) (Country) (E	Day Month Year Filed) YES NO
I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. § 1. Application(s) or prior PCT Application(s) designating the of any prior U.S. provisional applications listed below each of the claims of this application is not disclosed manner provided by the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. §1: the PTO all information as defined in 37 C.F.R. §1.566 of the prior application and the national filing date of this application.	e U.S. listed below, or under § 119(e), and, insofar as the subject matter of in such U.S. or PCT application in the 12, I acknowledge the duty to disclose to a) which occurred between the filing date
(Application Serial No.) (Day Month Year Filed)	(Status: patented, pending, abandoned)
(Application Serial No.) (Day Month Year Filed)	(Status: patented, pending, abandoned)
(Application Serial No.) (Day Month Year Filed)	(Status: patented, pending, abandoned)
I hereby appoint the following attorneys, with full revocation, to prosecute this application and to trace trademark Office connected therewith. SHERIDAN NEIHARK, REG. NO. 20,520 - ROGER L. BROMDY, REG. NO. NORMAN J. LATKER, REG. NO. 19,963 - IVER P. COOPER, REG. NO. NICK S. BROMER, REG. NO. 33,478 - * Patent Agent	on 25,618 ANNE M. KORNBAU, REG. NO. 25,884
ADDRESS ALL CORRESPONDENCE TO BROWDY AND NEIMARK, P.L.L.C. 419 Seventh Street, N.W. Washington, D.C., 20004	DIRECT ALL TELEPHONE CALLS TO: BROWDY AND NEIMARK (202) 628-5197

The undersigned hereby authorizes the U.S. Attorneys or Agents named herein to accept and follow instructions from PLOUGMANN, VINGTOFT & PARTNERS as to any action to be taken in the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office regarding this application without direct communication between the U.S. Attorney or Agent and the undersigned. In the event of a change of the persons from whom instructions may be taken, the U.S. Attorneys or Agents named herein will be so notified by the undersigned.

Atty.Docket: BIRKELUND=1 Page 2 of 2

Title: Surface exposed proteins from Chlamydia Pneumoniae U.S. Application filed _______, Serial No. PCT Application filed _______, Serial No. PCT/DK98/00266

I hereby further declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under 18 U.S.C. §1001 and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

,	FULL NAME OF FIRST INVENTOR	INVENTOR'S SIC		DATE	
1-00	Svend Birkelund	Gend Buke	lemel	10/3-	-2000
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	Egå, Denmark DKV		Danish		
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	Søtoften 26, DK-8250 Egå, Denmar		CALA MUD E	DAT	
	FULL NAME OF SECOND JOINT INVENTOR	INVENTOR'S SI	GNATURE		1
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100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	FULL NAME OF THIRD JOINT INVENTOR	INVENTOR'S SI	GNATURE	P	ATE /2 ~00
計り ルレ	Anna-Sofie Hebsgaard Pedersen	Anna-Sitze H	Pederson	. "/	13 -00
-5	RESIDENCE		CITIZENSH		
- i	Silkeborg, Denmark Dk	CX	Danish		
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**	Vestergade 26C, 2.th., DK-8600	Silkeborg, De	nmark		
or the second se	FULL NAME OF FOURTH JOINT INVENTOR	INVENTOR'S SI	CNATHRE	D	ATE
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SEQUENCE LISTING

(I) GENERAL INFORMATION	1)	GENERAL	INFORMATION	ı
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- (A) NAME: Svend Birkelund
- (B) STREET: Dept. of Medical Microbiology and Immunology, University of Århus
- (C) CITY: Arhus C
- (D) STATE OR PROVINCE:
- (E) COUNTRY: Denmark
- (F) POSTAL CODE: 8000
- (ii) TITLE OF THE INVENTION: Chlamydia pneumoniae anti gens
- (iii) NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 30
- (iv) COMPUTER-READABLE FORM:
 - (A) MEDIUM TYPE: Diskette
 - (B) COMPUTER: IBM Compatible
 - (C) OPERATING SYSTEM: DOS
 - (D) SOFTWARE: FastSEQ for Windows Version 2.0
- (v) CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
 - (A) APPLICATION NUMBER:
 - (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:1:
- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 3200 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Coding Sequence
 - (B) LOCATION: 205...2987
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION:

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:1:

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	GTA Val			Thr										2055
	CAG Gln											_	_	2103
	TGG Trp 635	Val											_	2151
													GGA Gly 665	2199
	GCT Ala				Lys				Thr					2247
								Ile				Ser	AGA Arg	2295
							Lys				Leu		CCC Pro	2343

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											GCT Ala		2391 .
											GTT Val		2439
											TTG Leu 760		2487
											ATC Ile		2535
											AAG Lys		2583
		Lys									AAT Asn		2631
											AGG Arg		2679
							Phe				GAT Asp 840		2727
		Tyr	Asp	Leu		Gly	Phe		Val		GAT Asp		2775
		-									CCA Pro		2823
		Gly		Asn	Leu	Ser					TTA Leu		2871
											TTC Phe		2919
											GTA Val 920		2967
GGT Gly				CTAG	ATTG	CT A	AAAC	TCCC	T AG	TTCT	тста	GGGAG	3022

TTTTCTCATA CTTTTAGGGA AATATTTGCT ATAGGGAATG CTTTCCTTGC AAACTGTAAA 3082

AAATAACATT TGTCCCTCTT CAAAAAAGAT TTCTTTTAAT AATTTCTAGT TATAATTTTA 3142
TTTTAAAAAC AGTTAAATAA TTAATAGACA ATAATCTATT CTTATTGACT TCTTTTTT 3200

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:2:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 928 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:2:

Met Lys Thr Ser Ile Pro Trp Val Leu Val Ser Ser Val Leu Ala Phe

10 Ser Cys His Leu Gln Ser Leu Ala Asn Glu Glu Leu Leu Ser Pro Asp 25 Asp Ser Phe Asn Gly Asn Ile Asp Ser Gly Thr Phe Thr Pro Lys Thr 40 Ser Ala Thr Thr Tyr Ser Leu Thr Gly Asp Val Phe Phe Tyr Glu Pro 55 Gly Lys Gly Thr Pro Leu Ser Asp Ser Cys Phe Lys Gln Thr Thr Asp 70 Asn Leu Thr Phe Leu Gly Asn Gly His Ser Leu Thr Phe Gly Phe Ile , **9**0 Asp Ala Gly Thr His Ala Gly Ala Ala Ala Ser Thr Thr Ala Asn Lys 105 Asn Leu Thr Phe Ser Gly Phe Ser Leu Leu Ser Phe Asp Ser Ser Pro 120 . . 125 Ser Thr Thr Val Thr Thr Gly Gln Gly Thr Leu Ser Ser Ala Gly Gly 135 Val Asn Leu Glu Asn Ile Arg Lys Leu Val Val Ala Gly Asn Phe Ser 150 155 Thr Ala Asp Gly Gly Ala Ile Lys Gly Ala Ser Phe Leu Leu Thr Gly 165 170 Thr Ser Gly Asp Ala Leu Phe Ser Asn Asn Ser Ser Ser Thr Lys Gly 190 ---185 Gly Ala Ile Ala Thr Thr Ala Gly Ala Arg Ile Ala Asn Asn Thr Gly 200 Tyr Val Arg Phe Leu Ser Asn Ile Ala Ser Thr Ser Gly Gly Ala Ile 215 220 Asp Asp Glu Gly Thr Ser Ile Leu Ser Asn Asn Lys Phe Leu Tyr Phe 230 235 Glu Gly Asn Ala Ala Lys Thr Thr Gly Gly Ala Ile Cys Asn Thr Lys 250 Ala Ser Gly Ser Pro Glu Leu Ile Ile Ser Asn Asn Lys Thr Leu Ile 265 Phe Ala Ser Asn Val Ala Glu Thr Ser Gly Gly Ala Ile His Ala Lys 280 Lys Leu Ala Leu Ser Ser Gly Gly Phe Thr Glu Phe Leu Arg Asn Asn Val Ser Ser Ala Thr Pro Lys Gly Gly Ala Ile Ser Ile Asp Ala Ser

					240					215					320
305 Gly	~1	T	Cox		310	7 J -	Glu '	ጥክኍ	Glv.	315	Tle	Thr	Phe		
GIY	Glu	neu	SET	325	SCI.	AIG	GIU		330	*****				335	· -
Asn	Thr	Leu	Thr 340		Thr	Gly		Thr 345	Asp	Thr	Pro		Arg 350	Asn	Ala
		355	Gly				360					365			
	370	Thr	Ile			375					380				
385			Leu		390					395					400
_			Thr	405					410					415	
	_		Ala 420					425					430		
		435					440			; :		445			
	450		Ser			455		•		•	460			• •	-
Thr 465	Thr	Leu	Ser	Thr	1nr 470	ATA	GIA	ser	TTE	475	ire	THE	ASII	ьеu	480
Ile			Asp	485					490					495	
_			Ser 500					505					510		•
Asp	Ile	Glu 515	Gly	Asn	Ile	Tyr	Glu 520	Ser	His	Met	Phe	Ser 525	His	Asp	Gln
	530	Ser	Leu			535	Thr				540		. ' -		
		Ile	Ser	Ser		Ile	Pro	Val	Pro	Ala 555		Asp	Pro	Asn	Ser 560
545 Glu	Туг	Gly	, Phe	Gln 565		Gln	Trp	Asn	Val	Asn	Trp		Thr	Asp -575	Thr
Ala	Thr	: Ası	Thr 580	Lys		Ala	Thr	Al.a	Thr		Thr		Thr	Gly	Phe
Val	Pro	Se:	r Pro		Arg	Lys	Ser 600	Ala	Lev		Cys	Asn . 605		Leu	Trp
	610	Phe	e Thr			615	5	•	Glr	ı Glr	620) (FII C) (Gly
Ala	Thi	Gl	y Met	Glu			Glr	Gly	Phe			. Ser	Ser	: Met	Thr 640
625 Asr	i Phe	e Le	u His				/ Asp	Glu	ı Ası	635 a. Arg	J Lys	Gly	Phe	e Arg	y His
Thi	Sei	r Gl			· Val	. Ile	e Gly	r Gl		o r Ala	a His	Th:	Pro	o Lys	Asp
Asp	Let	u Ph 67	e Th) r Phe		Phe	e Cys 680	Hi:		u Pho			Asj	-	a Asp
Cys	9 Ph	e Il		a His	s Asr	1 Ası 69!	a Sei		g Th	r Ty	r Gl;	y Gly		r Le	ı Phe
Phe 709	e Ly	s Hi	s Se	r His	Th:	Le		n Pr	o Gl	n As: 71	п Ту		ı Ar	g Le	u Gly 720
Arg	g Al	a Ly	s Ph	e Sei 729	r Gli		r Ala	a Il	e Gl 73	u Ly		e Pro	o Ar	g Gl 73	u Ile 5
			74	u Ası O	o Vai			74	5				75	0	n Arg
Me	t Gl	u Th 75		s Ту:	r Th	r Se	r Le ^e 76		o Gl	u Se	r Gl	u Gl [.] 76	y Se 5	r Tr	p Ser

Glu	Cys	Ile	Ala	Gly	Gly	Ile	Gly	Leu	Asp	Leu	Pro	Phe	Val	Leu
770					775					780				
Asn	Pro	His	Pro	Leu	Phe	Lys	Thr	Phe	Ile	Pro	Gln	Met	Lys	Val
				790					795					800
Met	Val	Tyr	Val	Ser	Gln	Asn	Ser	Phe	Phe	Glu	Ser	Ser	Ser	Asp
			805					810					815	
Arg	Gly	Phe	Ser	Ile	Gly	Arg	Leu	Leu	Asn	Leu	Ser	Ile	Pro	Val
		820					825					830		
Ala	Lys	Phe	Val	Gln	Gly	Asp	Ile	Gly	Asp	Ser	Tyr	Thr	Tyr	Asp
	835					840					845			
Ser	Gly	Phe	Phe	Val	Ser	Asp	Val	Tyr	Arg	Asn	Asn	Pro	Gln	Ser
850					855					860				
Ala	Thr	Leu	Val	Met	Ser	Pro	Asp	Ser	Trp	Lys	Ile	Arg	Gly	Gly
-	-			870					875				_	880
Leu	Ser	Arg	Gln	Ala	Phe	Leu	Leu	Arg	Gly	Ser	Asn	Asn	Tyr	Val
٠.	ب. ند.		885					890					895	
Asn	Ser	Asn	Cys	Glu	Leu	Phe	Gly	His	Tyr	Ala	Met	Glu	Leu	Arg
	"- •	900					905	٠.				910		_
Ser.	Ser	Arg	Asn	Tyr	Asn	Val	Asp	Val	Gly	Thr	Lys	Leu	Arg	Phe
-		_		-		920	_		_		925		_	
	770 Asn Met Arg Ala Ser 850 Ala Leu Asn Ser	770 Asn Pro Met Val Arg Gly Ala Lys 835 Ser Gly 850 Ala Thr Leu_Ser Asn Ser	Asn Pro His Met Val Tyr Arg Gly Phe 820 Ala Lys Phe 835 Ser Gly Phe 850 Ala Thr Leu Leu Ser Arg Asn Ser Asn 900 Ser Ser Arg	Asn Pro His Pro Met Val Tyr Val 805 Arg Gly Phe Ser 820 Ala Lys Phe Val 835 Ser Gly Phe Phe 850 Ala Thr Leu Val Leu Ser Arg Gln 885 Asn Ser Asn Cys 900 Ser Ser Arg Asn	770 Asn Pro His Pro Leu 790 Met Val Tyr Val Ser 805 Arg Gly Phe Ser Ile 820 Ala Lys Phe Val Gln 835 Ser Gly Phe Phe Val 850 Ala Thr Leu Val Met 870 Leu Ser Arg Gln Ala 885 Asn Ser Asn Cys Glu 900 Ser Ser Arg Asn Tyr	770 Asn Pro His Pro Leu Phe 790 Met Val Tyr Val Ser Gln 805 Arg Gly Phe Ser Ile Gly 820 Ala Lys Phe Val Gln Gly 835 Ser Gly Phe Phe Val Ser 855 Ala Thr Leu Val Met Ser 870 Leu Ser Arg Gln Ala Phe 885 Asn Ser Asn Cys Glu Leu 900 Ser Ser Arg Asn Tyr Asn	770	770	770	770	770	770	770	Asn Pro His Pro Leu Phe Lys Thr Phe Ile Pro Gln Met Lys 790 Met Val Tyr Val Ser Gln Asn Ser Phe Phe Glu Ser Ser Ser 805 Arg Gly Phe Ser Ile Gly Arg Leu Leu Asn Leu Ser Ile Pro 820 Ala Lys Phe Val Gln Gly Asp Ile Gly Asp Ser Tyr Thr Tyr 835 Ser Gly Phe Phe Val Ser Asp Val Tyr Arg Asn Asn Pro Gln 850 Ala Thr Leu Val Met Ser Pro Asp Ser Trp Lys Ile Arg Gly 870 Leu Ser Arg Gln Ala Phe Leu Leu Arg Gly Ser Asn Asn Tyr 885 Asn Ser Asn Cys Glu Leu Phe Gly His Tyr Ala Met Glu Leu 900 Ser Ser Arg Asn Tyr Asn Val Asp Val Gly Thr Lys Leu Arg

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:3:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 2815 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Genomic DNA
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:3:

				•		
ATGAAATCGC	AATTTTCCTG	GTTAGTGCTC	TCTTCGACAT	TGGCATGTTT	TACTAGTTGT	60
TCCACTGTTT	TTGCTGCAAC	TGCTGAAAAT	ATAGGCCCCT	CTGATAGCTT	TGACGGAAGT	120
ACTAACACAG	GCACCTATAC	TCCTAAAAAT	ACGACTACTG	GAATAGACTA	TACTCTGACA	180
GGAGATATAA	CTCTGCAAAA	CCTTGGGGAT	TCGGCAGCTT	TAACGAAGGG	TIGITTITCT	240
GACACTACGG	AATCTTTAAG	CTTTGCCGGT	AAGGGGTACT	CACTTTCTTT	TTAAAATATT	300
AAGTCTAGTG	CTGAAGGCGC	AGCACTTTCT	GTTACAACTG	ATAAAAATCT	GTCGCTAACA	360
GGATTTTCGA	GTCTTACTTT	CTTAGCGGCC	CCATCATCGG	TAATCACAAC	CCCCTCAGGA	420
AAAGGTGCAG	TTAAATGTGG	AGGGGATCTT	ACATTTGATA	ACAATGGAAC	TTTTTTTATT	480
AAACAAGATT	ACTGTGAGGA	AAATGGCGGA	GCCATTTCTA	CCAAGAATCT	TTCTTTGAAA	540
AACAGCACGG	GATCGATTTC	TTTTGAAGGG	AATAAATCGA	GCGCAACAGG	GAAAAAAGGT	600
GGGGCTATTT	GTGCTACTGG	TACTGTAGAT	ATTACAAATA	ATACGGCTCC	TACCCTCTTC	660
TCGAACAATA	TTGCTGAAGC	TGCAGGTGGA	GCTATAAATA	GCACAGGAAA	CTGTACAATT	720
ACAGGGAATA	CGTCTCTTGT	ATTTTCTGAA	AATAGTGTGA	CAGCGACCGC	AGGAAATGGA	780
GGAGCTCTTT	CTGGAGATGC	CGATGTTACC	ATATCTGGGA	ATCAGAGTGT	AACTTTCTCA	840
GGAAACCAAG	CTGTAGCTAA	TGGCGGAGCC	ATTTATGCTA	AGAAGCTTAC	ACTGGCTTCC	900
GGGGGGGGG	GGGGTATCTC	CTTTTCTAAC	AATATAGTCC	AAGGTACCAC	TGCAGGTAAT	960
GGTGGAGCCA	TTTCTATACT	GGCAGCTGGA	GAGTGTAGTC	TTTCAGCAGA	AGCAGGGGAC	1020
ATTACCTTCA	ATGGGAATGC	CATTGTTGCA	ACTACACCAC	AAACTACAAA	AAGAAATTCT	1080
ATTGACATAG	GATCTACTGC	AAAGATCACG	AATTTACGTG	CAATATCTGG	GCATAGCATC	1140
TTTTTCTACG	ATCCGATTAC	TGCTAATACG	GCTGCGGATT	CTACAGATAC	TTTAAATCTC	1200
AATAAGGCTG	ATGCAGGTAA	TAGTACAGAT	TATAGTGGGT	CGATTGTTTT	TTCTGGTGAA	1260

AAGCTCTCTG	AAGATGAAGC	AAAAGTTGCA	GACAACCTCA	CTTCTACGCT	GAAGCAGCCT	1320
				TCACTCTCGA		1380
TTTACTCAGA	CCGCGGGTTC	CTCTGTTATT	ATGGATGCGG	GCACAACGTT	AAAAGCAAGT	1440
ACAGAGGAGG	TCACTTTAAC	AGGTCTTTCC	ATTCCTGTAG	ACTCTTTAGG	CGAGGGTAAG	150 0
AAAGTTGTAA	TTGCTGCTTC	TGCAGCAAGT	AAAAATGTAG	CCCTTAGTGG	TCCGATTCTT	1560
				TAGGAAAAAC		1620
TCATTTGTGC	AGCTCTCTGC	TCTGGGTACT	GCAACAACTA	CAGATGTTCC	AGCGGTTCCT	1680
ACAGTAGCAA	CTCCTACGCA	CTATGGGTAT	CAAGGTACTT	GGGGAATGAC	TTGGGTTGAT	1740
GATACCGCAA	GCACTCCAAA	GACTAAGACA	GCGACATTAG	CTTGGACCAA	TACAGGCTAC	1800
CTTCCGAATC	CTGAGCGTCA	${\bf AGGACCTTTA}$	GTTCCTAATA	GCCTTTGGGG	ATCTTTTTCA	1860
				TGACTCTTTG		1920
GGCTTCTGGG	CTGCGGGAGT	CGCCAATTTC	TTAGATAAAG	ATAAGAAAGG	GGAAAAACGC	1980
				CAGCGCAAAC		2040
AACTTAATTA	GCTTTGCCTT	TTGCCAACTC	TTTGGTAGCG	ATAAAGATTT	CTTAGTCGCT	2100
				AACACATTAC		2160
				GGAGTCATAA		2220
				TGAAGACAAA		2280
				ACATGATGTT		2340
				ATGCTCCATA		2400
				GTACAGAAGG		2460
				TGAAGTTTGA		2520
				TTCCTGATCT		2580
				CTTGGGAAAC		2640
				ACTACGCCTT		2700
					TTATAATGTA	2760
GATCTTGGGG	GTAAGTTCCA	ATTCTAGGAG	CGTCTCTCAT	GTCTCAGAAA	TTCTG	2815

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:4:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 928 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:4:

Met 1	Lys	Ser	Gln	Phe 5	Ser	Trp	Leu	Val	Leu 10	Ser	Ser	Thr	Leu	Ala 15	Cys
Phe	Thr	Ser	Cys 20	Ser	Thr	Val		Ala 25	Ala	Thr	Ala	Glu	Asn 30	Ile	Gly
Pro	Ser	Asp 35	Ser	Phe	Asp		Ser 40	Thr	Asn	Thr	Gly	Thr 45	Tyr	Thr	Pro
Lys	Asn 50	Thr	Thr	Thr		Ile 55	Asp	Tyr	Thr	Leu	Thr 60	Gly	Asp	Ile	Thr
	Gln	Asn	Leu	Gly	Asp	Ser	Ala	Ala	Leu	Thr	Lys	Gly	Cys	Phe	
65					70					75					80
	Thr	Thr	Glu	Ser 85		Ser	Phe	Ala	Gly 90		Gly	Tyr	Ser	Leu 95	
Asp				85	Leu				90	Lys			Ser Ser 110	95	Ser
Asp Phe	Leu	Asn	Ile 100	85 Lys	Leu	Ser	Ala	Glu 105	90 Gly	Lys Ala	Ala	Leu	Ser	95 Val	Ser

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Lys 145	Cys	Gly	Gly	Asp	Leu 150	Thr	Phe	Asp	Asn		Gly	Thr	Ile	Leu	Phe
Lys	Gln	Asp	Тут	Cys	Glu		Asn	Gly		155 Ala	Ile	Ser	Thr	Lys	160 Asn
Leu	Ser	Leu	Lys	165 Asn		Thr	Gly	Ser	170 Ile	Ser	Phe	Glu	Gly	175 Asn	Lvs
			TRO					185		Ile			190		
		132					200					205			
	210					215				Leu	220				
223					230					Thr 235					240
Thr	Gly	Asn	Thr	Ser 245	Leu	Val	Phe	Ser	Glu 250	Asn	Ser	Val	Thr		Thr
Ala	Gly	Asn	Gly 260	Gly	Ala	Leu	Ser	Gly 265	Asp	Ala	Asp	Val		255 Ile	Ser
Gly	Asn	Gln 275	Ser	Val	Thr	Phe	Ser	Gly		Gln	Ala		270 Ala	Asn	Gly
Gly	Ala	Ile	Tyr	Ala	Lys	Lys	280 Leu	Thr	Leu	Ala	Ser	285 Gly	Gly	Gly	Gly
	29 Ų		.,		•	295		•			300				
305					310					Gly 315	•			_	224
Gly	Gly	Ala	Ile	Ser	Ile	Leu	Ala	Ala	Gly	Glu	Cys	Ser	Leu	Ser	Ala
				325					330		•			335	
			340					345		Ala			350		
		355					360			Ile		365			
	370					375				Ser	3 ጸ በ		· .		-
Pro	Ile	Thr	Ala	Asn	Thr	Ala	Ala	Asp	Ser	Thr	Asp	Thr	Leu	Asn	Leu
202					390					395			-ı °		400
				405					410	Tyr				415	
Phe	Ser	Gly	Glu 420	Lys	Leu	Ser	Glu	Asp 425	Glu	Ala	Lys	Val	Ala 430	Asp	Asn
Leu	Thr	Ser 435	Thr	Leu	Lys	Gln	Pro 440	Val	Thr	Leu	Thr	Ala 445	Gly	Asn	Leu
Val	Leu	Lys	Arg	Gly	Val	Thr	Leu		Thr	Lys	Gly	Phe	Thr	Gln	Thr
	450					455					460				
465	GIY	ser	ser	vaı	11e 470	Met	Asp	Ala	Gly	Thr	Thr	Leu	Lys	Ala	
	Glu	Glu	Val	Thr		Thr	Glv	Leu	Ser	475 Ile	Pro	Val	λan	Ser	480 Leu
				485					490					495	
Gly	Glu	Gly	Lys 500	Lys	Val	Val	Ile	Ala 505	Ala	Ser	Ala	Ala	Ser 510	Lys	Asn
Val	Ala	Leu 515	Ser	Gly	Pro	Ile	Leu 520	Leu	Leu	Asp	Asn	Gln 525	Gly	Asn	Ala
Tyr	Glu 530		His	Asp	Leu	Gly 535		Thr	Gln	Asp	Phe 540	Ser	Phe	Val	Gln
Leu 545	Ser	Ala	Leu	Gly	Thr 550		Thr	Thr	Thr		Val	Pro	Ala	Val	
Thr	Val	Ala	Thr	Pro		His	Tyr	Glv	Tvr	555 Gln	Glv	Thr	ጥተካ	Glar	560 Met
				565					570					575	
Thr			580					585					590	Ala	
Leu .	Ala	Trp	Thr	Asn	Thr	Gly	Tyr	Leu	Pro	Asn	Pro	Glu	Arg	Gln	Gly

		595					600					605			
Pro	Leu 610	Val	Pro	Asn	Ser	Leu 615	Trp	Gly	Ser	Phe	Ser 620	Asp	Ile	Gln	Ala
Ile 625	Gln	Gly	Val	Ile	Glu 630	Arg	Ser	Ala	Leu	Thr 635	Leu	Cys	Ser	Asp	Arg 640
Gly	Phe	Trp	Ala	Ala 645	Gly	Val	Ala	Asn	Phe 650	Leu	Asp	Lys	Asp	Lys 655	Lys
Gly	Glu	Lys	Arg 660	Lys	Tyr	Arg	His	Lys 665	Ser	Gly	Gly	Tyr	Ala 670	Ile	Gly
_		675			-		680					685		Phe	
Gln	Leu 690	Phe	Gly	Ser	Asp	Lys 695	Asp	Phe	Leu	Val	Ala 700	Lys	Asn	His	Thr
Asp 705	Thr	Tyr	Ala	Gly	Ala 710	Phe	Tyr	Ile	Gln	His 715	Ile	Thr	Glu	Сув	Ser 720
Gly	Phe	Ile	Gly	Cys 725	Leu	Leu	Asp	Lys	Leu 730	Pro	Gly	Ser	Trp	Ser 735	His
Lys	Pro	Leu				Gly		Leu 745		Tyr	Ser	His	Val 750	Ser	Asn
Asp	Leu	_	Thr							Glu		Lys 765		Ser	Trp
	770		• •		,	775					780			Ser	
78 5	•				790	?"·		. `.		795	-		•	Lys	800
	3.		٠٠,	8.05		:.		:.	·810					Thr 815	•
		٠	820	<i></i>	٠.	•		825		••		٠.	830	Pro	
_		835			-	· · .	840	• • • • • •	: I	٠,	٠.	845		Tyr	•
	850		, ·	,	4.	-855	55 F	A.M.	٠.	•••	′860		. :.	Lys	
		Ala	Leu	Val	Ile	Ser	Gly	Ala	Ser	Trp	Glu	Thr	Tyr	Ala	Asn 880
865 Agn		Δla	Āra	Gln	δία Δla	.Ten	Gln	Val	.⊸ ∴Ara	875	Glv	Ser	His	Tyr	
****	200		•••	885			U	(2.1)	.:890	,				895	
			900	Phe	Glu	Val	Leu	Gly 905	Gln	Phe	. Val	Phe	910		
Gly	Ser	Ser 915		Ile	Tyr	Asn	Val 920	Asp	Leu	Gly	Gly	Lys 925		Gln	Phe
		(2) IN	FORM	ATIO	n fo		; Q_ID	NO:	5:					
	(i) Š	EQUE	NCE	CHAR	ACTE	RIST	ICS:	٠.,						
	•														

- - (A) LENGTH: 3052 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Genomic DNA
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:5:

ATGCGATTTT	CGCTCTGCGG	ATTTCCTCTA	GTTTTTTCTT	TAACATTGCT	CTCAGTCTTC	60
GACACTTCTT	TGAGTGCTAC	TACGATTTCT	TTAACCCCAG	AAGATAGTTT	TCATGGAGAT	120
AGTCAGAATG	CAGAACGTTC	TTATAATGTT	CAAGCTGGGG	ATGTCTATAG	CCTTACTGGT	180

GATGTCTCAA	TATCTAACGT	CGATAACTCT	GCATTAAATA	AAGCCTGCTT	CAATGTGACC	240
TCAGGAAGTG	TGACGTTCGC	AGGAAATCAT	CATGGGTTAT	ATTTTAATAA	TATTTCCTCA	300
GGAACTACAA	AGGAAGGGGC	TGTACTTTGT	TGCCAAGATC	CTCAAGCAAC	GGCACGTTTT	360
TCTGGGTTCT	CCACGCTCTC	TTTTATTCAG	AGCCCCGGAG	ATATTAAAGA	ACAGGGATGT	420
CTCTATTCAA	AAAATGCACT	TATGCTCTTA	AACAATTATG	TAGTGCGTTT	TGAACAAAAC	480
CAAAGTAAGA	CTAAAGGCGG	AGCTATTAGT	GGGGCGAATG	TTACTATAGT	AGGCAACTAC	540
GATTCCGTCT	CTTTCTATCA	GAATGCAGCC	ACTTTTGGAG	GTGCTATCCA	TTCTTCAGGT	600
CCCCTACAGA	TTGCAGTAAA	TCAGGCAGAG	ATAAGATTTG	CACAAAATAC	TGCCAAGAAT	660
GGTTCTGGAG	GGGCTTTGTA	CTCCGATGGT	GATATTGATA	TTGATCAGAA	TGCTTATGTT	720
CTATTTCGAG	AAAATGAGGC	ATTGACTACT	GCTATAGGTA	AGGGAGGGC	TGTCTGTTGT	780
CTTCCCACTT	CAGGAAGTAG	TACTCCAGTT	CCTATTGTGA	CTTTCTCTGA	CAATAAACAG	840
TTAGTCTTTG	AAAGAAACCA	TTCCATAATG	GGTGGCGGAG	CCATTTATGC	TAGGAAACTT	900
AGCATCTCTT	CAGGAGGTCC	TACTCTATTT	ATCAATAATA	TATCATATGC	AAATTCGCAA	960
AATTTAGGTG	GAGCTATTGC	CATTGATACT	GGAGGGGAGA	TCAGTTTATC	AGCAGAGAAA	1020
GGAACAATTA	CATTCCAAGG	AAACCGGACG	AGCTTACCGT	TTTTGAATGG	CATCCATCTT	1080
TTACAAAATG	CTAAATTCCT	GAAATTACAG	GCGAGAAATG	GATGCTCTAT	AGAATTTTAT	1140
GATCCTATTA	CTTCTGAAGC	AGATGGGTCT	ACCCAATTGA	ATATCAACGG	AGATCCTAAA	1200
AATAAAGAGT	ACACAGGGAC	CATACTCTTT	TCTGGAGAAA	AGAGTCTAGC	AAACGATCCT	1260
AGGGATTTTA	AATCTACAAT	CCCTCAGAAC	GTCAACCTGT	CTGCAGGATA	CTTAGTTATT	1320
AAAGAGGGGG	CCGAAGTCAC	AGTTTCAAAA	TTCACGCAGT	CTCCAGGATC	GCATTTAGTT	1380
TTAGATTTAG	GAACCAAACT	GATAGCCTCT	AAGGAAGACA	TTGCCATCAC	AGGCCTCGCG	1440
ATAGATATAG	ATAGCTTAAG	CTCATCCTCA	ACAGCAGCTG	TTATTAAAGC	AAACACCGCA	1500
AATAAACAGA	TATCCGTGAC	GGACTCTATA	GAACTTATCT	CGCCTACTGG	CAATGCCTAT	1560
GAAGATCTCA	GAATGAGAAA	TTCACAGACG	TTCCCTCTGC	TCTCTTTAGA	GCCTGGAGCC	1620
GGGGGTAGTG	TGACTGTAAC	TGCTGGAGAT	TTCCTACCGG	TAAGTCCCCA	TTATGGTTTT	1680
CAAGGCAATT	GGAAATTAGC	TTGGACAGGA	ACTGGAAACA	AAGTTGGAGA	ATTCTTCTGG	1740
GATAAAATAA	ATTATAAGCC	TAGACCTGAA	AAAGAAGGAA	ATTTAGTTCC	TAATATCTTG	1800
TGGGGGAATG	CTGTAAATGT	CAGATCCTTA	ATGCAGGTTC	AAGAGACCCA	TGCATCGAGC	1860
TTACAGACAG	ATCGAGGGCT	GTGGATCGAT	GGAATTGGGA	ATTTCTTCCA	TGTATCTGCC	1920
TCCGAAGACA	ATATAAGGTA	CCGTCATAAC	AGCGGTGGAT	ATGTTCTATC	TGTAAATAAT	1980
GAGATCACAC	CTAAGCACTA	TACTTCGATG	GCATTTTCCC	AACTCTTTAG	TAGAGACAAG	2040
GACTATGCGG	TTTCCAACAA	CGAATACAGA	ATGTATTTAG	GATCGTATCT	CTATCAATAT	2100
ACAACCTCCC	TAGGGAATAT	TTTCCGTTAT	GCTTCGCGTA	ACCCTÁATGT	AAACGTCGGG	2160
				TTCATTTTT		2220
	`			TCCCTATGGT		2280
				TGCCTCTATT		2340
				TACAATTAGT		2400
				TTAGTAATGG		2460
•				CACTTTCTCA		2520
				AGGATCCCTC		2580
				CACACGTATC		2640
				ATACTGAGCT		2700
				TAAACTGTGG		2760
				TTAACTATAA		2820
				ATAAČGACAŤ		2880
				TTTAGGGGTT		2940
				TTTGCTTGTC		3000
TCTCTAACGA	ATCATAGGGA	TTCCAGGGTT	CTGTTCCTTG	AGTCCTTTGG	CA	3052

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:6:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 922 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:6:

Met Arg Phe Ser Leu Cys Gly Phe Pro Leu Val Phe Ser Leu Thr Leu Leu Ser Val Phe Asp Thr Ser Leu Ser Ala Thr Thr Ile Ser Leu Thr 25 Pro Glu Asp Ser Phe His Gly Asp Ser Gln Asn Ala Glu Arg Ser Tyr Asn Val Gln Ala Gly Asp Val Tyr Ser Leu Thr Gly Asp Val Ser Ile . Ser Asn Val Asp Asn Ser Ala Leu Asn Lys Ala Cys Phe Asn Val Thr 70 75 Ser Gly Ser Val Thr Phe Ala Gly Asn His His Gly Leu Tyr Phe Asn Asn Ile Ser Ser Gly Thr Thr Lys Glu Gly Ala Val Leu Cys Cys Gln 105 Asp Pro Gln Ala Thr Ala Arg Phe Ser Gly Phe Ser Thr Leu Ser Phe 125 120 Ile Gln Ser Pro Gly Asp Ile Lys Glu Gln Gly Cys Leu Tyr Ser Lys 135 Asn Ala Leu Met Leu Leu Asn Asn Tyr Val Val Arg Phe Glu Gln Asn Gln Ser Lys Thr Lys Gly Gly Ala Ile Ser Gly Ala Asn Val Thr Ile 165 170 Val Gly Asn Tyr Asp Ser Val Ser Phe Tyr Gln Asn Ala Ala Thr Phe 185 Gly Gly Ala Ile His Ser Ser Gly Pro Leu Gln Ile Ala Val Asn Gln 200 Ala Glu Ile Arg Phe Ala Gln Asn Thr Ala Lys Asn Gly Ser Gly Gly 215 220 Ala Leu Tyr Ser Asp Gly Asp Ile Asp Ile Asp Gln Asn Ala Tyr Val 230 235 Leu Phe Arg Glu Asn Glu Ala Leu Thr Thr Ala Ile Gly Lys Gly Gly 250 255 245 Ala Val Cys Cys Leu Pro Thr Ser Gly Ser Ser Thr Pro Val Pro Ile 265 270 11 Val Thr Phe Ser Asp Asn Lys Gln Leu Val Phe Glu Arg Asn His Ser 285 280 Ile Met Gly Gly Gly Ala Ile Tyr Ala Arg Lys Leu Ser Ile Ser Ser 295 : 300 Gly Gly Pro Thr Leu Phe Ile Asn Asn Ile Ser Tyr Ala Asn Ser Gln 310 315 Asn Leu Gly Gly Ala Ile Ala Ile Asp Thr Gly Gly Glu Ile Ser Leu 325 330 Ser Ala Glu Lys Gly Thr Ile Thr Phe Gln Gly Asn Arg Thr Ser Leu 350 345 Pro Phe Leu Asn Gly Ile His Leu Leu Gln Asn Ala Lys Phe Leu Lys 360 Leu Gln Ala Arg Asn Gly Cys Ser Ile Glu Phe Tyr Asp Pro Ile Thr 375 380 Ser Glu Ala Asp Gly Ser Thr Gln Leu Asn Ile Asn Gly Asp Pro Lys 395 390 Asn Lys Glu Tyr Thr Gly Thr Ile Leu Phe Ser Gly Glu Lys Ser Leu 410 Ala Asn Asp Pro Arg Asp Phe Lys Ser Thr Ile Pro Gln Asn Val Asn

420 425 Leu Ser Ala Gly Tyr Leu Val Ile Lys Glu Gly Ala Glu Val Thr Val 440 Ser Lys Phe Thr Gln Ser Pro Gly Ser His Leu Val Leu Asp Leu Gly 455 Thr Lys Leu Ile Ala Ser Lys Glu Asp Ile Ala Ile Thr Gly Leu Ala 470 475 Ile Asp Ile Asp Ser Leu Ser Ser Ser Ser Thr Ala Ala Val Ile Lys 485 490 Ala Asn Thr Ala Asn Lys Gln Ile Ser Val Thr Asp Ser Ile Glu Leu 505 Ile Ser Pro Thr Gly Asn Ala Tyr Glu Asp Leu Arg Met Arg Asn Ser 520 Gln Thr Phe Pro Leu Leu Ser Leu Glu Pro Gly Ala Gly Gly Ser Val 535 540 Thr Val Thr Ala Gly Asp Phe Leu Pro Val Ser Pro His Tyr Gly Phe 550 555 Gln Gly Asn Trp Lys Leu Ala Trp Thr Gly Thr Gly Asn Lys Val Gly 570 565 Glu Phe Phe Trp Asp Lys Ile Asn Tyr Lys Pro Arg Pro Glu Lys Glu 580 585 Gly Asn Leu Val Pro Asn Ile Leu Trp Gly Asn Ala Val Asn Val Arg 600 605 Ser Leu Met Gln Val Gln Glu Thr His Ala Ser Ser Leu Gln Thr Asp Arg Gly Leu Trp Ile Asp Gly Ile Gly Asn Phe Phe His Val Ser Ala 630 635 Ser Glu Asp Asn Ile Arg Tyr Arg His Asn Ser Gly Gly Tyr Val Leu 650 655 645 Ser Val Asn Asn Glu Ile Thr Pro Lys His Tyr Thr Ser Met Ala Phe 660 665 Ser Gln Leu Phe Ser Arg Asp Lys Asp Tyr Ala Val Ser Asn Asn Glu Tyr Arg Met Tyr Leu Gly Ser Tyr Leu Tyr Gln Tyr Thr Thr Ser Leu 690 ... 695 ... 700 Gly Asn Ile Phe Arg Tyr Ala Ser Arg Asn Pro Asn Val Asn Val Gly 710 715 Ile Leu Ser Arg Arg Phe Leu Gln Asn Pro Leu Met Ile Phe His Phe 725 730 Leu Cys Ala Tyr Gly His Ala Thr Asn Asp Met Lys Thr Asp Tyr Ala 740 745 Asn Phe Pro Met Val Lys Asn Ser Trp Arg Asn Asn Cys Trp Ala Ile 760 Glu Cys Gly Gly Ser Met Pro Leu Leu Val Phe Glu Asn Gly Arg Leu 775 780 Phe Gln Gly Ala Ile Pro Phe Met Lys Leu Gln Leu Val Tyr Ala Tyr 790 Gln Gly Asp Phe Lys Glu Thr Thr Ala Asp Gly Arg Arg Phe Ser Asn 805 810 Gly Ser Leu Thr Ser Ile Ser Val Pro Leu Gly Ile Arg Phe Glu Lys 825 Leu Ala Leu Ser Gln Asp Val Leu Tyr Asp Phe Ser Phe Ser Tyr Ile Pro Asp Ile Phe Arg Lys Asp Pro Ser Cys Glu Ala Ala Leu Val Ile 855 860 Ser Gly Asp Ser Trp Leu Val Pro Ala Ala His Val Ser Arg His Ala 870 875

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:7:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 2526 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Genomic DNA
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:7:

	•			•	-	
ATGAAGATTC	CACTCCGCTT	TTTATTGATA	TCATTAGTAC	CTACGCTTTC	TATGTCGAAT	60
TTATTAGGAG	CTGCTACTAC	CGAAGAGCTA	TCGGCTAGCA	ATAGCTTCGA	TGGAACTACA	120
				ATGGCACCAA		180
AAAGATTCTG	TAGTTATAGA	AAATGTACCC	AAAACAGGGG	AAACTCAGTC	TACTAGTTGT	240
				GAGGGGGATT		300
				TTGGAAGTGA		360
AAGACAGTCA	CGTTATCAGG	ATTTTCGGCA	CTTTCTTTTC	TTAAATCCCC	AGCAAGTACA	420
				TAAGCCTATT		480
				GAGCAATTAA		540
				GAAATAGTTC		600
				GTGGGGAAAC		660
				TCGCGATTGC		720
				AAGGCAATAC		780
				GCGCTAAGAT		840
				TTACTGTAAC		900
				GAGATAACAA		960
				AAGCTAAAGA		1020
				GGACTGTAGT		1080
				ACTCTAAGTT		1140
				-TAACGAATTT		1200
				CTGCCACAGC		1260
				AGAGTTTTTA		1320
				TAGATGCTGG		1380
				CTCCGTATGG		1440
				CGGTTTCTTG		1500
				CTAATCTTCT		1560
				GTACTGAAGG		1620
				ATAGGAGCGG		1680
				GTGCTAGCAC		1740
				CGCGTGACAA		1800
				GTTTGCAGCA		1860
				TCCGCGAGAT		1920
				TTAGCTACGG		1980
				CGCTCTCGAC		2040
				GAGTTGCTGT		2100
				AAGTCCAAGC		2160
				ATTTTAGTGA		2220
TATAACCTTG	CGATTCCTCT	TGGAATCAAC	TTAGAGAAAC	C GGTTTGCAGA	GCAATATTAT	2280

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CATGTTGTAG	CGATGTATTC	TCCAGATGTT	TGTCGTAGTA	ACCCCAAATG	TACGACTACC	2340
${\tt CTACTTTCCA}$	ACCAAGGGAG	TTGGAAGACC	AAAGGTTCGA	ACTTAGCAAG	ACAGGCTGGT	2400
ATTGTTCAGG	CCTCAGGTTT	TCGATCTTTG	GGAGCTGCAG	CAGAGCTTTT	CGGGAACTTT	2460
GGCTTTGAAT	GGCGGGGATC	TTCTCGTAGC	TATAATGTAG	ATGCGGGTAG	CAAAATCAAA	2520
TTTTAG						2526

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:8:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 841 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:8:

	2														
1	Lys			5					10		•			15	
	Met		20					25	•			•	30	Ser	
	Asn	35					40					45	Ser		
	Ser 50					55					60				
65	Ile				70					75					80
	Lys			85					90					95	
	Ser	**	100					105					110	٠٠,	
	Ile	115		2.	´ . i		120			-		125	•		
:	Ala 130	_	•			135		-	.: 1	•**	140	. .		٠.	
145	Gly			-	150					155				•	160
	Val			165					170					175	
•	Cys		180				•	185			•		190		
	Gly	195					200					205			
	Thr 210					215					220				
225	Thr				230					235					240
	Leu			245					250					255	
	Ile		260					265					270		
	Ser	275					280					285			
	Phe 290					295					300				
Ala	Leu	Asn	Ile	Asn	Ser	Pro	Asp	Thr	Gly	Asp	Asn	Lys	Glu	Tyr	Thr

305					310					315				:	320
Gly				325	Ser				330					335	
			Asn 340					345					350		
		355	Val				360					365			
	370		Asp			375					380				
385			Asn		390					395					400
			Leu	405					410					415	
			Asp 420					425					430		
_		435					440					445			
-	450		Leu			455		•			460			•	
465			Ser		470					475	i				480
			Ile	485					490	ì				495	
_			Gln 500					505	;				510		
		515					520					525	•		
	530	1	Glu			535	•				540	j" • '		_	•
545	•	,	Gly	-	550				•	555	5	*** ***			560
				565	;	-			· 570) .,				575	
			580	1			-	589	5 .	,	•	٠.	-590	,	Leu Thr
		599	5				600)	٠.	٠,	-	60	5 ·		Val
	610)				61	5			٠.	620)			Pro
625	5		,		630)				63	5				640 Tyr
				64	5.				65	0 -	•	•		655	Pro
			660)		:		66	5				670	3	Ala
		67	5				68	0		•		68	5		g Gly
	69	0				69	5			; ,	- 70	0			r Ser
70	5				71	0				71	.5				72 0 e Ser
	_			72	5				73	30				73	5 u Glu
			74	0				74	15				75	0	r Pro
~y		75				•	76					76			

- - (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:9:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 2787 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Genomic DNA
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:9:

ATGAAGTCTT	CTTTCCCCAA	GTTTGTATTT	TCTACATTTG	CTATTTTCCC-	TTTGTCTATG	60
ATTGCTACCG	AGACAGTTTT	GGATTCAAGT	GCGAGTTTCG	ATGGGAATAA	AAATGGTAAT	120
TTTTCAGTTC	GTGAGAGTCA	GGAAGATGCT	GGAACTACCT	ACCTATTTAA	GGGAAATGTC	180
ACTCTAGAAA	ATATTCCTGG	AACAGGCACA	GCAATCACAA	AAAGCTGTTT	TAACAACACT	240
AAGGGCGATT	TGACTTTCAC	AGGTAACGGG	AACTCTCTAT	TGTTCCAAAC	GGTGGATGCA	300
GGGACTGTAG	CAGGGGCTGC	TGTTAACAGC	AGCGTGGTAG	ATAAATCTAC	CACGTTTATA	360
GGGTTTTCTT	CGCTATCTTT	TATTGCGTCT	CCTGGAAGTT	CGATAACTAC	CGGCAAAGGA	420
GCCGTTAGCT	GCTCTACGGG	TAGCTTGAAG	TTTGACAAAA	ATGTCAGTTT	GCTCTTCAGC	480
AAAAACTTTT	CAACGGATAA	TGGCGGTGCT	ATCACCGCAA	AAACTCTTTC	ATTAACAGGG	540
ACTACAATGT	CAGCTCTGTT	TTCTGAAAAT	ACCTCCTCAA	AGAAAGGCGG	AGCCATTCAG	600
ACTTCCGATG	CCCTTACCAT	TACTGGAAAC	CAAGGGGAAG	TCTCTTTTTC	TGACAATACT	660
TCTTCGGATT	CTGGAGCTGC	AATTTTTACA	GAAGCCTCGG	TGACTATTTC	TAATAATGCT	720
AAAGTTTCCT	TTATTGACAA	TAAGGTCACA	GGAGCGAGCT	CCTCAACAAC	GGGGGATATG	780
TCAGGAGGTG	CTATCTGTGC	TTATAAAACT	AGTACAGATA	CTAAGGTCAC	CCTCACTGGA	840
AATCAGATGT	TACTCTTCAG	CAACAATACA	TCGACAACAG	CGGGAGGAGC	TATCTATGTG	900
AAAAAGCTCG	AACTGGCTTC	CGGAGGACTT	ACCCTATTCA	GTAGAAATAG	TGTCAATGGA	960
GGTACAGCTC	CTAAAGGTGG	AGCCATAGCT	ATCGAAGATA	GTGGGGAATT	GAGTTTATCC	1020
GCCGATAGTG	GTGACATTGT	CTTTTTAGGG	AATACAGTCA	CTTCTACTAC	TCCTGGGACG	1080
AATAGAAGTA	GTATCGACTT	AGGAACGAGT	GCAAAGATGA	CAGCTTTGCG	TTCTGCTGCT	1140
GGTAGAGCCA	TCTACTTCTA	TGATCCCATA	ACTACAGGAT	CTTCCACAAC	AGTTACAGAT	1200
GTCTTAAAAG	TTAATGAGAC	TCCGGCAGAT	TCTGCACTAC	AATATACAGG	GAACATCATC	1260
TTCACAGGAG	AAAAGTTATC	AGAGACAGAG	GCCGCAGATT	CTAAAAATCT	TACTTCGAAG	1320
CTACTACAGC	CTGTAACTCT	TTCAGGAGGT	ACTCTATCTT	TAAAACATGG	AGTGACTCTG	1380
CAGACTCAGG	CATTCACTCA	ACAGGCAGAT	TCTCGTCTCG	AAATGGACGT	AGGAACTACT	1440
CTAGAACCTG	CTGATACTAG	CACCATAAAC	AATTTGGTCA	TTAACATCAG	TTCTATAGAC	1500
GUTGCAAAGA	AGGCAAAAAT	AGAAACCAAA	GCTACGTCAA	AAAATCTGAC	TTTATCTGGA	1560
AUCATCACTT	TATTGGACCC	GACGGGCACG	TTTTATGAAA	ATCATAGTTT	AAGAAATCCT	1620
CAGTCCTACG	ACATCTTAGA	GCTCAAAGCT	TCTGGAACTG	TAACAAGCAC	CGCAGTGACT	1680
CCAGATCCTA	TAATGGGTGA	GAAATTCCAT	TACGGCTATC	AGGGAACTTG	GGGCCCAATT	1740
GTTTGGGGGA	CAGGGGCTTC	TACGACTGCA	ACCTTCAACT	GGACTAAAAC	TGGCTATATT	1800
CCTAATCCCG	AGCGTATCGG	CTCTTTAGTC	CCTAATAGCT	TATGGAATGC	ATTTATAGAT	1860
ATTAGCTCTC	TCCATTATCT	TATGGAGACT	GCAAACGAAG	GGTTGCAGGG	AGACCGTGCT	1920
			CATAAGGATA			1980
TTTCGCCATT	TGAGTGGCGG	TTATGTCATA	GGAGGAAACC	TACATACTTG	TTCAGATAAG	2040

> com comm > comc	CALIC C MANAGERICA	ብረ <u>ሃር</u> ርብ/ርብላብብ	GGAAGAGATA	GAGACTACTT	TGTAGCTAAG	2100
ATTCTTAGTG	CIGCALLIE	ICAGCICIII	GGAAGAGAIA		COLUMN INCOMOR	2160
AATCAAGGTA	CAGTCTACGG	AGGAACTCTC	TATTACCAGC	ACAACGAAAC	CTATATCTCT	2160
CTTCCTTGCA	AACTACGGCC	TTGTTCGTTG	${\tt TCTTATGTTC}$	CTACAGAGAT	TCCTGTTCTC	2220
TTTTCAGGAA	ACCTTAGCTA	CACCCATACG	GATAACGATC	TGAAAACCAA	GTATACAACA	2280
TATCCTACTG	TTAAAGGAAG	CTGGGGGAAT	GATAGTTTCG	CTTTAGAATT	CGGTGGAAGA	2340
CCTCCGATTT	GCTTAGATGA	AAGTGCTCTA	TTTGAGCAGT	ACATGCCCTT	CATGAAATTG	2400
CACTTTCTCT	ATGCACATCA	GGAAGGTTTT	AAAGAACAGG	GAACAGAAGC	TCGTGAATTT	2460
CACTITUDE	GTCTTGTGAA	TCTTGCCTTA	CCTATCGGGA	TCCGATTTGA	TAAGGAATCA	2520
CACTGCCAAG	ATGCAACGTA	CAATCTAACT	CTTGGTTATA	CTGTGGATCT	TGTTCGTAGT	2580
			AGCGGTGATT			2640
AACCCCGACI	GIACGACAAC	ACTOCOLLIT	222222322	A CONTROLLO CALLED	ም አ አ ር ሞር አ አ አ ጥ	2700
AATTTGGCAA	GACAAGCTTT	AGTCCTTCGT	GCAGGGAACC	ATTITIGCTI	IMACICAMAI	
TTTGAAGCCT	TTAGCCAATT	TTCTTTTGAA	TTGCGTGGGT	CATCTCGCAA	TTACAATGTA	2760
GACTTAGGAG	CAAAATACCA	ATTCTAA				2787

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:10:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 928 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:10:

Met Lys Ser Ser Phe Pro Lys Phe Val Phe Ser Thr Phe Ala Ile Phe 10 5 Pro Leu Ser Met Ile Ala Thr Glu Thr Val Leu Asp Ser Ser Ala Ser 25 Phe Asp Gly Asn Lys Asn Gly Asn Phe Ser Val Arg Glu Ser Gln Glu 45 40 Asp Ala Gly Thr Thr Tyr Leu Phe Lys Gly Asn Val Thr Leu Glu Asn 50 25 55 60 Ile Pro Gly Thr Gly Thr Ala Ile Thr Lys Ser Cys Phe Asn Asn Thr ..75 70 Lys Gly Asp Leu Thr Phe Thr Gly Asn Gly Asn Ser Leu Leu Phe Gln 90 95 Thr Val Asp Ala Gly Thr Val Ala Gly Ala Ala Val Asn Ser Ser Val 110 -105 Val Asp Lys Ser Thr Thr Phe Ile Gly Phe Ser Ser Leu Ser Phe Ile · 125 ´ 120 Ala Ser Pro Gly Ser Ser Ile Thr Thr Gly Lys Gly Ala Val Ser Cys 135 140 Ser Thr Gly Ser Leu Lys Phe Asp Lys Asn Val Ser Leu Leu Phe Ser 155 150 Lys Asn Phe Ser Thr Asp Asn Gly Gly Ala Ile Thr Ala Lys Thr Leu 165 170 Ser Leu Thr Gly Thr Thr Met Ser Ala Leu Phe Ser Glu Asn Thr Ser 185 Ser Lys Lys Gly Gly Ala Ile Gln Thr Ser Asp Ala Leu Thr Ile Thr 200 Gly Asn Gln Gly Glu Val Ser Phe Ser Asp Asn Thr Ser Ser Asp Ser 215 Gly Ala Ala Ile Phe Thr Glu Ala Ser Val Thr Ile Ser Asn Asn Ala 235 230 Lys Val Ser Phe Ile Asp Asn Lys Val Thr Gly Ala Ser Ser Ser Thr WO 98/58953

245 250 Thr Gly Asp Met Ser Gly Gly Ala Ile Cys Ala Tyr Lys Thr Ser Thr 265 Asp Thr Lys Val Thr Leu Thr Gly Asn Gln Met Leu Leu Phe Ser Asn 275 280 Asn Thr Ser Thr Thr Ala Gly Gly Ala Ile Tyr Val Lys Lys Leu Glu 295 300 Leu Ala Ser Gly Gly Leu Thr Leu Phe Ser Arg Asn Ser Val Asn Gly 310 315 Gly Thr Ala Pro Lys Gly Gly Ala Ile Ala Ile Glu Asp Ser Gly Glu 330 Leu Ser Leu Ser Ala Asp Ser Gly Asp Ile Val Phe Leu Gly Asn Thr 345 Val Thr Ser Thr Thr Pro Gly Thr Asn Arg Ser Ser Ile Asp Leu Gly 360 Thr Ser Ala Lys Met Thr Ala Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Arg Ala Ile 375 380 Tyr Phe Tyr Asp Pro Ile Thr Thr Gly Ser Ser Thr Thr Val Thr Asp 385 390 395 400 Val Leu Lys Val Asn Glu Thr Pro Ala Asp Ser Ala Leu Gln Tyr Thr 405 410 Gly Asn Ile Ile Phe Thr Gly Glu Lys Leu Ser Glu Thr Glu Ala Ala 420 425 Asp Ser Lys Asn Leu Thr Ser Lys Leu Leu Gln Pro Val Thr Leu Ser 440 445 Gly Gly Thr Leu Ser Leu Lys His Gly Val Thr Leu Gln Thr Gln Ala 455 Phe Thr Gln Gln Ala Asp Ser Arg Leu Glu Met Asp Val Gly Thr Thr 470 . 475 Leu Glu Pro Ala Asp Thr Ser Thr Ile Asn Asn Leu Val Ile Asn Ile 490 Ser Ser Ile Asp Gly Ala Lys Lys Ala Lys Ile Glu Thr Lys Ala Thr .. 505 Ser Lys Asn Leu Thr Leu Ser Gly Thr Ile Thr Leu Leu Asp Pro Thr 520 🗀 Gly Thr Phe Tyr Glu Asn His Ser Leu Arg Asn Pro Gln Ser Tyr Asp 535 540 Ile Leu Glu Leu Lys Ala Ser Gly Thr Val Thr Ser Thr Ala Val Thr 550 555 Pro Asp Pro Ile Met Gly Glu Lys Phe His Tyr Gly Tyr Gln Gly Thr 565 570 Trp Gly Pro Ile Val Trp Gly Thr Gly Ala Ser Thr Thr Ala Thr Phe 585 Asn Trp Thr Lys Thr Gly Tyr Ile Pro Asn Pro Glu Arg Ile Gly Ser 595 600 Leu Val Pro Asn Ser Leu Trp Asn Ala Phe Ile Asp Ile Ser Ser Leu 615 620 His Tyr Leu Met Glu Thr Ala Asn Glu Gly Leu Gln Gly Asp Arg Ala 630 Phe Trp Cys Ala Gly Leu Ser Asn Phe Phe His Lys Asp Ser Thr Lys 645 650 Thr Arg Arg Gly Phe Arg His Leu Ser Gly Gly Tyr Val Ile Gly Gly 660 665 Asn Leu His Thr Cys Ser Asp Lys Ile Leu Ser Ala Ala Phe Cys Gln 680 Leu Phe Gly Arg Asp Arg Asp Tyr Phe Val Ala Lys Asn Gln Gly Thr

Val	Tyr	Gly	Gly	Thr	Leu	Tyr	Tyr	Gln	His	Asn	Glu	Thr	Tyr	Ile	
705					710					715					720
Leu	Pro	Cys	Lys	Leu	Arg	Pro	Cys	Ser	Leu	Ser	Tyr	Val	Pro	Thr	Glu
				725					730					735	
Ile	Pro	Val	Leu	Phe	Ser	Gly	Asn	Leu	Ser	Tyr	Thr	His	Thr	Asp	Asn
			740					745					750		
Asp	Leu	Lys	Thr	Lys	Tyr	Thr	Thr	Tyr	Pro	Thr	Val	Lys	Gly	Ser	Trp
		755					760					765			
Gly	Asn	Asp	Ser	Phe	Ala	Leu	Glu	Phe	Gly	Gly	Arg	Ala	Pro	Ile	Cys
	770					775					780				
Leu	Asp	Glu	Ser	Ala	Leu	Phe	Glu	Gln	Tyr	Met	Pro	Phe	Met	Lys	Leu
785					790					795					800
Gln	Phe	Val	Tyr	Ala	His	Gln	Glu	Gly	Phe	Lys	Glu	Gln	Gly	Thr	Glu
				805					810					815	
Ala	Arg	Glu	Phe	Gly	Ser	Ser	Arg	Leu	Val	Asn	Leu	Ala	Leu	Pro	Ile
			820		•			825					830		
Gly	Ile	Arg	Phe	Asp	Lys	Glu	Ser	Asp	Cys	Gln	Asp	Ala	Thr	.Tyr	Asn
											,				•
Leu	Thr	Leu	Gly	Tyr	Thr	Val	Asp	Leu	Val	Arg	Ser	Asn	Pro	Aşp	Cys
	850	,	. ,	••		855	•	•			860	•	•		•
Thr	Thr	Thr	Leu	Arg	Ile	Ser	Gly	Asp	Ser	Trp	Lys	Thr	Phe	Gly	Thr
865		-:								875					880
Asn	Leu	Ala	Arg	Gln	Ala	Leu	Val	Leu	Arg	Ala	Gly	Asn	His		
			. ,											895	
Phe	Asn	Ser	Asn	Phe	Glu	Ala	Phe	Ser	Gln	Phe	Ser	Phe		Leu	Arg
			900					905			:		910		•
Gly	Ser	Ser	Arg	Asn	Tyr	Asn	Val	Asp	Leu	Gly	Ala		Tyr	Gln	Phe
		915					920	•				925			

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:11:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 2757 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Genomic DNA
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:11:

ATGAGATCGT	CTTTTTCCTT	GTTATTAATA	TCTTCATCTC	TAGCCTTTCC	TCTCTTAATG	60
				GTGACAGTTA		120
				ATGCTAGTGG		180
				AAACGAGCTT		240
	-			ACGGATTTTC		300
GACAATATTA	TTTCGTCTAC	TGTTGCAGGT	GTTGTTGTTA	GCAATACAGC	AGCTTCTGGG	360
ATTACGAAAT	TCTCAGGATT	TTCAACTCTT	CGGATGCTTG	CAGCTCCTAG	GACCACAGGT	420
AAAGGAGCCA	TTAAAATTAC	CGATGGTCTG	GTGTTTGAGA	GTATAGGGAA	TCTTGACCAA	480
AATGAAAATG	CCTCTAGTGA	AAATGGGGGA	GCCATCAATA	CGAAGACTTT	GTCTTTGACT	540
GGGAGTACGC	GGTTTGTAGC	GTTCCTTGGC	AATAGCTCGT	CGCAACAAGG	GGGAGCGATC	600
TATGCTTCTG	GTGACTCTGT	GATTTCTGAG	AATGCAGGAA	TCTTGAGCTT	CGGAAACAAC	660
AGTGCGACAA	CATCAGGAGG	CGCGATCTCT	GCTGAAGGGA	ACCTTGTGAT	CTCCAATAAC	720
CAAAATATCT	TTTTCGATGG	CTGCAAAGCA	ACTACAAATG	GCGGAGCTAT	TGATTGTAAC	780
AAAGCAGGGG	CGAACCCAGA	CCCTATCTTG	ACTCTTTCAG	GAAATGAGAG	CCTGCATTTT	840
CTGAATAACA	CAGCAGGAAA	TAGTGGAGGT	GCGATTTATA	CCAAAAAATT	GGTGTTATCC	900
TCAGGACGAG	GAGGAGTGTT	ATTTTCTAAC	AACAAAGCTG	CGAATGCTAC	TCCTAAAGGA	960

GGGGCAATTG	CGATTCTAGA	TTCTGGAGAG	ATTAGCATTT	CTGCAGATCT	CGGCAATATC	1020
ATTTTCGAGG	GCAATACTAC	GAGCACTACA	GGAAGTCCTG	CGAGTGTGAC	CAGAAATGCT	1080
ATAGATCTTG	CATCGAATGC	AAAATTTTTA	AATCTCCGAG	CGACTCGGGG	AAATAAAGTT	1140
ATTTTCTATG	ATCCTATCAC	GAGCTCAGGA	GCTACTGATA	AGCTCTCTTT	GAATAAAGCT	1200
GACGCAGGAT	CTGGAAATAC	CTATGAAGGC	TACATCGTTT	${\tt TCTCTGGAGA}$	GAAACTCTCA	1260
GAAGAGGAAC	TTAAGAAACC	TGACAATCTG	AAGTCTACAT	TTACACAGGC	TGTAGAGCTT	1320
GCTGCAGGTG	CCTTAGTATT	GAAAGATGGA	GTGACTGTAG	TTGCAAATAC	TATAACGCAG	1380
GTCGAGGGAT	CGAAAGTCGT	${\tt TATGGATGGA}$	GGGACTACTT	TTGAGGCAAG	CGCTGAGGGG	1440
GTCACTCTCA	ATGGCCTAGC	CATTAATATA	GATTCCTTAG	ATGGGACAAA	TAAAGCTATC	1500
ATTAAGGCGA	CGGCAGCAAG	TAAGGATGTT	GCCTTATCAG	GGCCTATCAT	GCTTGTAGAT	1560
GCTCAGGGGA	ACTATTATGA	GCATCATAAT	CTCAGTCAAC	AGCAGGTCTT	TCCTTTAATA	1620
GAGCTTTCTG	CACAAGGAAC	GATGACTACT	ACAGATATCC	CCGATACCCC	AATTCTAAAT	1680
ACTACGAATC	ACTATGGGTA	TCAAGGAACT	GGAATAATTG	TTTGGGTCGA	CGATGCAACT	1740
GCAAAAACAA	AAAATGCTAC	CTTAACTTGG	ACTAAAACAG	GATACAAGCC	GAATCCAGAA	1800
CGTCAGGGAC	CTTTGGTTCC	TAATAGCCTG	TGGGGTTCTT	TTGTCGATGT	CCGCTCCATT	1860
CAGAGCCTCA	TGGACCGGAG	CACAAGTTCG	TTATCTTCGT	CAACAAATTT	GTGGGTATCA	1920
GGAATCGCGG	ACTITITIGCA	TGAAGATCAG	AAAGGAAACC	AACGTAGTTA	TCGTCATTCT	1980
AGCGCGGGTT	ATGCATTAGG	AGGAGGATTC	TTCACGGCTT	CTGAAAATTT	CTTTAATTTT	2040
GCTTTTTGTC	AGCTTTTTGG	CTACGACAAG	GACCATCTTG	TGGCTAAGAA	CCATACCCAT	2100
GTATATGCAG	GGGCAATGAG	TTACCGACAC	CTCGGAGAGT	CTAAGACCCT	CGCTAAGATT	2160
TTGTCAGGAA	ATTCTGACTC	CCTACCTTTT	GTCTTCAATG	CTCGGTTTGC	TTATGGCCAT	2220
ACCGACAATA	ACATGACCAC	AAAGTACACT	GGCTATTCTC	CTGTTAAGGG	AAGCTGGGGA	2280
AATGATGCCT	TCGGTATAGA	ATGTGGAGGA	GCTATCCCGG	TAGTTGCTTC	AGGACGTCGG	2340
TCTTGGGTGG	ATACCCACAC	GCCATTTCTA	AACCTAGAGA	TGATCTATGC	ACATCAGAAT	2400
GACTTTAAGG	AAAACGGCAC	AGAAGGCCGT	TCTTTCCAAA	GTGAAGACCT	CTTCAATCTA	2460
GCGGTTCCTG	TAGGGATAAA	ATTTGAGAAA	TTCTCCGATA	AGTCTACGTA	TGATCTCTCC	2520
ATAGCTTACG	TTCCCGATGT	GATTCGTAAT	GATCCAGGCT	GCACGACAAC	TCTTATGGTT	2580
	CTTGGTCGAC					2640
	ATCATGCCTT					2700
TTGCGAGGTT	CTTCTCGTAG	- CTATGCTATC	GATCTTGGAG	GAAGATTCGG	ATTTTAA	2757

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:12:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 918 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:12:

Met Arg Ser Ser Phe Ser Leu Leu Leu Ile Ser Ser Ser Leu Ala Phe 10 1 Pro Leu Leu Met Ser Val Ser Ala Asp Ala Ala Asp Leu Thr Leu Gly 25 Ser Arg Asp Ser Tyr Asn Gly Asp Thr ter Thr Thr Glu The Thr Pro 40 45 Lys Ala Ala Thr Ser Asp Ala Ser Gly the Thr Tyr Ile Leu Asp Gly 60 Asp Val Ser Ile Ser Gln Ala Gly Lys Gln Thr Ser Leu Thr Thr Ser 70 75 Cys Phe Ser Asn Thr Ala Gly Asn Leu Thr Phe Leu Gly Asn Gly Phe 90 Ser Leu His Phe Asp Asn Ile Ile Ser Ser Thr Val Ala Gly Val Val 105 110

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Val	DCI	115	****	ALG	ALG	UCI	120	110	****	nys	LIIC	125	Cry	1110	UCI
Thr	Leu		Met	Leu	Ala	Ala		Arq	Thr	Thr	Gly	Lys	Gly	Ala	Ile
	130	_				135		Ū			140	-	-		
Lys	Ile	Thr	Asp	Gly	Leu	Val	Phe	Glu	Ser	Ile	Gly	Asn	Leu	Asp	Gln
145					150					155					160
Asn	Glu	Asn	Ala		Ser	Glu	Asn	Gly	_	Ala	Ile	Asn	Thr	-	Thr
T.OU	Car	T.011	Thr	165	Car	Thr	71	Dho	170	·Ala	Dha	Lou	G117	175	Cor
			180	_			_	185					190		
Ser	Ser	Gln	Gln	Gly	Gly	Ala	Ile	Tyr	Ala	Ser	Gly	Asp	Ser	Val	Ile
		195					200					205			
Ser		Asn	Ala	Gly	Ile		Ser	Phe	Gly	Asn		Ser	Ala	Thr	Thr
_	210		_ •		_	215			_	_	220		_	_	
	GIY	GLY	Ala	Ile		Ala	Glu	Gly	Asn	Leu	Val	Ile	Ser	Asn	
225	3	~ 1 -	Db -	nh -	230	~1	~	*	21-	235	m1	.3	~1	~1	240
GIII	ASI	тте	Pne			GIY	Cys	пув.		Thr	Thr	ASI	_		
T10	7 cn	Carc	Aan	245	•	Glar	21-	Nan	250	Asp	Dro	·. Tla		255	 T. 011
TTE	Mah	Cys	260	пÃр	ATG	GLY	ALG	265	PLO	Asp	PIO	116	270	TITE	neu
Ser	Glv	Asn		Ser	Len	His	Phe		Asn	Asn	Thr			Agn	Ser
	U-1	275		002		*****	280	200	111111	*****	~ ***	285	O.L.y	11011	001
Glv	Glv		Ile	Tvr	Thr	Lvs		Leu	Val	Leu	Ser		Glv	Ara	Glv
	290			- 4		295	-4-				300		2	5	
Gly	Val	Leu	Phe	Ser	Asn	Asn	Lys	Ala	Ala	Asn	Ala	Thr	Pro	Lys	Gly
305					310					315				-	320
Gly	Ala	Ile	Ala	Ile	Leu	Asp	Ser	Gly	Glu	Ile	Ser	Ile	Ser	Ala	Asp
				325					330					335	
Leu	Gly	Asn		Ile	Phe	Glu	Gly			Thr	Ser	Thr		Gly	Ser
	*1-	0	340	673°	•	•	• • •	345		-		a	350		T
Pro	Ala			ınr	Arg	ASI				Leu	Ala			ATA	Lys
Dho	T.ou	355		7 ~~	λla	·mh~	360		7000	Lys	17-7	365		(The page	yen
FILE	370	Moli	neu	my	ALG	375		GIY	ASII	шуа	380	110	FIIC	171	mpp
Pro		Thr	Ser	Ser	Glv			Asp	Lvs	Leu		Leu	Asn	Lvs	Ala
385					390			_		395					400
Asp	Ala	Gly	Ser	Gly	Asn	Thr	Tyr			Tyr	Ile	Val	Phe	Ser	Gly
	_			405			_		410			_	_	·415	
Glu	Lys	Leu		Glu	Glu	Glu		-	_	Pro	Asp	Asn			Ser
Mla	m)	(T)	420	27-	T7 - 7	~1		425		~1		T	430		T * * * *
THE	PHE	435		ALA	vaı	GIU	ьеи 440			Gly	Ата	445		neu	пуъ
Asn	Glv		-	Val	Val	Δla	_			Thr	Gln			Glv	Ser
-mp	450			val	144	455					460		. 014		
Lvs			Met	Asp	Glv			Thr	Phe	Glu			Ala	Glu	Gly
465					470					475					480
Val	Thr	Leu	Asn	Gly	Leu	Ala	Ile	Asn	Ile	Asp	Ser	Leu	. Asp	Gly	Thr
				485					490					495	
Asn	Lys	Ala	Ile	Ile	Lys	Ala	Thr	Ala	Ala	Ser	Lys	Asp	Val	. Ala	. Leu
			500					505					510		
Ser	Gly			Met	Leu	Val	_		Gln	Gly	Asn	_	-	Glu	His
TT-2	N	515		. di	. Al	<u> </u>	520		. D	. T	T7 -	525			. א ו –
nis	530		ser	GII	r GTM	535		. Pne	PIC	Leu	540		, цеп	ı ser	MIS
Gln			Met	Thr	Thr			Tle	Pro	Asp) T] e	. T.e.:	Agr
545	_		- 100		550					555					560
		Asn	His	Tyr			Gln	Glv	Thr	Gly		: Ile	e Val	Tr	

570 565 Asp Asp Ala Thr Ala Lys Thr Lys Asn Ala Thr Leu Thr Trp Thr Lys 580 585 Thr Gly Tyr Lys Pro Asn Pro Glu Arg Gln Gly Pro Leu Val Pro Asn Ser Leu Trp Gly Ser Phe Val Asp Val Arg Ser Ile Gln Ser Leu Met 615 620 Asp Arg Ser Thr Ser Ser Leu Ser Ser Ser Thr Asn Leu Trp Val Ser 630 635 Gly Ile Ala Asp Phe Leu His Glu Asp Gln Lys Gly Asn Gln Arg Ser 645 650 Tyr Arg His Ser Ser Ala Gly Tyr Ala Leu Gly Gly Gly Phe Phe Thr 665 Ala Ser Glu Asn Phe Phe Asn Phe Ala Phe Cys Gln Leu Phe Gly Tyr 680 Asp Lys Asp His Leu Val Ala Lys Asn His Thr His Val Tyr Ala Gly 695 700 Ala Met Ser Tyr Arg His Leu Gly Glu Ser Lys Thr Leu Ala Lys Ile • 710 715 Leu Ser Gly Asn Ser Asp Ser Leu Pro Phe Val Phe Asn Ala Arg Phe 725 730 Ala Tyr Gly His Thr Asp Asn Asn Met Thr Thr Lys Tyr Thr Gly Tyr 745 Ser Pro Val Lys Gly Ser Trp Gly Asn Asp Ala Phe Gly Ile Glu Cys 760 Gly Gly Ala Ile Pro Val Val Ala Ser Gly Arg Arg Ser Trp Val Asp 775 780 Thr His Thr Pro Phe Leu Asn Leu Glu Met Ile Tyr Ala His Gln Asn 790 795 Asp Phe Lys Glu Asn Gly Thr Glu Gly Arg Ser Phe Gln Ser Glu Asp 805 810 Leu Phe Asn Leu Ala Val Pro Val Gly Ile Lys Phe Glu Lys Phe Ser 820 - ,825 Asp Lys Ser Thr Tyr Asp Leu Ser Ile Ala Tyr Val Pro Asp Val Ile 835 840 · 845 Arg Asn Asp Pro Gly Cys Thr Thr Leu Met Val Ser Gly Asp Ser 855 860 Trp Ser Thr Cys Gly Thr Ser Leu Ser Arg Gln Ala Leu Leu Val Arg 865 870 875 Ala Gly Asn His His Ala Phe Ala Ser Asn Phe Glu Val Phe Ser Gln 885 890 Phe Glu Val Glu Leu Arg Gly Ser Ser Arg Ser Tyr Ala Ile Asp Leu 900 905 910 Gly Gly Arg Phe Gly Phe

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:13:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 2787 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

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- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Genomic DNA
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:13:

ATGAAATCCT	CTCTTCATTG	GTTTGTAATC	TCGTCATCTT	TAGCACTTCC	CTTGTCACTA	60
AATTTCTCTG	CGTTTGCTGC	TGTTGTTGAA	ATCAATCTAG	GACCTACCAA	TAGCTTCTCT	120
GGACCAGGAA	CCTACACTCC	TCCAGCCCAA	ACAACAAATG	CAGATGGAAC	TATCTATAAT	180
CTAACAGGGG	ATGTCTCAAT	CACCAATGCA	GGATCTCCGA	CAGCTCTAAC	CGCTTCCTGC	240
TTTAAAGAAA	CTACTGGGAA	TCTTTCTTTC	CAAGGCCACG	GCTACCAATT	TCTCCTACAA	300
AATATCGATG	CGGGAGCGAA	CTGTACCTTT	ACCAATACAG	CTGCAAATAA	GCTTCTCTCC	360
			CAAACCACGA			420
			CAGTCGAACT			480
			CAAGGCAGCT			540
			ACGCAAAAAG			600
GGAGGGATTA	CAATTAACAA	TACGTTAAAC	TCAGCATCAT	TTTCTGAAAA	TACCGCGGCG	660
			AGCAGTTTTA			720
			TCAGCTACAG			780
			CTATCAGACA			840
			ATTTATACTG			900
			GCTATAGATA			960
			AGTCTTTCGG			1020
			TCTTCGAGTC			1080
			GTACAGCTGC			1140
		•	CATACTGCAG			1200
			GCATATCAAG			1260
			GCTGATAATC			1320
			CTTAAATCAG			1380
			CTCATGGATG			1440
			CTCAATGTAG			1500
			CAGACAGTCA			1560
			GATGTCTCTT			1620
			GCGAATATTC			1680
			GGATACCAAG			1740
			GCGACTCTTA			1800
			GTTGCTAACA			1860
			ACTAAAGTAC			1920
			TTCCATAAAG			1980
			GTAGGAGCGA			2040
			TTCGGGAAAG			2100
			CTCCATCTCC			2160
			TCTGAAAGTG			2220
			ACTATGAAAA			2280
			TGCGCTCTGG			2340
			CACGCGTATT			2400
			GAACGTAATA			2460
					GAGATTCTCG	2520
					CTATCGTAAG	2580
					TACAGGAACG	2640
					CTCTCCAAAT	2700
					CTACAATGCA	2760
	GTAAGTTCCA					2787
CALCIZONO	- Januara Cur					

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:14:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 928 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:14:

Met 1	Lys	Ser	Ser	Leu 5	His	Trp	Phe	Val	Ile 10	Ser	Ser	Ser	Leu	Ala 15	Leu
Pro	Leu	Ser	Leu 20	Asn	Phe	Ser	Ala	Phe 25	Ala	Ala	Val	Val	Glu 30	Ile	Asn
Leu	Gly	Pro 35	Thr	Asn	Ser	Phe	Ser 40	Gly	Pro	Gly	Thr	Tyr 45	Thr	Pro	Pro
Ala	Gln 50	Thr	Thr	Asn	Ala	Asp 55	Gly	Thr	Ile	Tyr	Asn 60	Leu	Thr	Gly	Asp
65					70					75				Ser	80
				85					90				_	Tyr 95	
	j.		100					105					110	Thr	
Thr		Ala 115	Asn	Lys	Leu	Leu	Ser 120	Phe	Ser	Gly	Phe	Ser 125	Tyr	Leu	Ser
	130					135	-				140		•	Lys	
Thr 145	Gly	Ala	Cys	Ser	Ile 150	Gln	Ser	Asn	Tyr	Ser 155	Cys	Tyr	Phe	Gly	Gln 160
Asn	Phe	Ser	Asn	Asp 165	Asn	Gly	Gly	Ala	Leu 170	Gln	Gly	Ser	Ser	Ile 175	Ser
Leu	Ser	Leu	Asn 180	Pro	Asn	Leu	Thr	Phe 185	Ala	Lys	Asn	Lys	Ala 190	Thr	Gln
Lys	Gly	Gly 195	Ala	Leu	Tyr	Ser	Thr 200	Gly	Gly	Ile	Thr	11e 205	Asn	Asn	Thr
	210					215					220			Gly	
225					230				٠, ٠	235		J.	:		240
				245		•		:	250				:	Gly 255	
	_		260		.•	-	٠,	265	_			3.	270	Leu	
_	-,	275					280	,				285		Ser	
	290					295					300				Thr
305					310	*1				315	-			٠,	Gly 320
				325					330	٠				335	
_	_		340					345					350		Ser
		355					360					365			Ala -
_	370					375			_		380		_		Tyr
385					390					395					Asn 400
		-		405			_		410		-		-	415	
Val	Phe	Ser	Gly	Glu	Lys	Leu	Ser	Glu	Ala	Glu	Ala	Ala	Glu	Ala	Asp
			420				~:	425			_		430		Gln

		425					440					445			
T	0	435	Trra	202	C1	11-1	440	T ON	Wa I	አነっ		445	Phe	Car	Gl n
Leu	450	Leu	гуѕ	ser	_	455	IIII	Leu	vai	ALA	195 460	SEL	FIIC	Der	GIII
Ser		Glv	Ser	Thr			Met	asa	Ala	Glv		Thr	Leu	Glu	Thr
465		<u></u>			470					475					480
	Asp	Glv	Ile			Asn	Asn	Leu	Val	Leu	Asn	Val	Asp	Ser	Leu
	•	•		485					490				_	495	
Lys	Glu	Thr	Lys	Lys	Ala	Thr	Leu	Lys	Ala	Thr	Gln	Ala	Ser	Gln	Thr
			500					505					510		
Val	Thr	Leu	Ser	Gly	Ser	Leu	Ser	Leu	Val	Asp	Pro	Ser	Gly	Asn	Val
		515					520				_	525			
Tyr		Asp	Val	Ser	Trp		Asn	Pro	Gln	Val		Ser	Cys	Leu	Thr
	530		•	3	D	535	3	~1 ~	***	T1 ~	540	N	T	71-	77.
	Thr	Ala	Asp	Asp	550	AIa	Asn	TIE	HIS	555	Thr	Asp	Leu	ALA	560
545	Dro	T.em	Glu	Lare		Pro	Tle	uic	Try		ጥኒታዮ	Gln	Gly	Δen	
rap	PLU	пеп	Giu	565	ASH	110	110	1110	570	CLY	* y =	4111	GT y	575	
Δla	Len	Ser	Tro		Glu	Asp	Thr	Ala		Lvs	Ser	Lvs	Ala		Thr
			_			_						-	590		
Leu	Thr	Trp	Thr	Lys	Thr	Gly	Tyr						Arg	Arg	Gly
		595		•		-			. 45			605		_	-
Thr	Leu	Val	Ala	Asn	Thr	Leu	Trp	Gly	Ser	· Phe	Val	Asp	Val	Arg	Ser
	610	•				615				- '	.620			-	
	Gln	Gln	Leu	Val		Thr	Lys	_Val	Arg			Gln	Glu	Thr	
625					630		_	_		635		`	_	_	640
Gly	Ile	Trp	Cys		GIY						His	Lys	Asp		Thr
T	*1.	*	T	645	Dho				650		Glar	There	Val	655	Glaz
пуs	TIE	ASII	660	GTÅ	PHE	ALG	urs	665		Ата	Gry	TYL	670	Val	GIY
Ala	Thr	Thr		Leu	Ala	Ser	Asp			Ile	Thr	Ala	Ala	Phe	Cvs
												685			- 2
Gln	Leu	Phe	Gly	Lys	Asp	Arg	Asp	His	Phe	Ile	Asn	Lys	Asn	Arg	Ala
	690					695		- :	. • •		.700			**	. 2. 1. 2
Ser	Ala	Tyr	Ala	Ala	Ser	Leu	His	Leu					Thr	Leu	
705						:				715		17 -			720
Ser	Pro	Ser	Leu				Leu	Pro				Ser	Glu		Pro
**- 7	-	Db.=		725		-	Com		730		 		7 cm	735	Mot
vaı	Leu	Pne	740		GLII	TTE	Ser	745		· TAT			750	TIIL	Met
Lvs	Thr	ጥህን			Gln	Ala	Pro							Tvr	Asn
шуз	# 111	755			0.2.2		760		<u> </u>			765		-1-	
Asp	Gly	Cys	Ala	Leu	Glu	Leu	Ala	Ser	Ser	Leu	Pro	His	Thr	Ala	Leu
•	770	_								-	780				
Ser	His	Glu	Gly	Leu	Phe	His	Ala	Туг	Phe	Pro	Phe	Ile	Lys	Val	Glu
785					790					795		^ '	•		- 800
Ala	Ser	Tyr	Ile			Asp	Ser	Phe			Arg	Asn	Thr		Leu
-	_	_	 1	805					810		171	0	. ** 1	815	
vaı	Arg	Ser			ser	GIA	ASP			ASI	ı vaı	sei	830		Ile
Gly		Th.	820 Dhe) Aro	Dhe	. Car	825 200		. Glv	Δτα	r Alla			Glu
Gry	110	835		GIU	nig	, while	840		, noi	. 010	9	845		-1-	
Ala	Thr			Tvr	· Val	Ala			l Tvr	. Arc	. Lvs			Asp	Cys
	850			-1-		855			- 1 -	5	860				. 2 -
Thr			Leu	Lev	ı Ile	Asr	ı Asr	Thi	r Sei	Trp	Lys	Thi	Thr	Gly	Thr
865					870)				875	5				880
Asn	Leu	Ser	Arg			Gly	/ Ile	e Gly			a Gly	/ Ile	e Phe		Ala
				885	5				890)				895	,

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Phe Ser Pro Asn Leu Glu Val Thr Ser Asn Leu Ser Met Glu Ile Arg
900 905 910

Gly Ser Ser Arg Ser Tyr Asn Ala Asp Leu Gly Gly Lys Phe Gln Phe
915 920 925

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:15:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 2793 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Genomic DNA
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:15:

ATGAAAATAC CCTTGCACAA ACTCCTGATC TCTTCGACTC TTGTCACTCC CATTCTATTG AGCATTGCAA CTTACGGAGC AGATGCTTCT TTATCCCCTA CAGATAGCTT TGATGGAGCG 120 GGCGGCTCTA CATTTACTCC AAAATCTACA GCAGATGCCA ATGGAACGAA CTATGTCTTA 180 TCAGGAAATG TCTATATAAA CGATGCTGGG AAAGGCACAG CATTAACAGG CTGCTGCTTT 240 ACAGAAACTA CGGGTGATCT GACATTTACT GGAAAGGGAT ACTCATTTTC ATTCAACACG 300 GTAGATGCGG GTTCGAATGC AGGAGCTGCG GCAAGCACAA CTGCTGATAA AGCCCTAACA 360 TTCACAGGAT TTTCTAACCT TTCCTTCATT GCAGCTCCTG GAACTACAGT TGCTTCAGGA 420 AAAAGTACTT TAAGTTCTGC AGGAGCCTTA AATCTTACCG ATAATGGAAC GATTCTCTTT 480 AGCCAAAACG TCTCCAATGA AGCTAATAAC AATGGCGGAG CGATCACCAC AAAAACTCTT 540 TCTATTTCTG GGAATACCTC TTCTATAACC TTCACTAGTA ATAGCGCAAA AAAATTAGGT 600 GGAGCGATCT ATAGCTCTGC GGCTGCAAGT ATTTCAGGAA ACACCGGCCA GTTAGTCTTT ATGAATAATA AAGGAGAAAC TGGGGGCGGG GCTCTGGGCT TTGAAGCCAG CTCCTCGATT ACTCAAAATA GCTCCCTTTT CTTCTCTGGA AACACTGCAA CAGATGCTGC AGGCAAGGGC GGGCCATTT ATTGTGAAAA AACAGGAGAG ACTCCTACTC TTACTATCTC TGGAAATAAA AGTCTGACCT TCGCCGAGAA CTCTTCAGTA ACTCAAGGCG GAGCAATCTG TGCCCATGGT 900 960 CTAGATCTTT CCGCTGCTGG CCCTACCCTA TTTTCAAATA ATAGATGCGG GAACACAGCT GCAGGCAAGG GCGCCCTAT TGCAATTGCC GACTCTGGAT CTTTAAGTCT CTCTGCAAAT 1020 1080 CAAGGAGACA TCACGTTCCT TGGCAACACT CTAACCTCAA CCTCCGCGCC AACATCGACA CGGAATGCTA TCTACCTGGG ATCGTCAGCA AAAATTACGA ACTTAAGGGC AGCCCAAGGC 1140 CAATCTATCT ATTTCTATGA TCCGATTGCA TCTAACACCA CAGGAGCTTC AGACGTTCTG 1260 ACCATCAACC AACCGGATAG CAACTCGCCT TTAGATTATT CAGGAACGAT TGTATTTTCT 1320 GGGGAAAAGC TCTCTGCAGA TGAAGCGAAA GCTGCTGATA ACTTCACATC TATATTAAAG CAACCATTGG CTCTAGCCTC TGGAACCTTA GCACTCAAAG GAAATGTCGA GTTAGATGTC 1380 AATGGTTTCA CACAGACTGA AGGCTCTACA CTCCTCATGC AACCAGGAAC AAAGCTCAAA GCAGATACTG AAGCTATCAG TCTTACCAAA CTTGTCGTTG ATCTTTCTGC CTTAGAGGGA AATAAGAGTG TGTCCATTGA AACAGCAGGA GCCAACAAAA CTATAACTCT AACCTCTCCT CTTGTTTTCC AAGATAGTAG CGGCAATTTT TATGAAAGCC ATACGATAAA CCAAGCCTTC ACGCAGCCTT TGGTGGTATT CACTGCTGCT ACTGCTGCTA GCGATATTTA TATCGATGCG CTTCTCACTT CTCCAGTACA AACTCCAGAA CCTCATTACG GGTATCAGGG ACATTGGGAA 1740 1800 GCCACTTGGG CAGACACATC AACTGCAAAA TCAGGAACTA TGACTTGGGT AACTACGGGC TACAACCCTA ATCCTGAGCG TAGAGCTTCC GTAGTTCCCG ATTCATTATG GGCATCCTTT 1360 ACTGACATTC GCACTCTACA GCAGATCATG ACATCTCAAG CGAATAGTAT CTATCAGCAA : - 80 CGAGGACTCT GGGCATCAGG AACTGCGAAT TTCTTCCATA AGGATAAATC AGGAACTAAC 2040 CAAGCATTCC GACATAAAAG CTACGGCTAT ATTGTTGGAG GAAGTGCTGA AGATTTTTCT GAAAATATCT TCAGTGTAGC TTTCTGCCAG CTCTTCGGTA AAGATAAAGA CCTGTTTATA 2100 GTTGAAAATA CCTCTCATAA CTATTTAGCG TCGCTATACC TGCAACATCG AGCATTCCTA 2160 GGAGGACTTC CCATGCCCTC ATTTGGAAGT ATCACCGACA TGCTGAAAGA TATTCCTCTC 2220 ATTTTGAATG CCCAGCTAAG CTACAGCTAC ACTAAAAATG ATATGGATAC TCGCTATACT TCCTATCCTG AAGCTCAAGG TTCTTGGACC AATAATTCTG GGGCTCTAGA GCTCGGAGGA 2340 TCTCTGGCTC TATATCTCCC TAAAGAAGCA CCGTTCTTCC AGGGATATTT CCCCTTCTTA 2400

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AAGTTCCAGG	CAGTCTACAG	CCGCCAACAA	AACTTTAAAG	AGAGTGGCGC	TGAAGCCCGT	2460
GCTTTTGATG	ATGGAGACCT	AGTGAACTGC	TCTATCCCTG	TCGGCATTCG	GTTAGAAAAA	2520
ATCTCCGAAG	ATGAAAAAA	TAATTTCGAG	ATTTCTCTAG	CCAACATTGG	TGATGTGTAT	2580
CGTAAAAATC	CCCGTTCGCG	TACTTCTCTA	ATGGTCAGTG	GAGCCTCTTG	GACTTCGCTA	2640
TGTAAAAACC	TCGCACGACA	AGCCTTCTTA	GCAAGTGCTG	GAAGCCATCT	GACTCTCTCC	2700
CCTCATGTAG	AACTCTCTGG	GGAAGCTGCT	TATGAGCTTC	GTGGCTCAGC	ACACATCTAC	2760
AATGTAGATT	GTGGGCTAAG	ATACTCATTC	TAG			2793

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:16:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 930 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:16:

	12		,1001		2200		. LOIL .	. 024		110.1					
Met 1	Lys	Ile	Pro	Leu 5	His	Lys	Leu	Leu	Ile 10	Ser	Ser	Thr	Leu	Val 15	Thr
Pro	Ile	Leu	Leu 20	Ser	Ile	Ala ,.	Thr	Tyr 25	Gly	Ala	Asp	Ala	Ser 30	Leu	Ser
Pro	Thr	Asp 35	Ser	Phe	Asp	Gly	Ala 40	Gly	Gly	Ser	Thr	Phe 45	Thr	Pro	Lys
	50		_			55			_	Val	60		-		
65			. •	•:	70	-				Leu 75					80
				85	-				90	Gly	_		_	95	
			100			· ···	. :	105		Ala		• ′	110	٠.,	
		115	.:	; المحت		s F	120			Gly		125	• •		
	130	:	11	. , .	• -	135	1.1	: :	Š	Ser	. 140	_	•		
Ser	Ser	Ala	Gly	Ala	Leu 150	Asn			Asp	Asn 155	Gly	Thr	Ile	Leu	Phe 160
	Gln	Asn	Val	Ser			Ala			Asn	Gly	Gly	Ala	Ile	
				165			. •		170			. •	- ,	175	
		v:	180					185		Ser			190		
		195		-			200			Ile	_	205			
	210			_		215	٠.			Val	220				_
Gly 225	Glu	Thr	Gly	Gly	Gly 230	Ala		Gly	Phe	Glu 235	Ala	Ser	Ser	Ser	Ile 240
Thr	Gln	Asn	Ser	Ser 245	Leu	Phe	Phe	Ser	Gly 250	Asn	Thr	Ala	Thr	Asp 255	Ala
	-	-	260	_			_	265		Lys		-	270		
		275			-		280			Thr		285			
Ser	Val	Thr	Gln	Gly	Gly	Ala	Ile	Cys	Ala	His	Gly	Leu	Asp	Leu	Ser

295 300 Ala Ala Gly Pro Thr Leu Phe Ser Asn Asn Arg Cys Gly Asn Thr Ala 310 315 Ala Gly Lys Gly Gly Ala Ile Ala Ile Ala Asp Ser Gly Ser Leu Ser 325 330 Leu Ser Ala Asn Gln Gly Asp Ile Thr Phe Leu Gly Asn Thr Leu Thr 340 345 Ser Thr Ser Ala Pro Thr Ser Thr Arg Asn Ala Ile Tyr Leu Gly Ser 360 Ser Ala Lys Ile Thr Asn Leu Arg Ala Ala Gln Gly Gln Ser Ile Tyr 375 Phe Tyr Asp Pro Ile Ala Ser Asn Thr Thr Gly Ala Ser Asp Val Leu 390 395 Thr Ile Asn Gln Pro Asp Ser Asn Ser Pro Leu Asp Tyr Ser Gly Thr 405 410 Ile Val Phe Ser Gly Glu Lys Leu Ser Ala Asp Glu Ala Lys Ala Ala 420 425 Asp Asn Phe Thr Ser Ile Leu Lys Gln Pro Leu Ala Leu Ala Ser Gly 440 Thr Leu Ala Leu Lys Gly Asn Val Glu Leu Asp Val Asn Gly Phe Thr 455 Gln Thr Glu Gly Ser Thr Leu Leu Met Gln Pro Gly Thr Lys Leu Lys 470 475 Ala Asp Thr Glu Ala Ile Ser Leu Thr Lys Leu Val Val Asp Leu Ser 490 Ala Leu Glu Gly Asn Lys Ser Val Ser Ile Glu Thr Ala Gly Ala Asn 500 505 Lys Thr Ile Thr Leu Thr Ser Pro Leu Val Phe Gln Asp Ser Ser Gly 520 Asn Phe Tyr Glu Ser His Thr Ile Asn Gln Ala Phe Thr Gln Pro Leu 535 Val Val Phe Thr Ala Ala Thr Ala Ala Ser Asp Ile Tyr Ile Asp Ala 550 555 Leu Leu Thr Ser Pro Val Gln Thr Pro Glu Pro His Tyr Gly Tyr Gln 570 565 . Gly His Trp Glu Ala Thr Trp Ala Asp Thr Ser Thr Ala Lys Ser Gly 580 585 Thr Met Thr Trp Val Thr Thr Gly Tyr Asn Pro Asn Pro Glu Arg Arg 595 600 Ala Ser Val Val Pro Asp Ser Leu Trp Ala Ser Phe Thr Asp Ile Arg 615 620 Thr Leu Gln Gln Ile Met Thr Ser Gln Ala Asn Ser Ile Tyr Gln Gln 630 635 Arg Gly Leu Trp Ala Ser Gly Thr Ala Asn Phe Phe His Lys Asp Lys 645 . 650 . Ser Gly Thr Asn Gln Ala Phe Arg His Lys Ser Tyr Gly Tyr Ile Val 665 Gly Gly Ser Ala Glu Asp Phe Ser Glu Asn Ile Phe Ser Val Ala Phe 680 Cys Gln Leu Phe Gly Lys Asp Lys Asp Leu Phe Ile Val Glu Asn Thr 695 700 Ser His Asn Tyr Leu Ala Ser Leu Tyr Leu Gln His Arg Ala Phe Leu 710 715 Gly Gly Leu Pro Met Pro Ser Phe Gly Ser Ile Thr Asp Met Leu Lys 725 730 Asp Ile Pro Leu Ile Leu Asn Ala Gln Leu Ser Tyr Ser Tyr Thr Lys 745

Asn	Asp	Met 755	Asp	Thr	Arg	Tyr	Thr 760	Ser	Tyr	Pro	Glu	Ala 765	Gln	Gly	Ser
Trp	Thr 770	Asn	Asn	Ser	Gly	Ala 775	Leu	Glu	Leu	Gly	Gly 780	Ser	Leu	Ala	Leu
Tyr 785	Leu	Pro	Lys	Glu	Ala 790	Pro	Phe	Phe	Gln	Gly 795	Tyr	Phe	Pro	Phe	Leu 800
	Phe	Gln	Ala	Val 805	Tyr	Ser	Arg	Gln	Gln 810	Asn	Phe	Lys	Glu	Ser 815	Gly
Ala	Glu	Ala	Arg 820	Ala	Phe	Asp	Asp	Gly 825	Ąsp	Leu	Val	Asn	Cys 830	Ser	Ile
Pro	Val	Gly 835	Ile	Arg	Leu	Glu	Lys 840	Ile	Ser	Glu	Asp	Glu 845	Lys	Asn	Asn
Phe	Glu 850	Ile	Ser	Leu	Ala	Asn 855	Ile	Gly	Asp	Val	Tyr 860	Arg	Lys	Asn	Pro
Arg 865	Ser	Arg	Thr	Ser	Leu 870	Met	Val	Ser	Gly	Ala 875	Ser	Trp	Thr	Ser	Leu 880
	Lys	Asn	Leu	Ala .885		Gln	Ala	Phe	Leu 890			Ala	Gly	Ser 895	His
Leu	Thr	Leu	Ser	Pro	His	Val	Glu		Ser		Glu	Ala		Tyr	Glu
Leu	Arg	Gly 915		Ala	His	Ile	Tyr 920	Asn	Val	Asp	Cys	Gly 925		Arg	Tyr
Ser	Phe														

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:17:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 840 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid -
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Genomic DNA
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:17:

5 ×

GAAGACAATA	TAAGGTACCG	TCATAACAGC	GGGGGTTATG	CACTAGGGAT	CACAGCAACA	60
			TTCTGCCAGC			120
CATATTACAG	GTAAGAACCA	CGGAGATACT	TACGGTGCCT	CTTTGTATTT	CCACCATACA	180
GAAGGGCTCT	TCGACATCGC	CAATTTCCTC	TGGGGAAAAG	CAACCCGAGC	TCCCTGGGTG	240
			TCGTTCGATG			300
ACAGACAACC	ACATGAAGAC	ATATTATACC	GATAACTCTA	TCATCAAGGG	TTCTTGGAGA	360
			AGCCTGCCTT			420
CTTCTGAAAG	AAGTCGAACC	TTTTGTCAAA	GTACAGTATA	TCTATGCGCA	TCAGCAAGAC	480
TTCTACGAGC	GTCATGCTGA	AGGACGCGCT	TTCAATAAAA	GCGAGCTTAT	CAACGTAGAG	540
ATTCCTATAG	GCGTCACCTT	CGAAAGAGAC	TCAAAATCAG	AAAAGGGAAC	TTACGATCTT	600
ACTCTTATGT	ATATACTCGA	TGCTTACCGA	CGCAATCCTA	AATGTCAAAC	TTCCCTAATA	660
GCTAGCGATG	CTAACTGGAT	GGCCTATGGT	ACCAACCTCG	CACGACAAGG	TTTTTCTGTT	720
CGTGCTGCGA	ACCATTTCCA	AGTGAACCCC	CACATGGAAA	TCTTCGGTCA	ATTCGCTTTT	780
GAAGTACGAA	GTTCTTCACG	TAATTATAAT	ACAAACCTAG	GCTCTAAGTT	TTGTTTCTAG	840

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:18:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 279 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid

- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:18:

Glu Asp Asn Ile Arg Tyr Arg His Asn Ser Gly Gly Tyr Ala Leu Gly Ile Thr Ala Thr Thr Pro Ala Glu Asp Gln Leu Thr Phe Ala Phe Cys 25 Gln Leu Phe Ala Arg Asp Arg Asn His Ile Thr Gly Lys Asn His Gly 40 Asp Thr Tyr Gly Ala Ser Leu Tyr Phe His His Thr Glu Gly Leu Phe 55 Asp Ile-Ala Asn Phe Leu Trp Gly Lys Ala Thr Arg Ala Pro Trp Val 75 70 Leu Ser Glu Ile Ser Gln Ile Ile Pro Leu Ser Phe Asp Ala Lys Phe 85 90 Ser Tyr Leu His Thr Asp Asn His Met Lys Thr Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Asn 105 Ser Ile Ile Lys Gly Ser Trp Arg Asn Asp Ala Phe Cys Ala Asp Leu 120 Gly Ala Ser Leu Pro Phe Val Ile Ser Val Pro Tyr Leu Leu Lys Glu 135 140 Val Glu Pro Phe Val Lys Val Gln Tyr Ile Tyr Ala His Gln Gln Asp 150 155 Phe Tyr Glu Arg His Ala Glu Gly Arg Ala Phe Asn Lys Ser Glu Leu 170 Ile Asn Val Glu Ile Pro Ile Gly Val Thr Phe Glu Arg Asp Ser Lys 185 Ser Glu Lys Gly Thr Tyr Asp Leu Thr Leu Met Tyr Ile Leu Asp Ala 200 Tyr Arg Arg Asn Pro Lys Cys Gln Thr Ser Leu Ile Ala Ser Asp Ala 215 220 Asn Trp Met Ala Tyr Gly Thr Asn Leu Ala Arg Gln Gly Phe Ser Val 230 235 Arg Ala.Ala Asn His Phe Gln Val Asn Pro His Met Glu Ile Phe Gly 245 . 250 Gln Phe Ala Phe Glu Val Arg Ser Ser Ser Arg Asn Tyr Asn Thr Asn 260 265 Leu Gly Ser Lys Phe Cys Phe

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:19:
- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1545 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Genomic DNA
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:19:

			GGTTATAACG			120
			GGAACTTCTT			180
			GATGCTGGGG			240
			TTCACTTTTC			300
			GACACCACTC			360
			CCTCAAGGAC			420
			GTGACTTTCT			480
			TTAGGTTCTA			540
			AGAGACTATG			600
			ACTCGAGGAC			660
			GGAGCCATTG			720
			ATCTTCAAAG			780
			CAATCTGGAG			840
			GATCCTATAA			900
			GGAAAGGAAA			960
			GTTTGTGCGG			1020
			CTCTCTCTAT			1080
			ACGCTTACTA			1140
			CTGCACATCC			1200
			AAGGATGCTC			1260
			TATGACTTTC			1320
			TCTTTTGACA			1380
			AATGACGCCG			1440
					AACTAAGAAA	1500
ACTGTTTTCC	TCACTTGGAA	TCCTGAGATC	ACTTCTACGC	CATAA	ë	1545

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:20:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 514 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:20:

Met 1	Thr	Ile	Leu	Arg 5	Asn	Phe	Leu		Cys 10	Ser	Ala	Leu	Phe :	Leu 15	Ala
	Pro	Ala	Ala 20	_	Gln	Val		Tyr 25	Leu	His	Glu	Ser	Asp 30	Gly	Tyr
Asn	Gly	Ala 35		Asn	Asn	Lys	Ser 40	Leu	Glu	Pro	Lys	Ile 45	Thr	Cys	Tyr
Pro	Glu 50	Gly	Thr	Ser	Tyr	Ile 55	Phe	Leu	Asp	Asp	Val 60	Arg	Ile	Ser	Asn
Val 65	Lys	His	Asp	Gln	Glu 70	Asp	Ala	Gly	Val	Phe 75	Ile	Asn	Arg	Ser	Gly 80
	Leu	Phe	Phe	Met 85	Gly	Asn	Arg	Cys	Asn 90	Phe	Thr	Phe	His	Asn 95	Leu
Met	Thr	Glu	Gly 100	Phe	Gly	Ala	Ala	Ile 105	Ser	Asn	Arg	Val	Gly 110	Asp	Thr
Thr	Leu	Thr 115		Ser	Asn	Phe	Ser 120	Tyr	Leu	Thr	Phe	Thr 125	Ser	Ala	Pro
T.211	Leu		Gln	Gly	Gln			Ile	Tyr	Ser		Gly	Ser	Val	Met
пси	130					135					140				

68

145					150					155					160
Ser	Gly	Ala	Ala	Ile 165	Tyr	Thr	Pro	Tyr	Leu 170	Leu	Gly	Ser	Lys	Ala 175	Ser
Arg	Pro	Ser	Val 180	Asn	Leu	Ser	Gly	Asn 185	Arg	Tyr	Leu	Val	Phe 190	Arg	Asp
Tyr	Val	Ser 195	Gln	Gly	Tyr	Gly	Gly 200	Ala	Val	Ser	Thr	His 205	Asn	Leu	Thr
Leu	Thr 210	Thr	Arg	Gly	Pro	Ser 215	Cys	Phe	Glu	Asn	Asn 220	His	Ala	Tyr	His
225					230					235			Gly		240
				245					250				Gly	255	
			260					265					Leu 270		
		275					280					285	Gly		
	290					295		٠			300		Thr		
305					310					315			Thr		320
				325	•				330				Glu	335	
			340					345			_	_	Thr 350		
		355					360					365	Gln		
	370					375		-			380		Cys		-
385					390					395		_	Thr	_	400
				405					410				Leu	415	
			420					425		-			Val 430		
		.435		-			440					445	Glu Leu		
_	450			_		455			-		460				
465					470					475			Trp		480
				485					490				Arg	495	
		гуѕ	500	Thr	val	rne	ьeu	505	ırp	Asn	Pro	GIU	11e 510		ser
Thr	Pro														

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:21:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 787 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Genomic DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:21:

ATGAAAACGT	CTATTCGTAA	GTTCTTAATT	TCTACCACAC	TGGCGCCATG	TTTTGCTTCA	60
ACAGCGTTTA	CTGTAGAAGT	TATCATGCCT	TCCGAGAACT	TTGATGGATC	GAGTGGGAAG	120
ATTTTTCCTT	ACACAACACT	TTCTGATCCT	AGAGGGACAC	TCTGTATTTT	TTCAGGGGAT	180
CTCTACATTG	CGAATCTTGA	TAATGCCATA	TCCAGAACCT	CTTCCAGTTG	CTTTAGCAAT	240
AGGGCGGGAG	CACTACAAAT	CTTAGGAAAA	GGTGGGGTTT	TCTCCTTCTT	AAATATCCGT	300
TCTTCAGCTG	ACGGAGCCGC	GATTAGTAGT	GTAATCACCC	AAAATCCTGA	ACTATGTCCC	360
TTGAGTTTTT	CAGGATTTAG	TCAGATGATC	TTCGATAACT	GTGAATCTTT	GACTTCAGAT	420
ACCTCAGCGA	GTAATGTCAT	ACCTCACGCA	TCGGCGATTT	ACGCTACAAC	GCCCATGCTC	480
TTTACAAACA	ATGACTCCAT	ACTATTCCAA	TACAACCGTT	CTGCAGGATT	TGGAGCTGCC	540
ATTCGAGGCA	CAAGCATCAC	AATAGAAAAT	ACGAAAAAGA	GCCTTCTCTT	TAATGGTAAT	600
GGATCCATCT	CTAATGGAGG	GGCCCTCACG	GGATCTGCAG	CGATCAACCT	CATCAACAAT	660
AGCGCTCCTG	TGATTTTCTC	AACGAATGCT	ACAGGGATCT	ATGGTGGGGC	TATTTACCTT	720
ACCGGAGGAT	CTATGCTCAC	CTCTGGGAAC	CTCTCAGGAG	TCTTGTTCGT	TTATAATAGC	780
TCGCGCT						787

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:22:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 262 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:22:

Met 1	Lys	Thr	Ser	Ile 5	Arg	Lys	Phe	Leu	Ile 10	Ser	Thr	Thr	Leu	Ala 15	Pro
Cys	Phe	Ala	Ser 20	Thr	Ala	Phe				Val		Met	Pro	Ser	
Asn	Phe	Asp 35	Gly	Ser	Ser	_	Lys 40	Ile		Pro	_		Thr	Leu	Ser
Asp	Pro 50	Arg	Gly	Thr	Leu	Cys. 55	Ile	Phe	Ser:	_	Asp .60	Leu	Tyr	.Ile	Ala
Asn 65	Leu	Asp	Asn	Ala	Ile 70		Arg		Ser		Ser	Cys	Phe		Asn 80
Arg	Ala	Gly	Ala	Leu 85	Gln	Ile	Leu	Gly	Lys 90	Gly	Gly	Val-	Phe.	Ser 95	-Phe
Leu	Asn	Ile	Arg 100	Ser	Ser	Ala	Asp	Gly 105		Ala		Ser	Ser 110	Val	Ile
Thr	Gln	Asn 115	Pro		Leu		Pro 120	Leu	Ser	Phe		Gly 125	Phe	Ser	Gln
Met	Ile 130	Phe	Asp	Asn	Cys	Glu 135	Ser	Leu	Thr	Ser	Asp 140	Thr	Ser	Ala	Ser
Asn 145	Val	Ile	Pro	His	Ala 150	Ser	Ala	Ile	Tyr	Ala 155	Thr	Thr	Pro	Met	Leu 160
Phe	Thr	Asn	Asn	Asp 165	Ser	Ile	Leu	Phe	Gln 170	.Tyr	Asn	Arg	Ser	Ala 175	Gly
Phe	Gly	Ala	Ala 180	Ile	Arg	Gly	Thr	Ser 185	Ile	Thr	Ile	Glu	Asn 190	Thr	Lys
Lys	Ser	Leu 195	Leu	Phe	Asn	Gly	Asn 200	Gly	Ser	Ile	Ser	Asn 205	Gly	Gly	Ala
Leu	Thr 210	Gly	Ser	Ala	Ala	Ile 215	Asn	Leu	Ile	Asn	Asn 220	Ser	Ala	Pro	Val

70

 Ile
 Phe
 Ser
 Thr
 Asn
 Ala
 Thr
 Gly
 Ile
 Tyr
 Gly
 Gly
 Ala
 Ile
 Tyr
 Leu

 225
 230
 235
 235
 240
 240

 Thr
 Gly
 Gly
 Asn
 Leu
 Ser
 Gly
 Val
 Leu
 Phe

 245
 250
 250
 255
 255
 Val
 Tyr
 Asn
 Ser
 Ser
 Arg

 260
 260
 260
 250
 250
 250
 250
 250

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:23:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 2838 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Genomic DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:23:

ATGAAGACTT CAGTTTCTAT GTTGTTGGCC CTGCTTTGCT CGGGGGCTAG CTCTATTGTA 60 CTCCATGCCG CAACCACTCC ACTAAATCCT GAAGATGGGT TTATTGGGGA GGGCAATACA 120 AATACTTTTT CTCCGAAATC TACAACGGAT GCTGCAGGAA CTACCTACTC TCTCACAGGA 180 GAGGTTCTGT TTATAGATCC GGGGAAAGGT GGTTCAATTA CAGGAACTTG CTTTGTAGAA 240 ACTGCTGGCG ATCTTACATT TTTAGGTAAT GGAAATACCC TAAAGTTCCT GTCGGTAGAT 300 GCAGGTGCTA ATATCGCGGT TGCTCATGTA CAAGGAAGTA AGAATTTAAG CTTCACAGAT 360 420 TTCCTTTCTC TGGTGATCAC AGAATCTCCA AAATCCGCTG TTAGTACAGG AAAAGGTAGC 480 CTAGTCAGTT CAGGTGCAGT CCAACTGCAA GATATAAACA CTCTAGTTCT TACAAGCAAT GCCTCTGTCG AAGATGGTGG CGTGATTAAA GGAAACTCCT GCTTGATTCA GGGAATCAAA 540 AATAGTGCGA TITTTGGACA AAATACATCT TCGAAAAAAG GAGGGGCGAT CTCCACGACT 600 CAAGGACTCA CCATAGAGAA TAACTTAGGG ACGCTAAAGT TCAATGAAAA CAAAGCAGTG 660 720 ACCTCAGGAG GCGCCTTAGA TTTAGGAGCC GCGTCTACAT TCACTGCGAA CCATGAGTTG ATATTTTCAC AAAATAAGAC TTCTGGGAAT GCTGCAAATG GCGGAGCCAT AAATTGCTCA 840 GGCGACCTAA CATTTACTGA TAACACTTCT TTGTTACTTC AAGAAAATAG CACAATGCAG 900 GATGGTGGAG CTTTGTGTAG CACAGGAACC ATAAGCATTA CCGGTAGTGA TTCTATCAAT 960 GTGATAGGAA ATACTTCAGG ACAAAAAGGA GGAGCGATTT CTGCAGCTTC TCTCAAGATT 1020 TTGGGAGGGC AGGGAGGCGC TCTCTTTTCT AATAACGTAG TGACTCATGC CACCCCTCTA GGAGGTGCCA TTTTTATCAA CACAGGAGGA TCCTTGCAGC TCTTCACTCA AGGAGGGGAT 1080 ATCGTATTCG AGGGGAATCA GGTCACTACA ACAGCTCCAA ATGCTACCAC TAAGAGAAAT 1140 1200 GTAATTCACC TCGAGAGCAC CGCGAAGTGG ACGGGACTTG CTGCAAGTCA AGGTAACGCT ATCTATTTCT ATGATCCCAT TACCACCAAC GATACGGGAG CAAGCGATAA CTTACGTATC 1260 AATGAGGTCA GTGCAAATCA AAAGCTCTCG GGATCTATAG TATTTTCTGG AGAGAGATTG 1320 TCGACAGCAG AAGCTATAGC TGAAAATCTT ACTTCGAGGA TCAACCAGCC TGTCACTTTA GTAGAGGGA GCTTAGAACT TAAACAGGGA GTGACCTTGA TCACACAAGG ATTCTCGCAG 1440 1500 GAGCCAGAAT CCACGCTTCT TTTGGATTTG GGGACCTCAT TACAAGCTTC TACAGAAGAT ATCGTCATCA CAAATTCATC TATAAATGCC GATACCATTT ACGGAAAGAA TCCAATCAAT 1560 1620 ATTGTAGCTT CAGCAGCGAA TAAGAACATT ACCCTAACAG GAACCTTAGC ACTTGTAAAT GCAGATGGAG CTTTGTATGA GAACCATACC TTGCAAGACT CTCAAGATTA TAGCTTTGTA AAGTTATCTC CAGGAGCGGG AGGGACTATA ATTACTCAAG ATGCTTCTCA GAAGCTTCTT GAAGTAGCTC CTTCTAGACC ACATTATGGC TATCAAGGAC ATTGGAATGT GCAAGTCATC 1860 CCAGGAACGG GAACTCAACC GAGCCAGGCA AATTTAGAAT GGGTGCGGAC AGGATACCTT CCGAATCCCG AACGGCAAGG ATTTTTAGTT CCCAATAGCC TGTGGGGTTC TTTTGTTGAT 1920 CAGCGTGCTA TCCAAGAAAT CATGGTAAAT AGTAGCCAAA TCTTATGTCA GGAACGGGGA 1980 2040 GTCTGGGGAG CTGGAATTGC TAATTTCCTA CATAGAGATA AAATTAATGA GCACGGCTAT CGCCATAGCG GTGTCGGTTA TCTTGTGGGA GTTGGCACTC ATGCTTTTTC TGATGCTACG ATAAATGCGG CTTTTTGCCA GCTCTTCAGT AGAGATAAAG ACTACGTAGT ATCCAAAAAT 2160 CATGGAACTA GCTACTCAGG GGTCGTATTT CTTGAGGATA CCCTAGAGTT TAGAAGTCCA CAGGGATTCT ATACTGATAG CTCCTCAGAA GCTTGCTGTA ACCAAGTCGT CACTATAGAT

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ATGCAGTTGT	CTTACAGCCA	TAGAAATAAT	GATATGAAAA	CCAAATACAC	GACATATCCA	2340
GAAGCTCAGG	GATCTTGGGC	AAATGATGTT	TTTGGTCTTG	AGTTTGGAGC	GACTACATAC	2400
TACTACCCTA	ACAGTACTTT	TTTATTTGAT	TACTACTCTC	CGTTTCTCAG	GCTGCAGTGC	2460
ACCTATGCTC	ACCAGGAAGA	CTTCAAAGAG	ACAGGAGGTG	AGGTTCGTCA	CTTTACTAGC	2520
GGAGATCTTT	TCAATTTAGC	AGTTCCTATT	GGCGTGAAGT	TTGAGAGATT	TTCAGACTGT	2580
AAAAGGGGAT	CTTATGAACT	TACCCTTGCT	TATGTTCCTG	ATGTGATTCG	CAAAGATCCC	2640
AAGAGCACGG	CAACATTGGC	TAGTGGAGCT	ACGTGGAGCA	CCCACGGAAA	CAATCTCTCC	2700
AGACAAGGAT	TACAACTGCG	TTTAGGGAAC	CACTGTCTCA	TAAATCCTGG	AATTGAGGTG	2760
TTCAGTCACG	GAGCTATTGA	ATTGCGGGGA	TCCTCTCGTA	ATTATAACAT	CAATCTCGGG	2820
GGTAAATACC	GATTTTAA					2838

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:24:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 946 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:24:

Met 1	Lys	Thr	Ser	Val 5	Ser	Met	Leu	Leu	Ala 10	Leu	Leu	Cys	Ser	Gly 15	Ala
Ser	Ser	Ile	Val 20	Leu	His	Ala	Ala	Thr 25	Thr	Pro	Leu	Asn	Pro 30	Glu	Asp
Gly	Phe	Ile 35	Gly	Glu	Gly	Asn	Thr 40	Asn	Thr	Phe	Ser	Pro 45	Lys	Ser	Thr
	50					55				Thr	60	٠.	·-	•	
65				٠	70		٠.	*			* •	;r '	·		80 -
				85 .			•	·	90		. ,		** *	95	
			100					105					110		Gly
Ser	Lys	Asn 115	Leu	Ser	Phe	Thr	Asp 120	Phe	Leu	Ser	Leu	Val 125	Ile :	Thr	Glu
	130	-				135					140	•			Ser
Gly 145	Ala	Val	Gln	Leu	Gln 150	Asp	Ile	Asn	Thr	Leu 155	Val	Leu	Thr	Ser	Asn 160
Ala	Ser	Val	Glu	Asp 165		Gly	Val	Ile	Lys 170	Gly	Asn		Cys	Leu 175	Ile
Gln	Gly	Ile	Lys 180	Asn	Ser	Ala	Ile	Phe 185		Gln	Asn	Thr	Ser 190	Ser	Lys
Lys	Gly	Gly 195		Ile	Ser	Thr	Thr 200		Gly	Leu	Thr	11e 205		Asn	Asn
Leu	Gly 210		Leu	Lys	Phe	Asn 215		Asn	Lys	Ala	Val 220		Ser	Gly	Gly
Ala 225		Asp	Leu	Gly	Ala 230		Ser	Thr	Phe	Thr 235		Asn	His	Glu	Leu 240
		Ser	Gln	Asn 245		Thr	Ser	Gly	Asn 250		Ala	Asn	Gly	Gly 255	Ala
Ile	Asn	Cys	Ser 260		Asp	Leu	Thr	Phe 265		Asp	Asn	Thr	Ser 270		Leu

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Leu Gln Glu Asn Ser Thr Met Gln Asp Gly Gly Ala Leu Cys Ser Thr 280 Gly Thr Ile Ser Ile Thr Gly Ser Asp Ser Ile Asn Val Ile Gly Asn 295 300 Thr Ser Gly Gln Lys Gly Gly Ala Ile Ser Ala Ala Ser Leu Lys Ile 310 315 Leu Gly Gly Gln Gly Gly Ala Leu Phe Ser Asn Asn Val Val Thr His 330 Ala Thr Pro Leu Gly Gly Ala Ile Phe Ile Asn Thr Gly Gly Ser Leu 345 Gln Leu Phe Thr Gln Gly Gly Asp Ile Val Phe Glu Gly Asn Gln Val 360 Thr Thr Ala Pro Asn Ala Thr Thr Lys Arg Asn Val Ile His Leu 375 380 Glu Ser Thr Ala Lys Trp Thr Gly Leu Ala Ala Ser Gln Gly Asn Ala 390 395 Ile Tyr Phe Tyr Asp Pro Ile Thr Thr Asn Asp Thr Gly Ala Ser Asp . 415 405 410 Asn Leu Arg Ile Asn Glu Val Ser Ala Asn Gln Lys Leu Ser Gly Ser 425 430 Ile Val Phe Ser Gly Glu Arg Leu Ser Thr Ala Glu Ala Ile Ala Glu 440 Asn Leu Thr Ser Arg Ile Asn Gln Pro Val Thr Leu Val Glu Gly Ser 455 Leu Glu Leu Lys Gln Gly Val Thr Leu Ile Thr Gln Gly Phe Ser Gln 470 475 Glu Pro Glu Ser Thr Leu Leu Leu Asp Leu Gly Thr Ser Leu Gln Ala 485 490 Ser Thr Glu Asp Ile Val Ile Thr Asn Ser Ser Ile Asn Ala Asp Thr 500 505 Ile Tyr Gly Lys Asn Pro Ile Asn Ile Val Ala Ser Ala Ala Asn Lys 520 Asn Ile Thr Leu Thr Gly Thr Leu Ala Leu Val Asn Ala Asp Gly Ala 535 540 Leu Tyr Glu Asn His Thr Leu Gln Asp Ser Gln Asp Tyr Ser Phe Val . . 550 555 560 Lys Leu Ser Pro Gly Ala Gly Gly Thr Ile Ile Thr Gln Asp Ala Ser 570 565 Gln Lys Leu Leu Glu Val Ala Pro Ser Arg Pro His Tyr Gly Tyr Gln 585 Gly His Trp Asn Val Gln Val Ile Pro Gly Thr Gly Thr Gln Pro Ser 600 • Gln Ala Asn Leu Glu Trp Val Arg Thr Gly Tyr Leu Pro Asn Pro Glu 615 Arg Gln Gly Phe Leu Val Pro Asn Ser Leu Trp Gly Ser Phe Val Asp 635 Gln Arg Ala Ile Gln Glu Ile Met Val Asn Ser Ser Gln Ile Leu Cys , 650 Gln Glu Arg Gly Val Trp Gly Ala Gly Ile Ala Asn Phe Leu His Arg 665 Asp Lys Ile Asn Glu His Gly Tyr Arg His Ser Gly Val Gly Tyr Leu 680 Val Gly Val Gly Thr His Ala Phe Ser Asp Ala Thr Ile Asn Ala Ala 695 Phe Cys Gln Leu Phe Ser Arg Asp Lys Asp Tyr Val Val Ser Lys Asn 710 715 His Gly Thr Ser Tyr Ser Gly Val Val Phe Leu Glu Asp Thr Leu Glu

				725					730					735	
Phe	Arg	Ser	Pro 740	Gln	Gly	Phe	Tyr	Thr 745	Asp	Ser	Ser	Ser	Glu 750	Ala	Cys
Cys	Asn	Gln 755	Val	Val	Thr	Ile	Asp 760	Met	Gln	Leu	Ser	Tyr 765	Ser	His	Arg
Asn	Asn 770	Asp	Met	Lys	Thr	Lys 775	Tyr	Thr	Thr	Tyr	Pro 780	Glu	Ala	Gln	Gly
785					790					795				Thr	800
				805					810					Phe 815	
			820					825					830	Thr	_
		835					840					845		Ala	
	850		**			855		•			860			Gly	
Tyr 865	Glu	Leu	Thr		Ala 870	Tyr.	Val	Pro	Asp	Val 875	Ile	Arg	Lys	Asp	Pro 880
Lys	Ser	Thr	Ala	Thr 885	Leu		Ser ,		Ala 890	Thr	Trp	Ser	Thr	His 895	Gly
Asn	Asn	Leu	Ser 900	Arg	Gln-	Gly	Leu	Gln 905	Leu	Arg	Leu	Gly	Asn 910	His	Cys
Leu	Ile	Asn 915	Pro	Gly	Ile	Glu	Val 920	Phe	Ser	His	Gly	Ala 925	Ile	Glu	Leu
Arg	Gly 930	Ser	Ser	Arg	Asn	Tyr 935	Asn	Ile	Asn	Leu	Gly 940	Gly	Lys	Tyr	Arg
Phe															

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:25:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 3000 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Coding Sequence
- (B) LOCATION: 259...3000
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION:

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:25:

ATCAGGTGAT AAAAGTTC	CT CGTTAGCTA	G TGACTGTAGG	TGACATGAGA AAGCTAACAC	60
GGAGGAAACT AAAACCCAI	AG GAATCGAAG	T CTTCATGGTA	ATGCTTTTGT TTTTTAGAGA	120
ACTATTCGCA TCAATATAG	GA AACAAAATA	A GTAAATCAAG	TTAAAGATGA CAAAACAGCT	180
GTCAAGAATT TTTATCTT	GA CTCTCTGAG	T TTTCTATTTT	ATATGACGCA AGTAAGAATT	240
TAATAATAAA GTGGGTTT	ATG AAA TCG	CAA TTT TCC	TGG TTA GTG CTC TCT	291
	Met Lys Ser	Gln Phe Ser	Trp Leu Val Leu Ser	
	1	5	10	

CUDA-----

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											GTT Val					339
											GGA Gly					387
											ATA Ile 55					435
											TCG Ser					483
-											AGC Ser					531
											AGT Ser					579
											CTA Leu					627
											ATC Ile 135					6 7 5
											ACA Thr					723
											GAA Glu					771
										_	ACG Thr					819
			Asn					Thr			AAA Lys		Gly			867
		Thr					Ile					Ala			CTC Leu	915
						Glu					Ala				ACA Thr 235	963
GGA	AAC	TGT	ACA	ATT	ACA	GGG	TAA	ACG	TCT	CTT	GTA	. TTI	TCI	GAA	TAA	1011

75

Gly	Asn	Cys	Thr	Ile 240	Thr	Gly	Asn	Thr	Ser 245	Leu	Val	Phe	Ser	Glu 250	Asn	
														GAT Asp		1059
														AAC Asn		1107
														CTG Leu		1155
														CAA Gln		1203
														GGA Gly 330		1251
														AAT Asn		1299
														GAC Asp		1347
					Ile									CAT His		1395
					CCG	ATT								TCT		1443
														GAT Asp 410		1491
									Lys					Glu	GCA Ala	1539
			Asp					Thr					Val		CTA	1587
		Gly					Lys					Leu		ACG Thr	AAA Lys	1635
															ACA Thr	1683

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460				465					470					475	
													TCC Ser 490		1731
													GCT Ala		1779
													TTG Leu		1827
		Gly											CAA Gln		1875
													ACA Thr		1923
													TAT Tyr 570		1971
													CCA Pro		2019
													CCG Pro		2067
		Arg							Ser				TCT		2115
	_				Gln					Arg			TTG Leu		2163
				Gly					Gly					TTA Leu	2211
								Lys					Ser	GGT Gly	2259
			Ile				Gln					Asn		ATT	2307
		Ala				Phe					Asp			GTC Val	2355

										•						
GCT Ala 700	AAA Lys	AAT Asn	CAT His	ACT Thr	GAT Asp 705	ACC Thr	TAT Tyr	GCA Ala	GGA Gly	GCC Ala 710	TTC Phe	TAT Tyr	ATC Ile	CAA Gln	CAC His 715	2403
										CTC Leu						2451
GGC Gly	TCT Ser	TGG Trp	AGT Ser 735	CAT His	AAA Lys	CCC Pro	CTC Leu	GTT Val 740	TTA Leu	GAA Glu	GGG Gly	CAG Gln	CTC Leu 745	GCT Ala	TAT Tyr	2499
										TAT Tyr						2547
GTG Val	AAA Lys 765	GGT Gly	TCT Ser	TGG Trp	GGG Gly	AAT Asn 770	AAT Asn	GCT Ala	TTT Phe	AAC Asn	ATG Met 775	ATG Met	TTG Leú	GGA Gly	GCT Ala	2595
										TGT Cys 790						2643
CCA Pro	TAC Tyr	ATC Ile	AAA Lys	CTG Leu 800	AAT Asn	CTG Leu	ACC Thr	TAT Tyr	ATA Ile 805	CGT Arg	CAG Gln	GAC Asp	AGC Ser	TTC Phe 810	TCG Ser	2691
GAG Glu	AAA Lys	GGT Gly	ACA Thr 815	GAA Glu	GGA Gly	AGA Arg	TCT Ser	TTT Phe 820	GAT Asp	GAC Asp	AGC Ser	AAC Asn	CTC Leu 825	TTC Phe	AAT Asn	2739
TTA Leu	TCT Ser	TTG Leu 830	CCT Pro	ATA Ile	GGG Gly	GTG Val	AAG Lys 835	TTT Phe	GAG Glu	AAG Lys	TTC Phe	TCT Ser 840	GAT Asp	TGT Cys	AAT Asn	2787
GAC Asp	TTT Phe 845	TCT Ser	Tyr	Asp	CTG Leu	Thr	Leu	TCC Ser	TAT Tyr	GTT Val	CCT Pro 855	GAT Asp	CTT Leu	ATC Ile	CGC Arg	2835
										ATC Ile 870						2883
GAA Glu	ACT Thr	TAT Tyr	GCC Ala	AAT Asn 880	AAC Asn	TTA Leu	GCA Ala	CGA Arg	CAG Gln 885	GCC Ala	TTG Leu	CAA Gln	GTG Val	CGT Arg 890	GCA Ala	2931
										GAA Glu						2979
	TTT Phe															3000

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:26:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 914 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:26:

Met Lys Ser Gln Phe Ser Trp Leu Val Leu Ser Ser Thr Leu Ala Cys 5 10 Phe Thr Ser Cys Ser Thr Val Phe Ala Ala Thr Ala Glu Asn Ile Gly 25 Pro Ser Asp Ser Phe Asp Gly Ser Thr Asn Thr Gly Thr Tyr Thr Pro 40 Lys Asn Thr Thr Thr Gly Ile Asp Tyr Thr Leu Thr Gly Asp Ile Thr Leu Gln Asn Leu Gly Asp Ser Ala Ala Leu Thr Lys Gly Cys Phe Ser 70 75 Asp Thr Thr Glu Ser Leu Ser Phe Ala Gly Lys Gly Tyr Ser Leu Ser 85 Phe Leu Asn Ile Lys Ser Ser Ala Glu Gly Ala Ala Leu Ser Val Thr 105 Thr Asp Lys Asn Leu Ser Leu Thr Gly Phe Ser Ser Leu Thr Phe Leu 120 125 Ala Ala Pro Ser Ser Val Ile Thr Thr Pro Ser Gly Lys Gly Ala Val 135 Lys Cys Gly Gly Asp Leu Thr Phe Asp Asn Asn Gly Thr Ile Leu Phe 150 155 Lys Gln Asp Tyr Cys Glu Glu Asn Gly Gly Ala Ile Ser Thr Lys Asn 165 170 Leu Ser Leu Lys Asn Ser Thr Gly Ser Ile Ser Phe Glu Gly Asn Lys 185 Ser Ser Ala Thr Gly Lys Lys Gly Gly Ala Ile Cys Ala Thr Gly Thr 200 Val Asp Ile Thr Asn Asn Thr Ala Pro Thr Leu Phe Ser Asn Asn Ile 215 220 Ala Glu Ala Ala Gly Gly Ala Ile Asn Ser Thr Gly Asn Cys Thr Ile 230 235 Thr Gly Asn Thr Ser Leu Val Phe Ser Glu Asn Ser Val Thr Ala Thr 245 250 Ala Gly Asn Gly Gly Ala Leu Ser Gly Asp Ala Asp Val Thr Ile Ser 260 265 Gl. Asn Gln Ser Val Thr Phe Ser Gly Asn Gln Ala Val Ala Asn Gly 280 285 Gl. Ala Ile Tyr Ala Lys Lys Leu Thr Leu Ala Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly 295 Gly Ile Ser Phe Ser Asn Asn Ile Val Gln Gly Thr Thr Ala Gly Asn 310 315 Gly Gly Ala Ile Ser Ile Leu Ala Ala Gly Glu Cys Ser Leu Ser Ala 325 330 Glu Ala Gly Asp Ile Thr Phe Asn Gly Asn Ala Ile Val Ala Thr Thr 345

Pro Gln Thr Thr Lys Arg Asn Ser Ile Asp Ile Gly Ser Thr Ala Lys 360 365 Ile Thr Asn Leu Arg Ala Ile Ser Gly His Ser Ile Phe Phe Tyr Asp 375 Pro Ile Thr Ala Asn Thr Ala Ala Asp Ser Thr Asp Thr Leu Asn Leu 390 Asn Lys Ala Asp Ala Gly Asn Ser Thr Asp Tyr Ser Gly Ser Ile Val 410 Phe Ser Gly Glu Lys Leu Ser Glu Asp Glu Ala Lys Val Ala Asp Asn 425 Leu Thr Ser Thr Leu Lys Gln Pro Val Thr Leu Thr Ala Gly Asn Leu 440 Val Leu Lys Arg Gly Val Thr Leu Asp Thr Lys Gly Phe Thr Gln Thr 455 460 Ala Gly Ser Ser Val Ile Met Asp Ala Gly Thr Thr Leu Lys Ala Ser 470 475 Thr Glu Glu Val Thr Leu Thr Gly Leu Ser Ile Pro Val Asp Ser Leu 485 490 Gly Glu Gly Lys Lys Val Val Ile Ala Ala Ser Ala Ala Ser Lys Asn-505 510 Val Ala Leu Ser Gly Pro Ile Leu Leu Leu Asp Asn. Gln Gly Asn Ala 520 Tyr Glu Asn His Asp Leu Gly Lys Thr Gln Asp Phe Ser Phe Val Gln 535 540 Leu Ser Ala Leu Gly Thr Ala Thr Thr Thr Asp Val Pro Ala Val Pro 550 Thr Val Ala Thr Pro Thr His Tyr Gly Tyr Gln Gly Thr Trp Gly Met 570 Thr Trp Val Asp Asp Thr Ala Ser Thr Pro Lys Thr Lys Thr Ala Thr 580 585 Leu Ala Trp Thr Asn Thr Gly Tyr Leu Pro Asn Pro Glu Arg Gln Gly 600 Pro Leu Val Pro Asn Ser Leu Trp Gly Ser Phe Ser Asp Ile Gln Ala 615 . 620 . Ile Gln Gly Val Ile Glu Arg Ser Ala Leu Thr Leu Cys Ser Asp Arg-635 Gly Phe Trp Ala Ala Gly Val Ala Asn Phe Leu Asp Lys Asp Lys Lys 645 650 Gly Glu Lys Arg Lys Tyr Arg His Lys Ser Gly Gly Tyr Ala Ile Gly 665 Gly Ala Ala Gln Thr Cys Ser Glu Asn Leu Ile Ser Phe Ala Phe Cys 680 Gln Leu Phe Gly Ser Asp Lys Asp Phe Leu Val Ala Lys Asn His Thr 695 700 Asp Thr Tyr Ala Gly Ala Phe Tyr Ile Gln His Ile Thr Glu Cys Ser 710 715 Gly Phe Ile Gly Cys Leu Leu Asp Lys Leu Pro Gly Ser Trp Ser His 725 730 Lys Pro Leu Val Leu Glu Gly Gln Leu Ala Tyr Ser His Val Ser Asn 745 Asp Leu Lys Thr Lys Tyr Thr Ala Tyr Pro Glu Val Lys Gly Ser Trp 760 Gly Asn Asn Ala Phe Asn Met Met Leu Gly Ala Ser Ser His Ser Tyr 775 780 Pro Glu Tyr Leu His Cys Phe Asp Thr Tyr Ala Pro Tyr Ile Lys Leu 790 795 Asn Leu Thr Tyr Ile Arg Gln Asp Ser Phe Ser Glu Lys Gly Thr Glu

80

				805					810					815	
Gly	Arg	Ser	Phe 820	Asp	Asp	Ser	Asn	Leu 825	Phe	Asn	Leu	Ser	Leu 830	Pro	Ile
Gly	Val	Lys 835	Phe	Glu	Lys	Phe	Ser 840	Asp	Cys	Asn	Asp	Phe 845	Ser	Tyr	Asp
Leu	Thr 850	Leu	Ser	Tyr	Val	Pro 855	Asp	Leu	Ile	Arg	Asn 860	Asp	Pro	Lys	Cys
Thr 865	Thr	Ala	Leu	Val	Ile 870	Ser	Gly	Ala	Ser	Trp 875	Glu	Thr	Tyr	Ala	Asn 880
Asn	Leu	Ala	Arg	Gln 885	Ala	Leu	Gln	Val	Arg 890	Ala	Gly	Ser	His	Tyr 895	Ala
Phe	Ser	Pro	Met 900	Phe	Glu	Val	Leu	Gly 905	Gln	Phe	Val	Phe	Glu 910	Val	Arg
Gly	Ser														

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:27:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1200 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Coding Sequence
- (B) LOCATION: 1...1200
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION:

- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:27:

			_	 	 	CTC Leu	-			48
•						TCT Ser			_	96
 		 	 	 	 	AAA Lys		 		144
	-					TCG Ser 60				192
 						GAC Asp			ACA Thr 80	240
 		 	 	 	 	TCC Ser			_	288

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											TCC Ser					336
											GAA Glu					384
											GAG Glu 140					432
											CCG Pro					480
	_										ACA Thr					528
											TAT Tyr					576
_		_	_								TGG Trp					624
											CAT His 220					672
_	_			_					Gly		GGG Gly					720
											CAT His					768
											AAG Lys					816
	_										GAC Asp					864
											CTC Leu 300				ACA Thr	912
											Arg				GTA Val 320	960
AAC	GTC	GGG	ATT	CTC	TCA	AGA	AGG	TTT	CTT	CAA	TAA	CCT	CTT	ATG	ATT	1008

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Asn	Val	Gly	Ile	Leu 325	Ser	Arg	Arg	Phe	Leu 330	Gln	Asn	Pro	Leu	Met 335	Ile	
											TAA Asn					1056
											TGG Trp					1104
		Ile									TTG Leu 380					1152
									Phe		AAA Lys					1200

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:28:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 400 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:28:

Asp Pro Lys Asn Lys Glu Tyr Thr Gly Thr Ile Leu Phe Ser Gly Glu 10 Lys Ser Leu Ala Asn Asp Pro Arg Asp Phe Lys Ser Thr Ile Pro Gln 25 30 Asn Val Asn Leu Ser Ala Gly Tyr Leu Val Ile Lys Glu Gly Ala Glu 40 45 Val Thr Val Ser Lys Phe Thr Gln Ser Pro Gly Ser His Leu Val Leu 55 60 Asp Leu Gly Thr Lys Leu Ile Ala Ser Lys Glu Asp Ile Ala Ile Thr 75 Gly Leu Ala Ile Asp Ile Asp Ser Leu Ser Ser Ser Ser Thr Ala Ala 85 90 Val Ile Lys Ala Asn Thr Ala Asn Lys Gln Ile Ser Val Thr Asp Ser 105 Ile Glu Leu Ile Ser Pro Thr Gly Asn Ala Tyr Glu Asp Leu Arg Met 120 Arg Asn Ser Gln Thr Phe Pro Leu Leu Ser Leu Glu Pro Gly Ala Gly 135 140 Gly Ser Val Thr Val Thr Ala Gly Asp Phe Leu Pro Val Ser Pro His 150 155 Tyr Gly Phe Gln Gly Asn Trp Lys Leu Ala Trp Thr Gly Thr Gly Asn 170 Lys Val Gly Glu Phe Phe Trp Asp Lys Ile Asn Tyr Lys Pro Arg Pro 185

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GIU	гуѕ	195	GIY	ASII	ьeu	vai	200	Asn	ше	Leu	Trp	205	Asn	Ата	vaı
Asn	Val 210		Ser	Leu	Met	Gln 215		Gln	Glu	Thr	His 220		Ser	Ser	Leu
Gln 225	Thr	Asp	Arg	Gly	Leu 230	Trp	Ile	Asp	Gly	Ile 235	Gly	Asn	Phe	Phe	His 240
Val	Ser	Ala	Ser	Glu 245	Asp	Asn	Ile	Arg	Tyr 250	Arg	His	Asn	Ser	Gly 255	Gly
Tyr	Val	Leu	Ser 260	Val	Asn	Asn	Glu	Ile 265	Thr	Pro	Lys	His	Tyr 270	Thr	Ser
Met	Ala	Phe 275	Ser	Gln	Leu	Phe	Ser 280	Arg	Asp	Lys	Asp	Tyr 285	Ala	Val	Ser
Asn	Asn 290	Glu	Tyr	Arg	Met		Leu	Gly	Ser	Tyr	Leu 300	Tyr	Gln	Tyr	Thr
Thr 305	Ser	Leu	Gly	Asn	Ile [*]	Phe	Arg	Tyr	Ala	Ser 315	Arg	Asn	Pro	Asn	Val 320
Asn	Val	Gly	Ile	Leu 325		Arg	Arg	Phe	Leu 330	Gln	Asn	Pro	Leu	Met .335	Ile
Phe	His	Phe	Leu 340	Cys	Ala	Tyr	Gly	His 345	Ala	Thr	Asn	Asp	Met 350	Lys.	Thr
Asp	Tyr	Ala 355	Asn	Phe	Pro	Met	Val 360	Lys	Asn	Ser	Trp	Arg 365	Asn	Asn	Суѕ
Trp	Ala 370	Ile	Lys	Cys	Gly	Gly 375	Ser	Met	Pro	Leu	Leu 380	Val	Phe	Glu	Asn
Gly 385	Lys	Leu	Phe	Gln	Gly 390	Ala	Ile	Pro	Phe	Met 395	Lys	Leu	Gln	Leu	Val 400

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:29:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1830 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Coding Sequence
 - (B) LOCATION: 1...1830
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION:

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:29:

					 	 	Thr	 	48
						 	GGC Gly 30	 	96
							AAA Lys		144

AGC TTA ACC ACA AGT TGT TTT TCT AAC ACT GCA GGA AAT CTT ACC TTC

84

192

Ser	Leu 50	Thr	Thr	Ser	Cys	Phe 55	Ser	Asn	Thr	Ala	Gly 60	Asn	Leu	Thr	Phe	2,22
TTA Leu 65																240
											TCT Ser					288
											GCT Ala					336
											GTG Val					384
											ACA Thr 140					432
											AAC Asn					480
											GAG Glu					528
											AAT Asn					576
			_	_							TTA Leu					624
		-									GAT Asp 220					672
								-			Asn				AAT Asn 240	720
															ACA Thr	768
									Pro					Ile	AGC Ser	816
GAT	GAG	AGT	TTT	TAT	CAA	AAT	GGC	TTT	TTG	AAT	' GAG	GAC	CAT	TCC	TAT	864

Asp	Glu	Ser 275	Phe	Tyr	Gln	Asn	Gly 280	Phe	Leu	Asn	Glu	Asp 285	His	Ser	Tyr	
GAT Asp	GGG Gly 290	ATT Ile	CTT Leu	GAG Glu	TTA Leu	GAT Asp 295	GCT Ala	GGG Gly	AAA Lys	GAC Asp	ATC Ile 300	GTG Val	ATT Ile	TCT Ser	GCA Ala	912
GAT Asp 305	TCT Ser	CGC Arg	AGT Ser	ATA Ile	GAT Asp 310	GCT Ala	GTA Val	CAA Gln	TCT Ser	CCG Pro 315	TAT Tyr	GGC Gly	TAT Tyr	CAG Gln	GGA Gly 320	960
AAG Lys	TGG Trp	ACG Thr	ATC Ile	AAT Asn 325	TGG Trp	TCT Ser	ACT Thr	GAT Asp	GAT Asp 330	AAG Lys	AAA Lys	GCT Ala	ACG Thr	GTT Val 335	TCT Ser	1008
TGG Trp	GCG Ala	AAG Lys	CAG Gln 340	AGT Ser	TTT Phe	AAT Asn	CCC Pro	ACT Thr 345	GCT Ala	GAG Glu	CAG Gln	GAG Glu	GCT Ala 350	CCG Pro	TTA Leu	1056
GTT Val	CCT Pro	AAT Asn 355	CTT	CTT Leu	TGĞ Trp	GGT Gly	TCT Ser 360	TTT Phe	ATA Ile	GAT Asp	GTT Val	CGT Arg 365	TCC Ser	TTC Phe	CAG Gln	1104
AAT Asn	TTT Phe 370	ATA Ile	GAG Glu	CTA Leu	GGT Gly	ACT Thr 375	GAA Glu	GGT Gly	GCT Ala	CCT Pro	TAC Tyr 380	GAA Glu	AAG Lys	AGA Arg	TTT Phe	1152
TGG Trp 385	GTT Val	GCA Ala	GGC Gly	ATT Ile	TCC Ser 390	AAT Asn	GTT Val	TTG Leu	CAT His	AGG Arg 395	AGC Ser	GGT Gly	CGT Arg	GAA Glu	AAT Asn 400	1200
CAA Gln	AGG Arg	AAA Lys	TTC Phe	CGT Arg 405	CAT His	GTG Val	AGT Ser	GGA Gly	GGT Gly 410	GCT Ala	GTA Val	Val	Gly	GCT Ala 415	AGC Ser	1248
ACG Thr	AGG Arg	ATG Met	CCG Pro 420	GGT Gly	GGT Gly	GAT Asp	ACC Thr	TTG Leu 425	TCT Ser	CTG Leu	GGT	TTT	GCT Ala 430	CAG Gln	CTC Leu	1296
TTT Phe	GCG Ala	CGT Arg 435	GAC Asp	AAA Lys	GAC Asp	TAC Tyr	TTT Phe 440	ATG Met	AAT Asn	ACC Thr	AAT Asn	TTC Phe 445	GCA Ala	AAG Lys	ACC Thr	1344
TAC Tyr	GCA Ala 450	GGA Gly	TCT Ser	TTA Leu	CGT Arg	TTG Leu 455	CAG Gln	CAC His	GAT Asp	GCT Ala	TCC Ser 460	CTA Leu	TAC Tyr	TCT Ser	GTG Val	1392
GTG Val 465	AGT Ser	ATC Ile	CTT Leu	TTA Leu	GGA Gly 470	GAG Glu	GGA Gly	GGA Gly	CTC Leu	CGC Arg 475	GAG Glu	ATC Ile	CTG Leu	TTG Leu	CCT Pro 480	1440
TAT Tyr	GTT Val	TCC Ser	AAT Asn	ACT Thr 485	CTG Leu	CCG Pro	TGC Cys	TCT Ser	TTC Phe 490	TAT Tyr	GGG Gly	CAG Gln	CTT Leu	AGC Ser 495	TAC Tyr	1488
GGC Gly	CAT His	ACG Thr	GAT Asp	CAT His	CGC Arg	ATG Met	AAG Lys	ACC Thr	GAG Glu	TCT Ser	CTA Leu	CCC Pro	CCC Pro	CCC Pro	CCC Pro	1536

Asp Val 610

WO 98/58953 PCT/DK98/00266

86

500 505 510 CCG ACG CTC TCG ACG GAT CAT ACT TCT TGG GGA GGA TAT GTC TGG GCT 1584 Pro Thr Leu Ser Thr Asp His Thr Ser Trp Gly Gly Tyr Val Trp Ala 515 520 GGA GAG CTG GGA ACT CGA GTT GCT GTT GAA AAT ACC AGC GGC AGA GGA 1632 Gly Glu Leu Gly Thr Arg Val Ala Val Glu Asn Thr Ser Gly Arg Gly 535 540 TTT TTC CGA GAG TAC ACT CCA TTT GTA AAA GTC CAA GCT GTT TAC TCG 1680 Phe Phe Arg Glu Tyr Thr Pro Phe Val Lys Val Gln Ala Val Tyr Ser 545 550 555 CGC CAA GAT AGC TTT GTT GAA CTA GGA GCT ATC AGT CGT GAT TTT AGT 1728 Arg Gln Asp Ser Phe Val Glu Leu Gly Ala Ile Ser Arg Asp Phe Ser 565 GAT TCG CAT CTT TAT AAC CTT GCG ATT CCT CTT GGA ATC AAG TTA GAG 1776 Asp Ser: His Leu Tyr Asn Leu Ala Ile Pro Leu Gly Ile Lys Leu Glu 580 590 AAA CGG TTT GCA GAG CAA TAT TAT CAT GTT GCG ATG TAT TCT CCA 1824 Lys Arg Phe Ala Glu Gln Tyr Tyr His Val Val Ala Met Tyr Ser Pro 595 600 1830 GAT GTT

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:30:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 610 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:30:

Asp Leu Thr Leu Gly Ser Arg Asp Ser Tyr Asn Gly Asp Thr Ser Thr 5 3 10 Thr Glu Phe Thr Pro Lys Ala Ala Thr Ser Asp Ala Ser Gly Thr Thr 25 Tyr Ile Leu Asp Gl Asp Val Ser Ile Ser Gln Ala Gly Lye Gln Thr 40 Ser Leu Thr Thr Ser Cys Phe Ser Asn Thr Ala Gly Asn Leu Thr Phe 55 60 Leu Gly Asn Gly Phe Ser Leu His Phe Asp Asn Ile Ile Ser Ser Thr 70 75 Val Ala Gly Val Val Val Ser Asn Thr Ala Ala Ser Gly Ile Thr Lys 90 Phe Ser Gly Phe Ser Thr Leu Arg Met Leu Ala Ala Pro Arg Thr Thr

100 105 110 Gly Lys Gly Ala Ile Lys Ile Thr Asp Gly Leu Val Phe Glu Ser Ile 120 Gly Asn Leu Asp Pro Ile Thr Val Thr Gly Ser Thr Ser Val Ala Asp 135 Ala Leu Asn Ile Asn Ser Pro Asp Thr Gly Asp Asn Lys Glu Tyr Thr 155 Gly Thr Ile Val Phe Ser Gly Glu Lys Leu Thr Glu Ala Glu Ala Lys 165 170 Asp Glu Lys Asn Arg Thr Ser Lys Leu Leu Gln Asn Val Ala Phe Lys 185 Asn Gly Thr Val Val Leu Lys Gly Asp Val Val Leu Ser Ala Asn Gly 200 Phe Ser Gln Asp Ala Asn Ser Lys Leu Ile Met Asp Leu Gly Thr Ser 215 220 Leu Val Ala Asn Thr Glu Ser Ile Glu Leu Thr Asn Leu Glu Ile Asn 230 235 Ile Asp Ser Leu Arg Asn Gly Lys Lys Ile Lys Leu Ser Ala Ala Thr 245 Ala Gln Lys Asp Ile Arg Ile Asp Arg Pro Val Val Leu Ala Ile Ser 260 265 Asp Glu Ser Phe Tyr Gln Asn Gly Phe Leu Asn Glu Asp His Ser Tyr 280 Asp Gly Ile Leu Glu Leu Asp Ala Gly Lys Asp Ile Val Ile Ser Ala 295 300 Asp Ser Arg Ser Ile Asp Ala Val Gln Ser Pro Tyr Gly Tyr Gln Gly 310 315 Lys Trp Thr Ile Asn Trp Ser Thr Asp Asp Lys Lys Ala Thr Val Ser 325 330 Trp Ala Lys Gln Ser Phe Asn Pro Thr Ala Glu Gln Glu Ala Pro Leu 340 345 Val Pro Asn Leu Leu Trp Gly Ser Phe Ile Asp Val Arg Ser Phe Gln 360 Asn Phe Ile Glu Leu Gly Thr Glu Gly Ala Pro Tyr Glu Lys Arg Phe 375 380 Trp Val Ala Gly Ile Ser Asn Val Leu His Arg Ser Gly Arg Glu Asn 390 395 Gln Arg Lys Phe Arg His Val Ser Gly Gly Ala Val Val Gly Ala Ser 405 410 Thr Arg Met Pro Gly Gly Asp Thr Leu Ser Leu Gly Phe Ala Gln Leu 425 Phe Ala Arg Asp Lys Asp Tyr Phe Met Asn Thr Asn Phe Ala Lys Thr 440 . 445 Tyr Ala Gly Ser Leu Arg Leu Gln His Asp Ala Ser Leu Tyr Ser Val 455 460 Val Ser Ile Leu Leu Gly Glu Gly Gly Leu Arg Glu Ile Leu Leu Pro 470 475 Tyr Val Ser Asn Thr Leu Pro Cys Ser Phe Tyr Gly Gln Leu Ser Tyr 485 490 Gly His Thr Asp His Arg Met Lys Thr Glu Ser Leu Pro Pro Pro Pro 505 Pro Thr Leu Ser Thr Asp His Thr Ser Trp Gly Gly Tyr Val Trp Ala 520 525 Gly Glu Leu Gly Thr Arg Val Ala Val Glu Asn Thr Ser Gly Arg Gly 535 540 Phe Phe Arg Glu Tyr Thr Pro Phe Val Lys Val Gln Ala Val Tyr Ser 550 555

88

Asp val

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